

2025 Evangelical Views on Immigration Study

A SURVEY OF AMERICAN EVANGELICALS

Sponsored by the
Evangelical Immigration Table

Lifeway **research**

Methodology

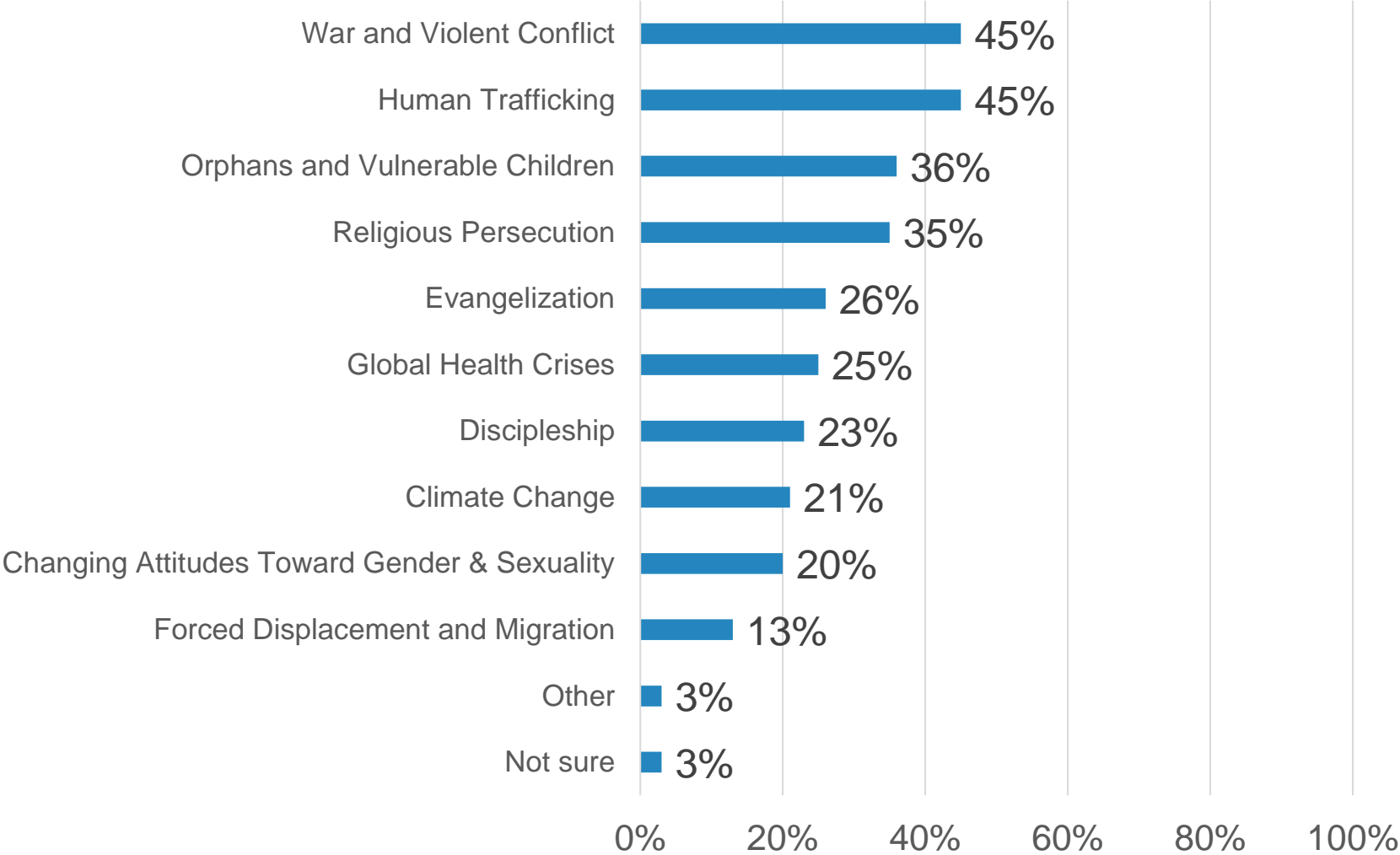
- The study was sponsored by the Evangelical Immigration Table, World Relief, National Latino Evangelical Coalition, and National Association of Evangelicals.
- The online survey of 1,004 Americans was conducted January 13-21, 2025, using a national pre-recruited panel
- Quotas and slight weights were used to balance gender, age, region, ethnicity, and education to more accurately reflect the population
- The survey was completed by people who self-identified as evangelical or qualified as evangelical by belief.
- The completed sample is 1,004 surveys
- 525 surveys were completed by those with evangelical beliefs; 920 were completed by self-identified evangelicals
- The sample provides 95% confidence that the sampling error does not exceed $\pm 3.1\%$ This margin of error accounts for the effect of weighting
- Margins of error are higher in sub-groups
- Comparisons are made to an online survey by Lifeway Research of 914 self-identified evangelicals January 15-22, 2024, 911 self-identified evangelicals August 8-19, 2022, and 1,000 self-identified evangelicals February 17-27, 2015

Definitions

- **Self-Identified Evangelicals** are those who consider themselves an evangelical, a born-again, or a fundamentalist Christian
- **Evangelical Beliefs** are defined using the NAE Lifeway Research Evangelical Beliefs Research Definition based on respondent beliefs
- Respondents are asked their level of agreement with four separate statements using a four-point, forced choice scale (strongly agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree, strongly disagree). Those who strongly agree with all four statements are categorized as having Evangelical Beliefs
 - The Bible is the highest authority for what I believe
 - It is very important for me personally to encourage non-Christians to trust Jesus Christ as their Savior
 - Jesus Christ's death on the cross is the only sacrifice that could remove the penalty of my sin
 - Only those who trust in Jesus Christ alone as their Savior receive God's free gift of eternal salvation

Top 3 most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church

Total Evangelicals

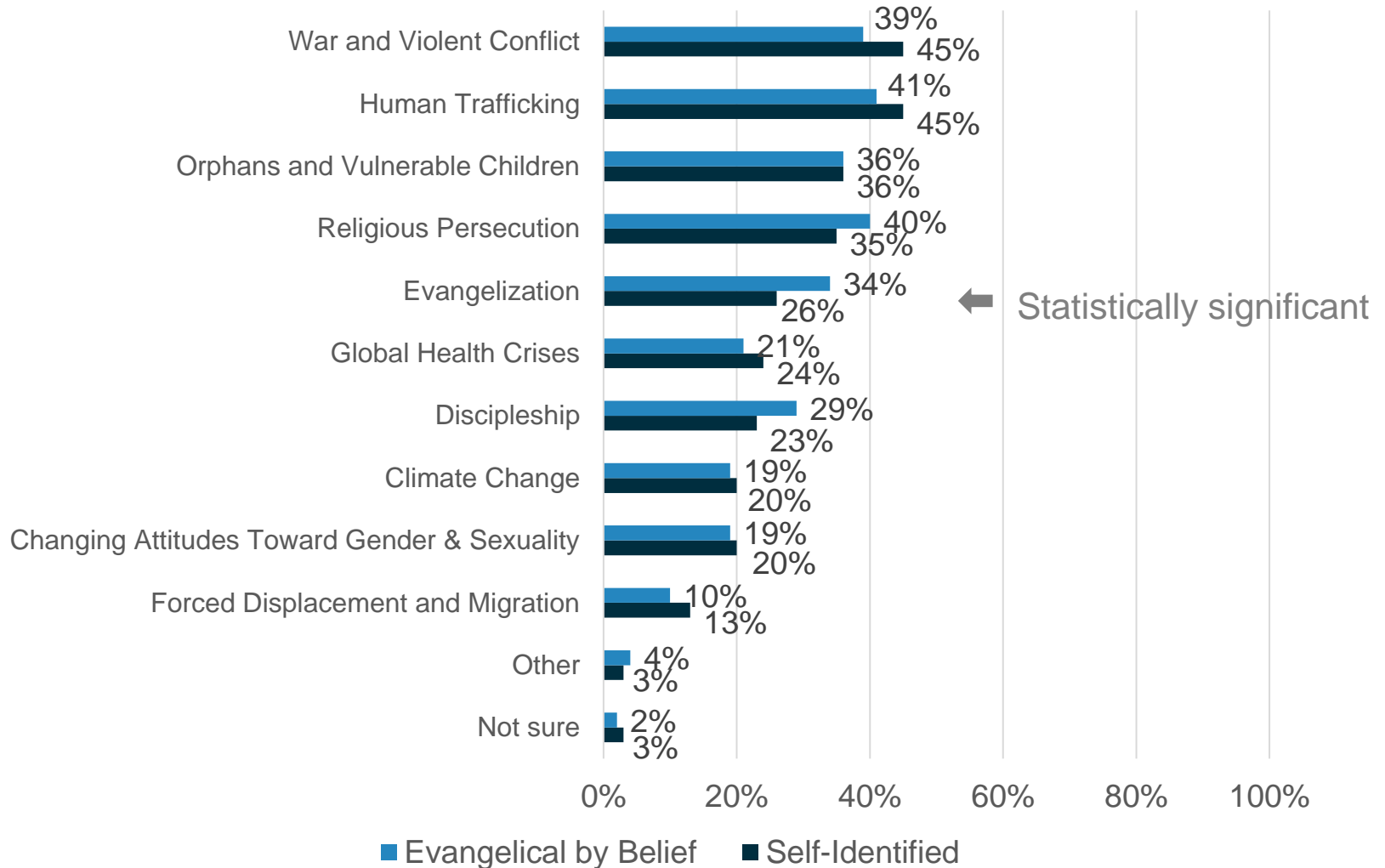


Lifeway research

Q13: "Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church? Please type 1, 2, and 3 next to your appropriate choices with 1 being most important." n=1,004

Top 3 most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

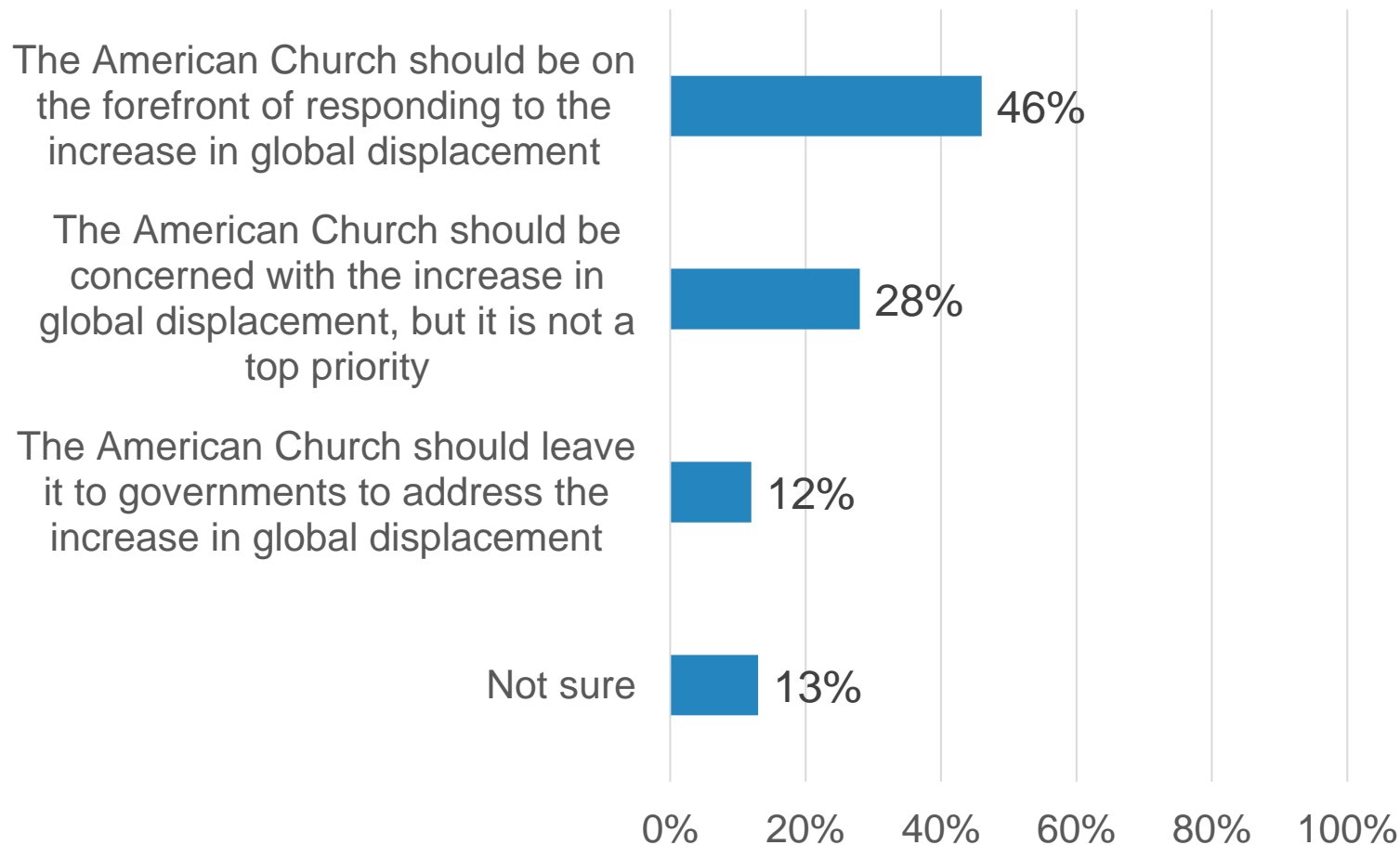


Lifeway research

Q13: "Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church? Please type 1, 2, and 3 next to your appropriate choices with 1 being most important." n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

46% say the American Church should be on the forefront responding to the increase in global displacement

Total Evangelicals

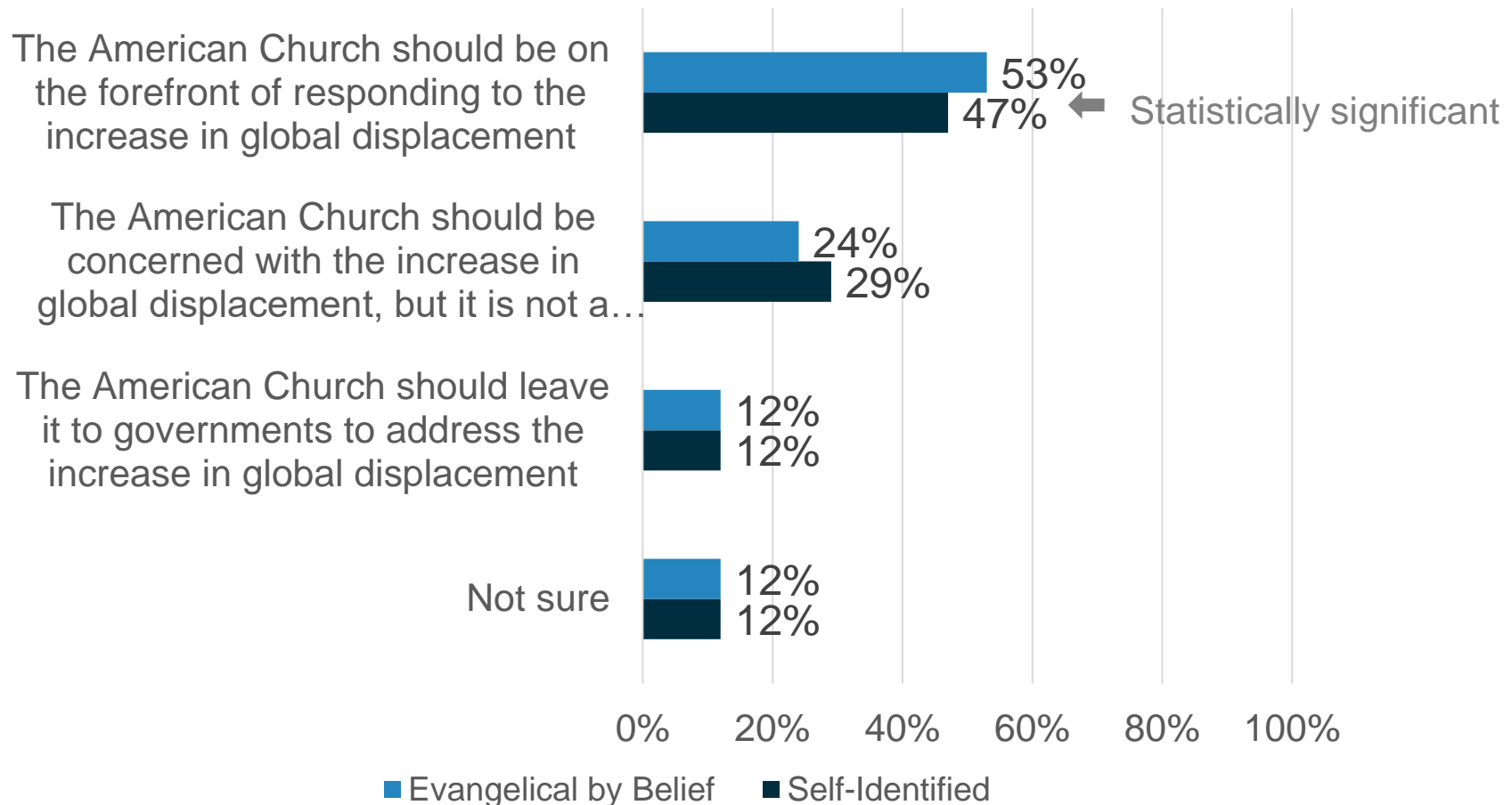


Lifeway research

Q14: "In the last decade, the number of people globally who have been forced by persecution or conflict to flee their homes has nearly doubled, from about 60 million to more than 120 million currently living displaced. Which of the following **best** describes your views on how the American Church should respond to this situation (Select One):" n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to say that the American church should be on the forefront responding to the increase global displacement

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

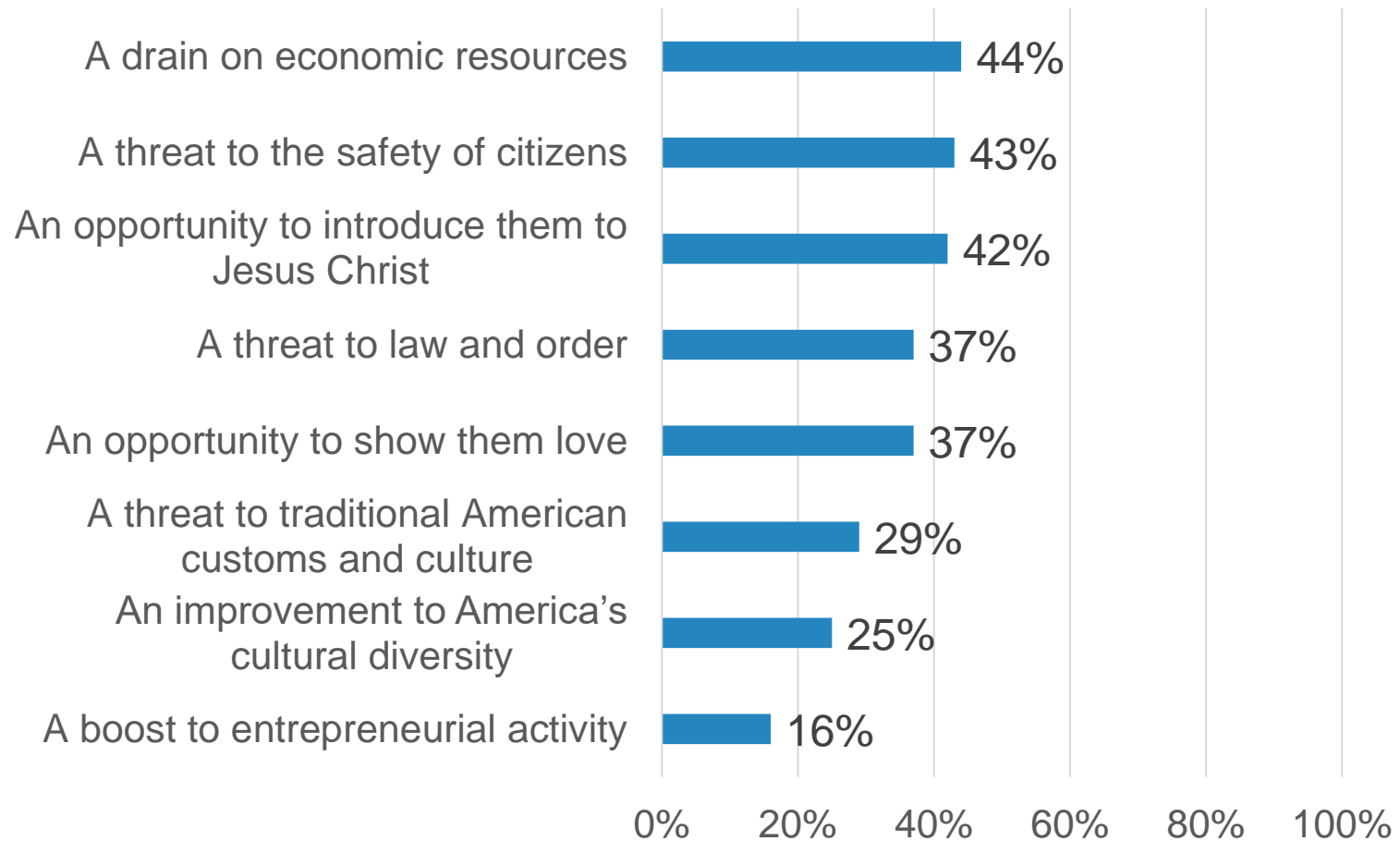


Lifeway research

Q14: "In the last decade, the number of people globally who have been forced by persecution or conflict to flee their homes has nearly doubled, from about 60 million to more than 120 million currently living displaced. Which of the following **best** describes your views on how the American Church should respond to this situation (Select One):" n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

Total Evangelicals

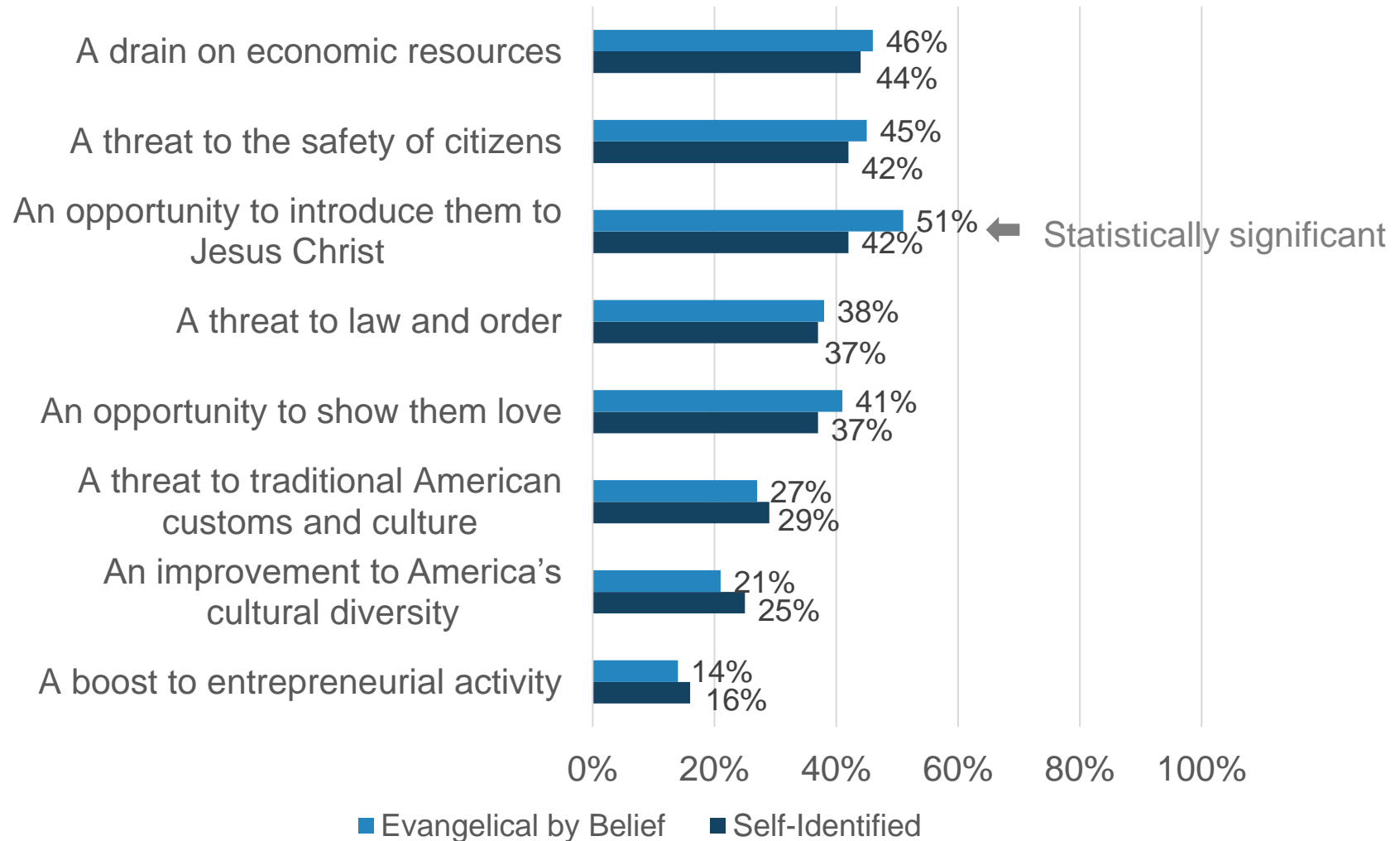


Lifeway research

Q15: “Which of the following reflect your beliefs? The number of recent immigrants to the United States is... (Select all that apply)” n=1,004

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

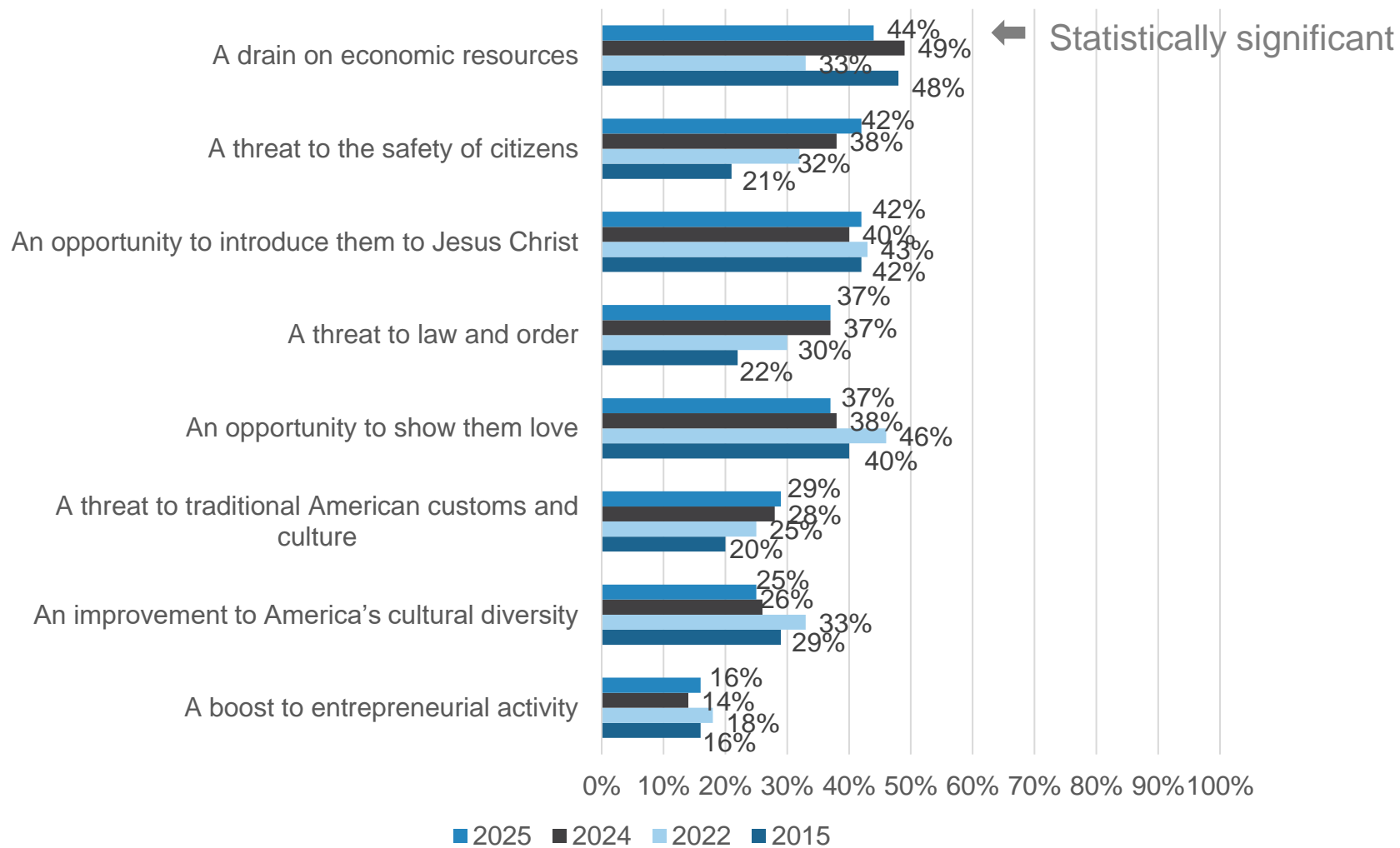


Lifeway research

Q15: “Which of the following reflect your beliefs? The number of recent immigrants to the United States is... (Select all that apply)” n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

Fewer Self-Identified Evangelicals have economic concerns about the number of recent immigrants than in 2024

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015

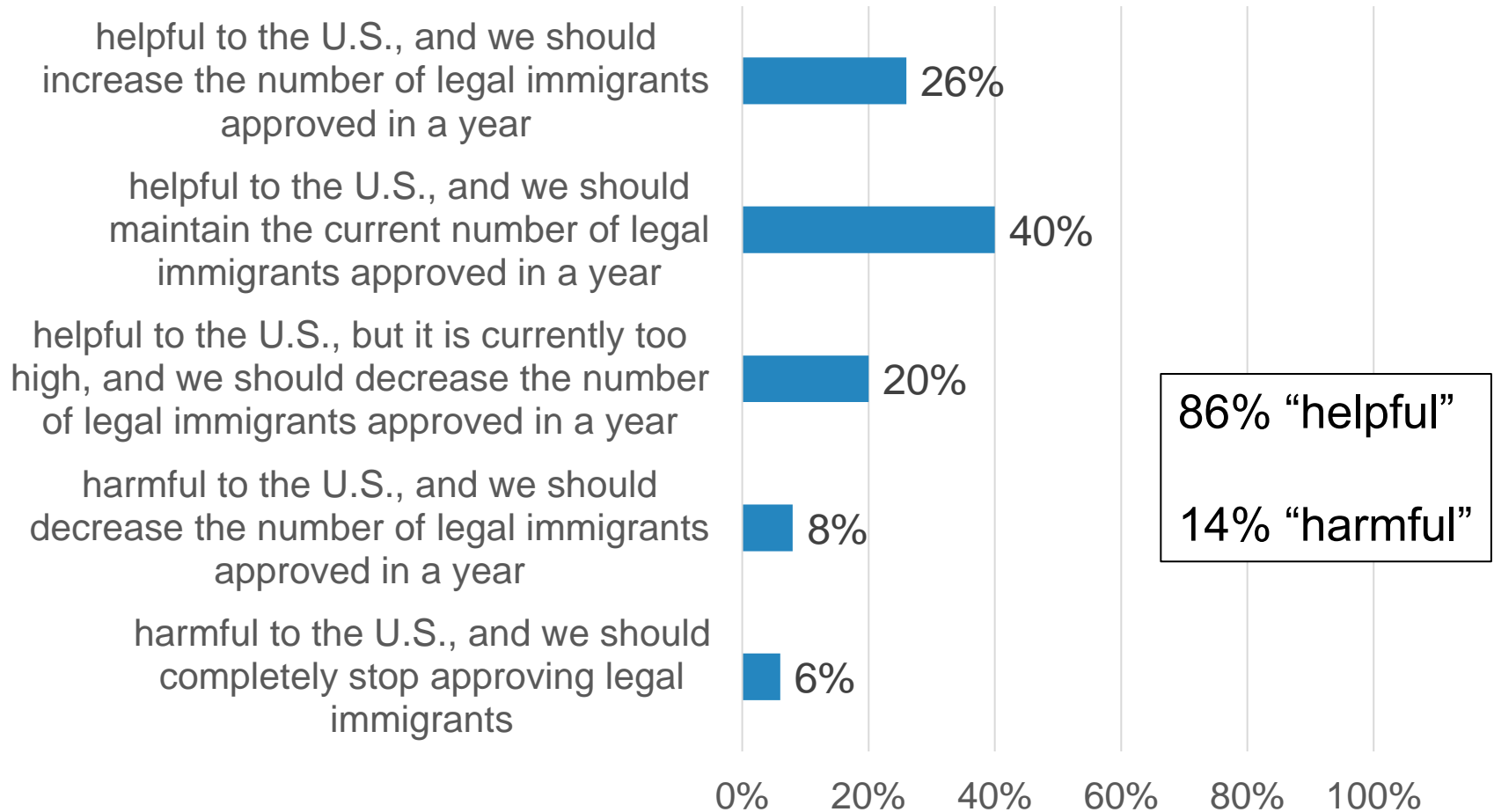


Lifeway research

Q15: "Which of the following reflect your beliefs? The number of recent immigrants to the United States is... (Select all that apply)"

“Legal immigration is...”

Total Evangelicals

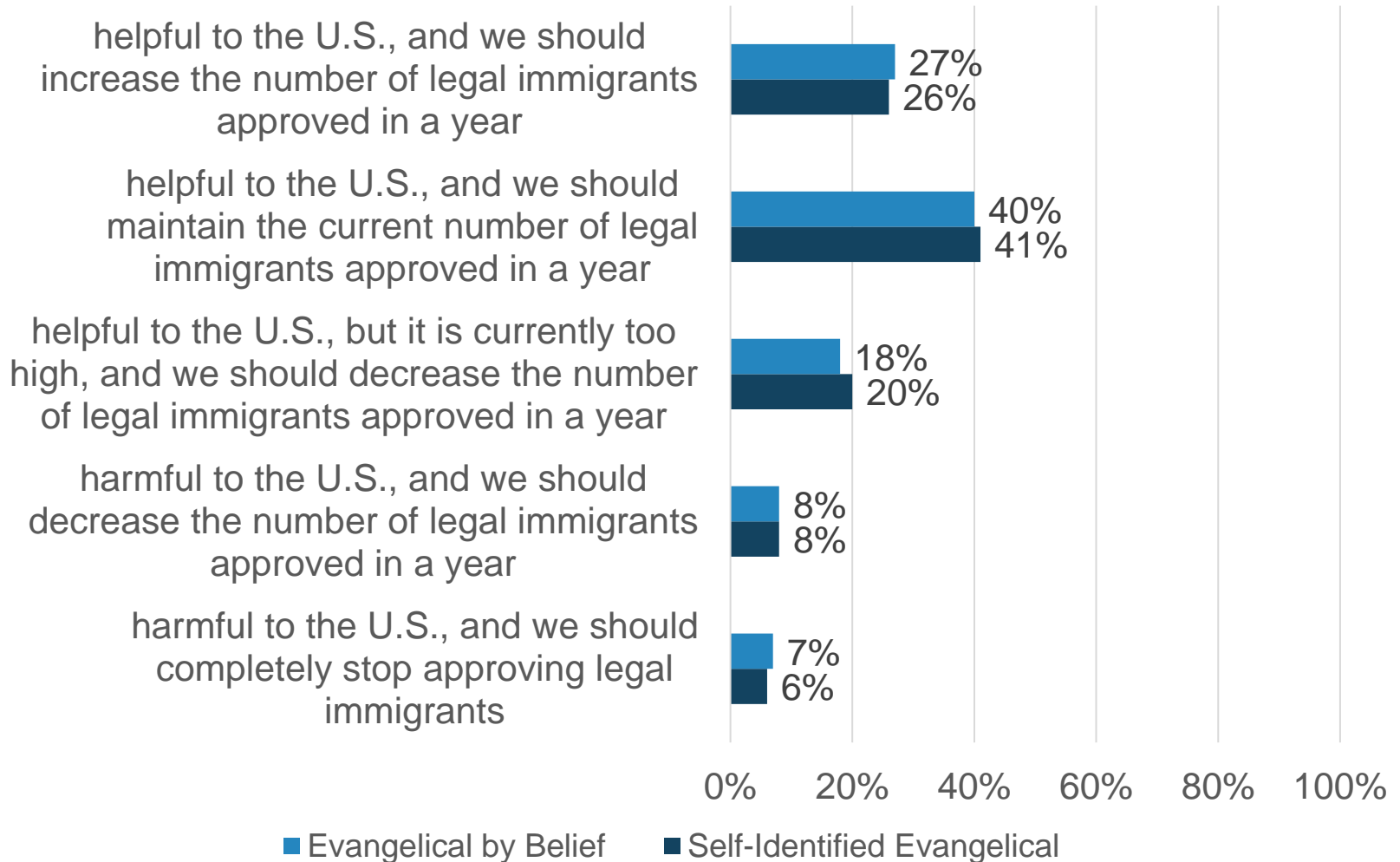


The percentage of all Evangelicals who consider legal immigration helpful increased compared to 2024 (86% to 80%)

Lifewayresearch

“Legal immigration is...”

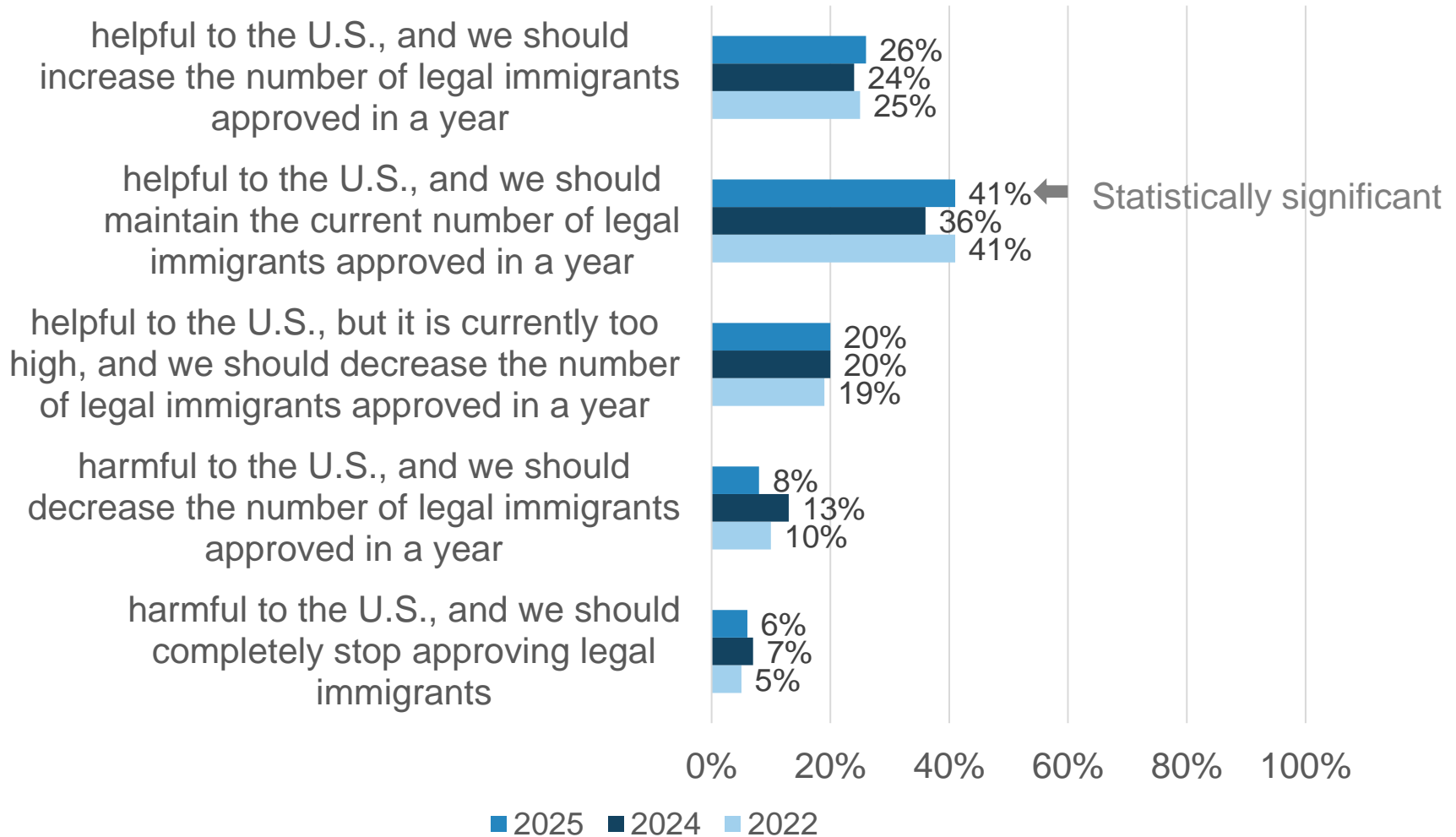
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

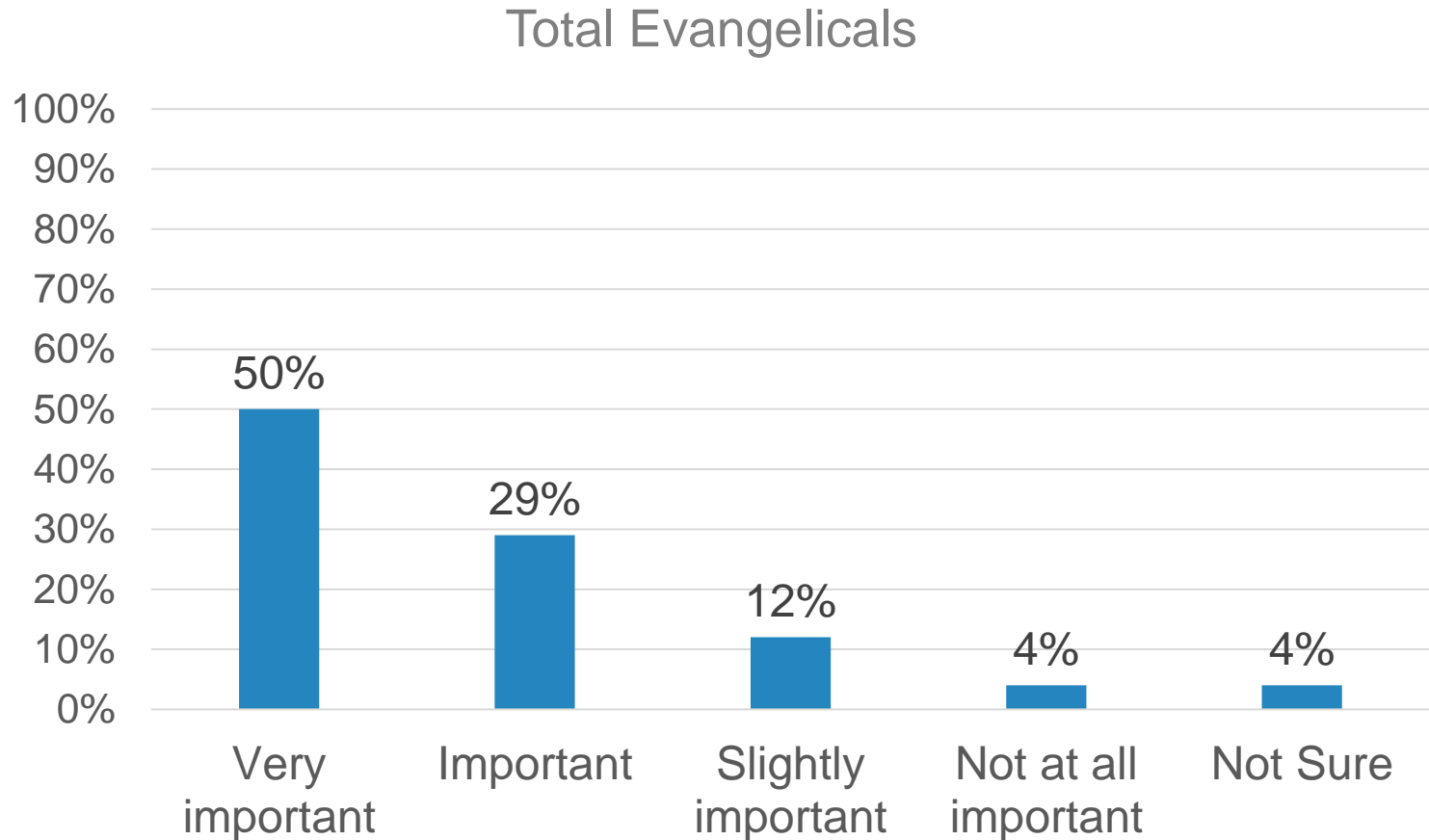
“Legal immigration is...”

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024 & 2022



Lifeway research

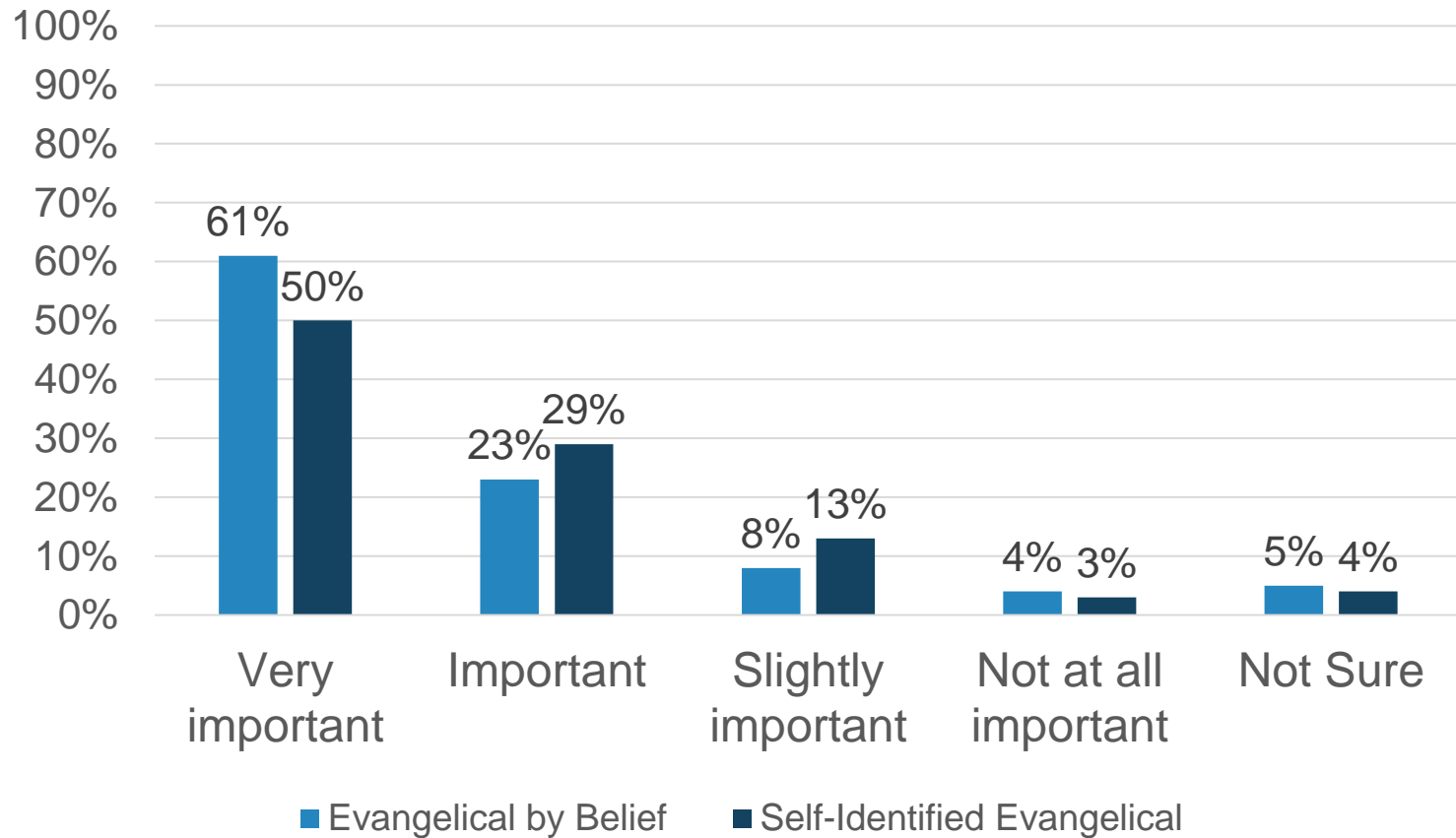
80% say it is important that Congress passes significant new immigration legislation in 2025



Lifeway research

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to say it is very important that Congress pass new immigration legislation in 2025

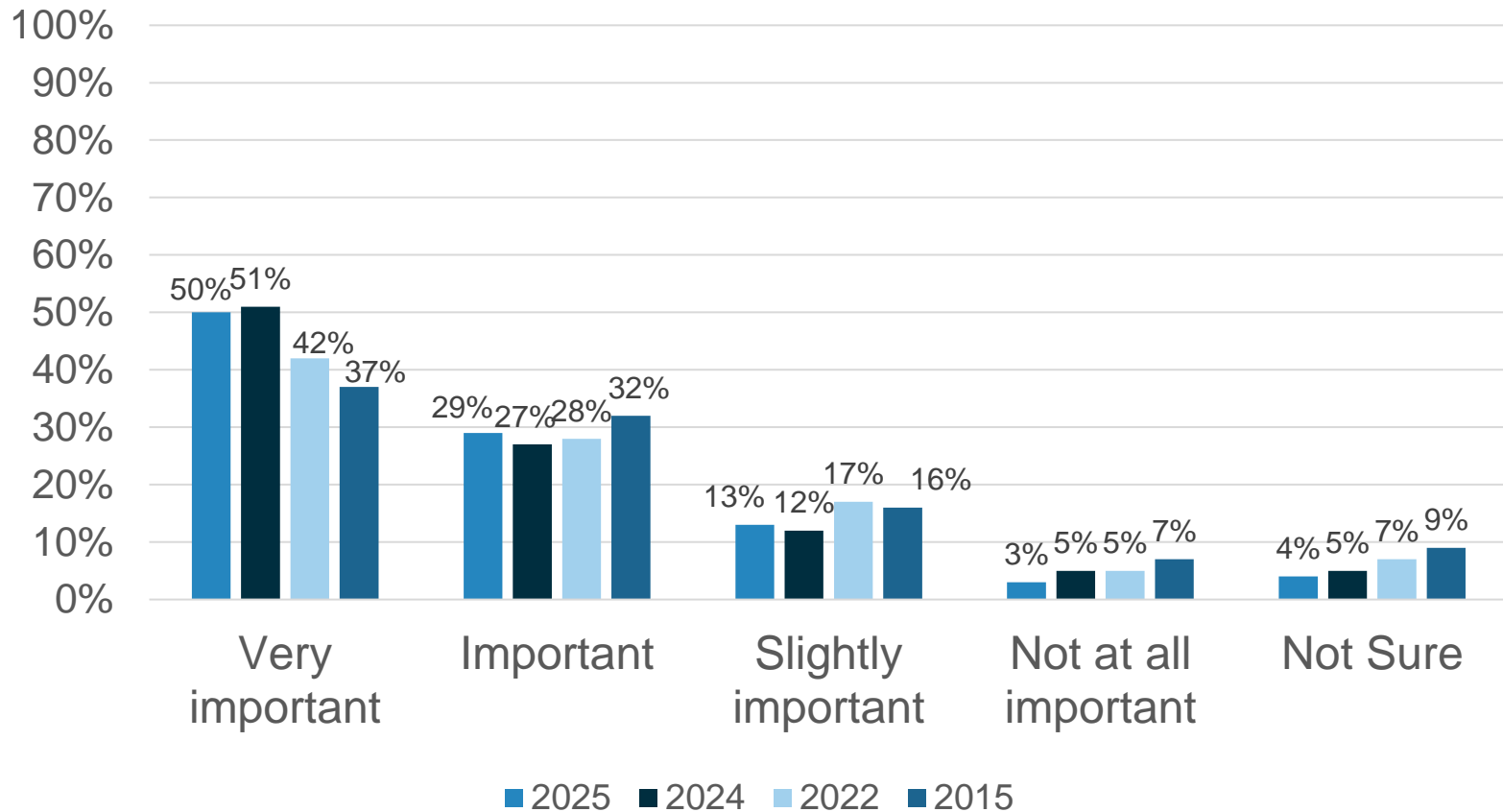
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

More Self-Identified Evangelicals say it is important for Congress to pass new immigration legislation this year than in 2022 and 2015 (80% v. 71% and 68%)

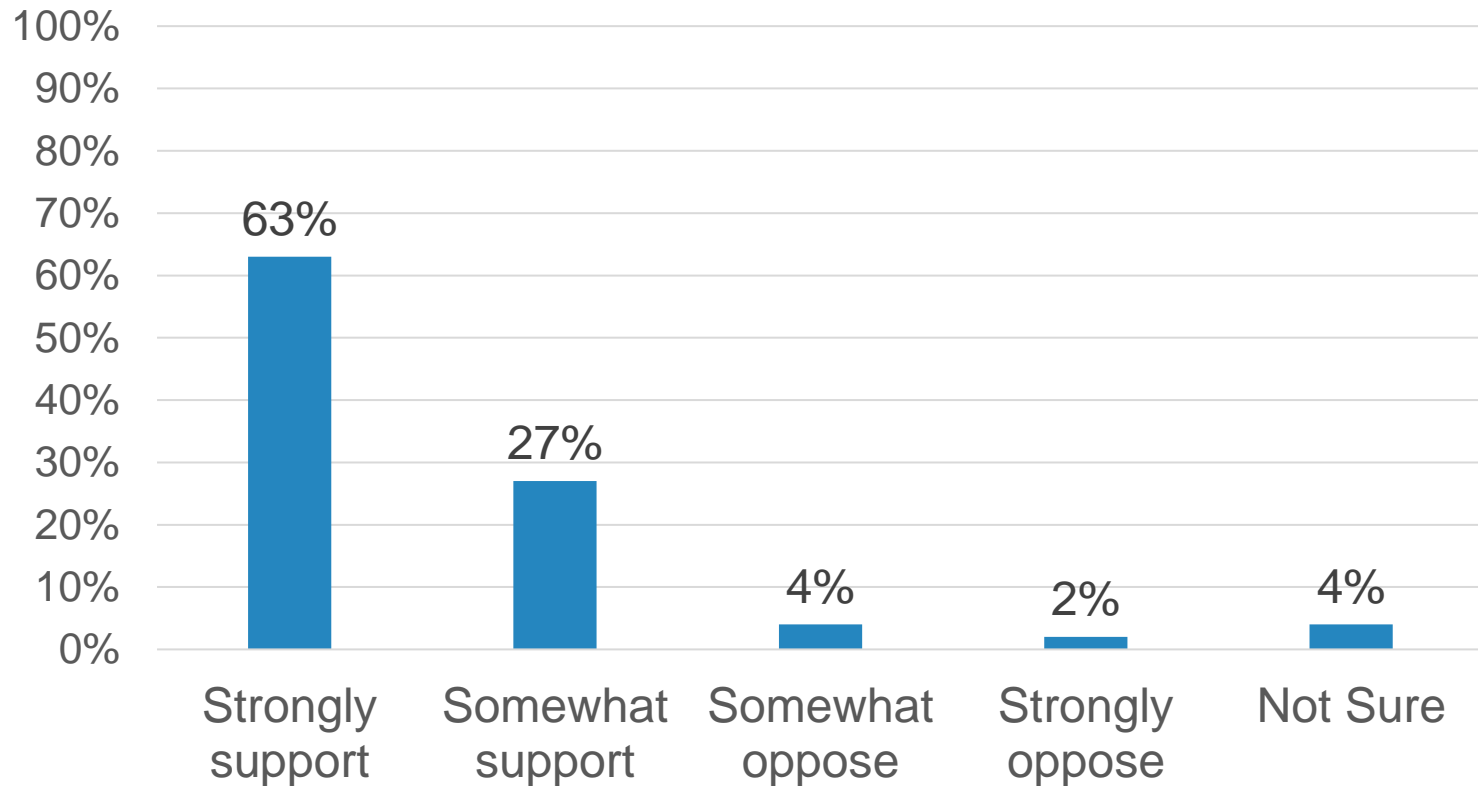
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015



Lifeway research

90% support potential immigration legislation that respects the God-given dignity of every person

Total Evangelicals

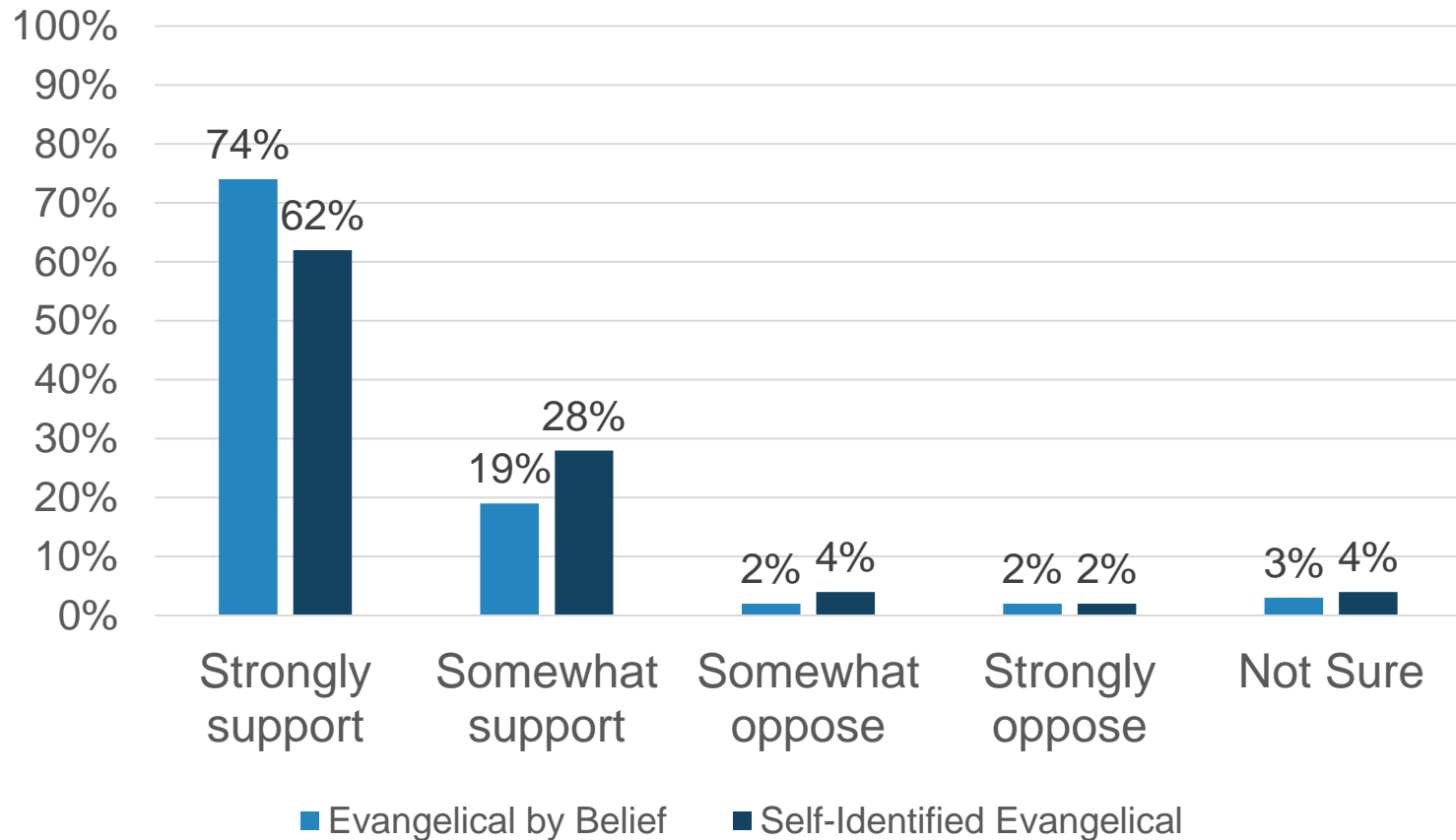


Lifeway research

Q18_1: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Respect the God-given dignity of every person**" n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly support respecting the God-given dignity of every person than Self-Identified Evangelicals

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

More Self-Identified Evangelicals support the immigration reform principle of respecting the God-given dignity of every person than in 2015

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015

2015: 82% answered Yes, they believe immigration reform legislation should **respect the God-given dignity of every person**

2022: 90% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Respect the God-given dignity of every person**

2024: 90% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Respect the God-given dignity of every person**

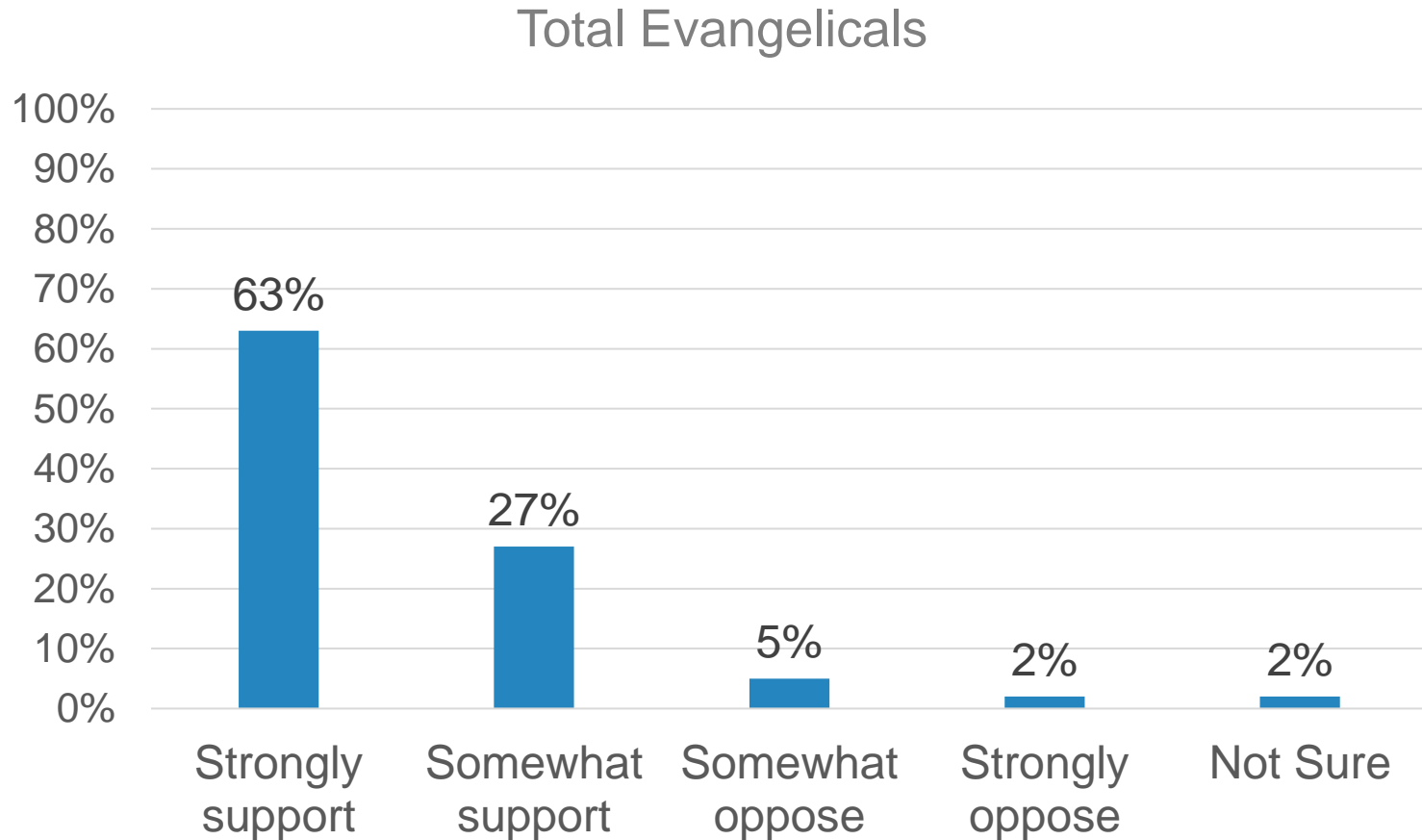
2025: 90% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Respect the God-given dignity of every person**

Lifeway research

2015: "Do you believe immigration reform legislation should respect the God-given dignity of every person?"

2025, 2024 and 2022: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Respect the God-given dignity of every person**"

90% support potential immigration legislation that protects the unity of the immediate family

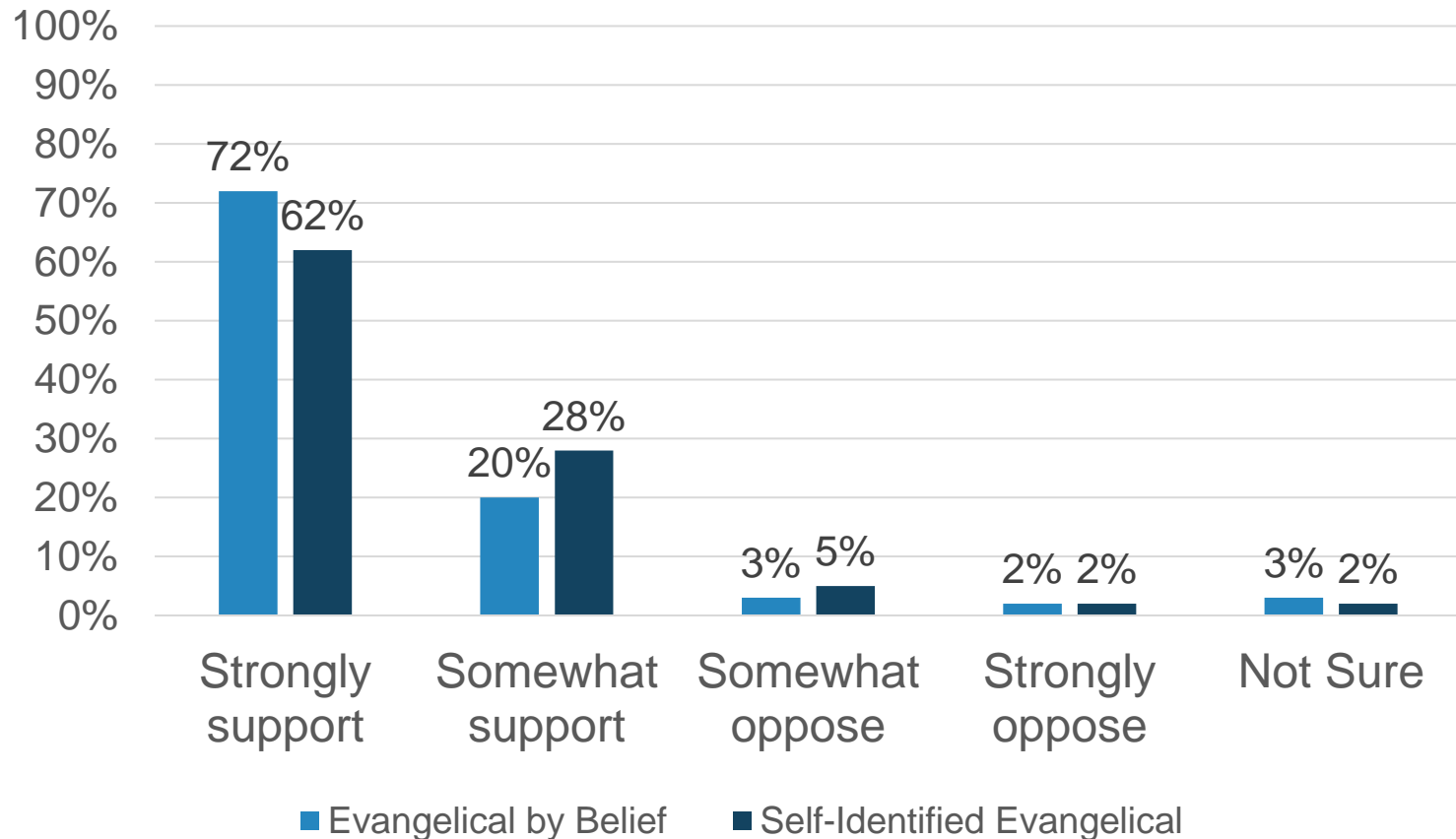


Lifeway research

Q18_2: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Protect the unity of the immediate family**" n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly support protecting the unity of the immediate family than Self-Identified Evangelicals

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

More Self-Identified Evangelicals support the immigration reform principle of protecting the unity of the immediate family than in 2015

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015

2015: 72% answered Yes, they believe immigration reform legislation should **protect the unity of the immediate family**

2022: 92% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Protect the unity of the immediate family**

2024: 91% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Protect the unity of the immediate family**

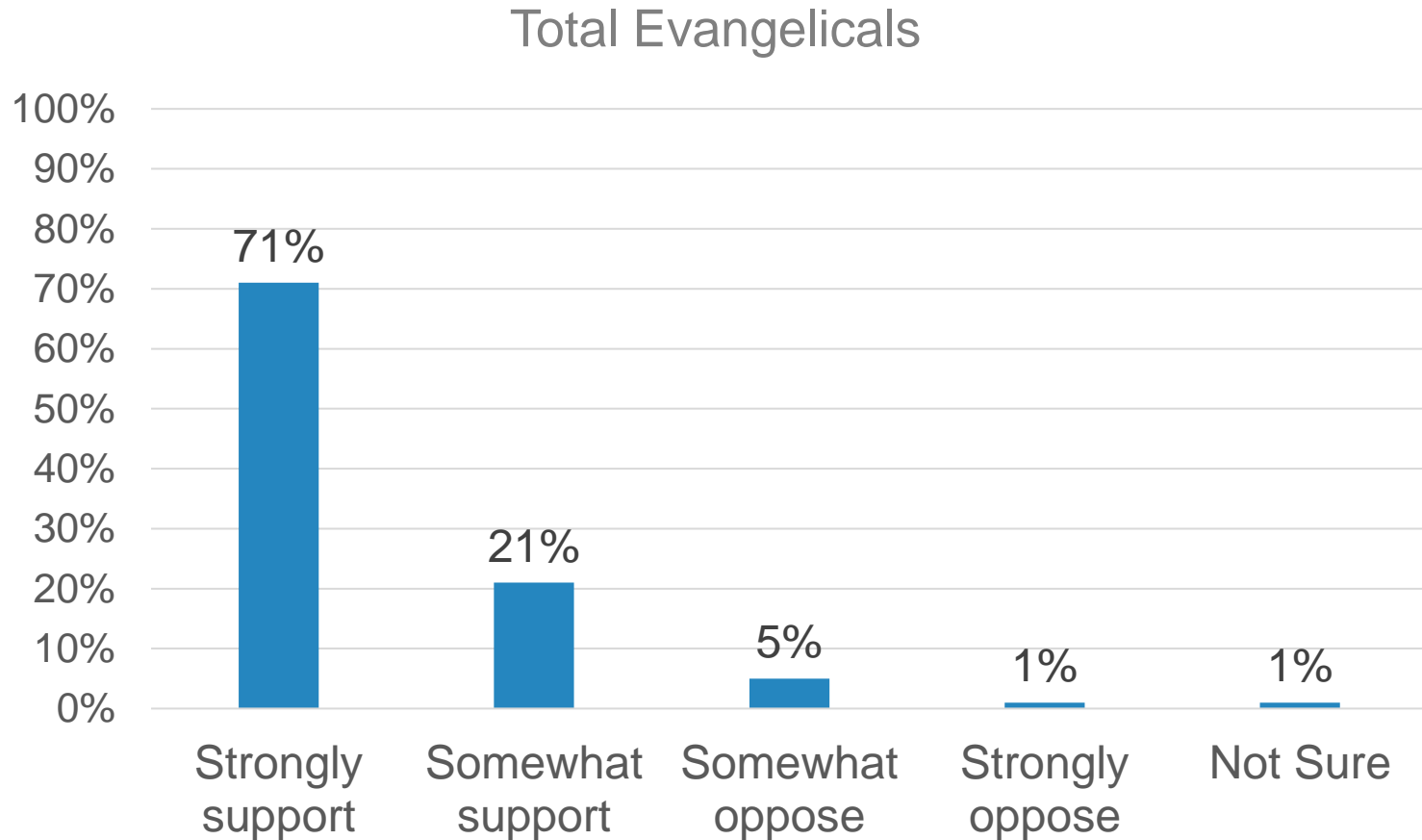
2024: 90% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Protect the unity of the immediate family**

Lifeway research

2015: "Do you believe immigration reform legislation should protect the unity of the immediate family?"

2025, 2024 and 2022: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Protect the unity of the immediate family**"

92% support potential immigration legislation that respects the rule of law

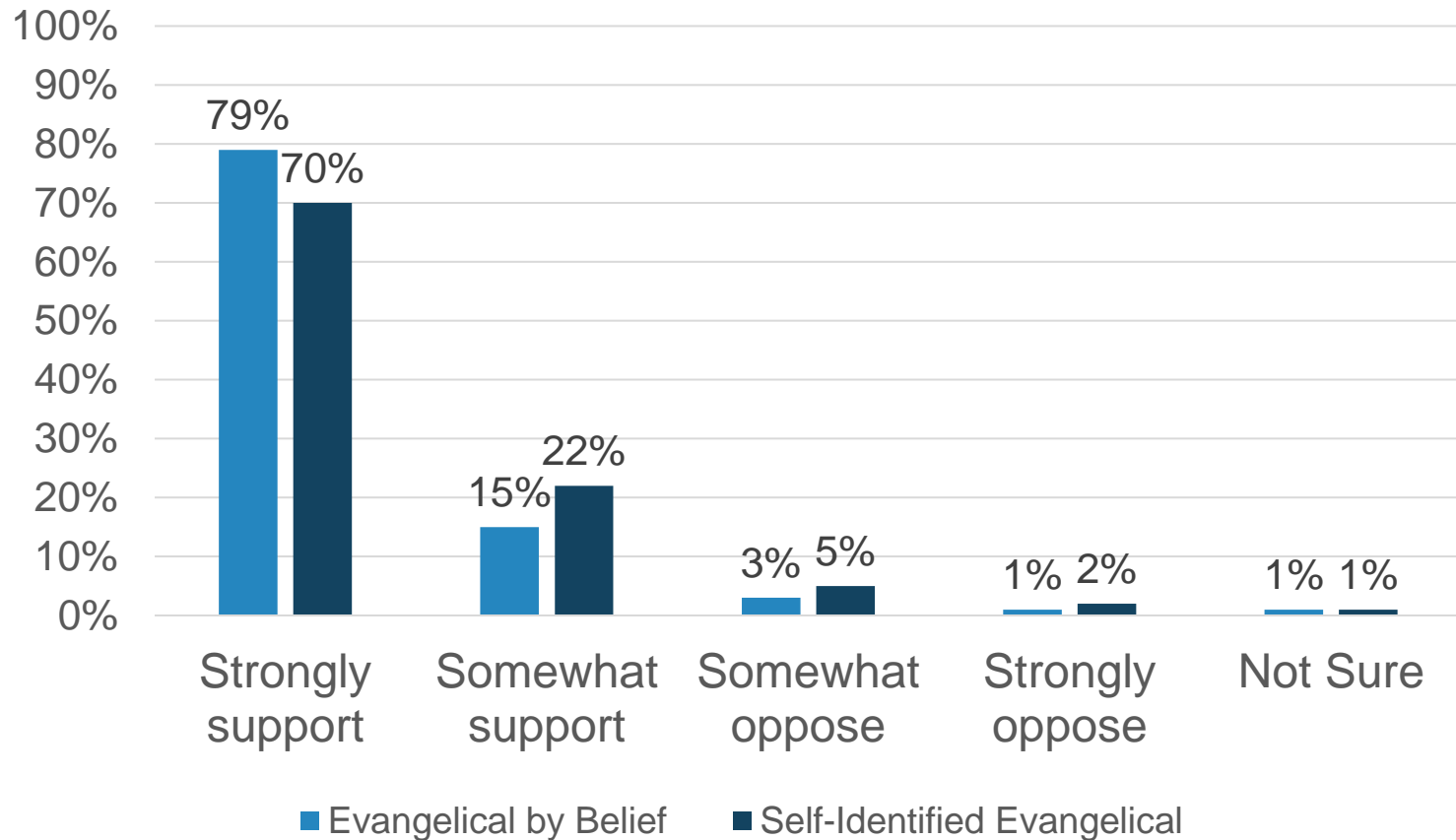


Lifeway research

Q18_3: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Respect the rule of law**" n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly support legislation reform respecting the rule of law than Self-Identified Evangelicals

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

More Self-Identified Evangelicals support the immigration reform principle of respecting the rule of law than in 2015

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015

2015: 88% answered Yes, they believe immigration reform legislation should **respect the rule of law**

2022: 92% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Respect the rule of law**

2024: 93% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Respect the rule of law**

2025: 92% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Respect the rule of law**

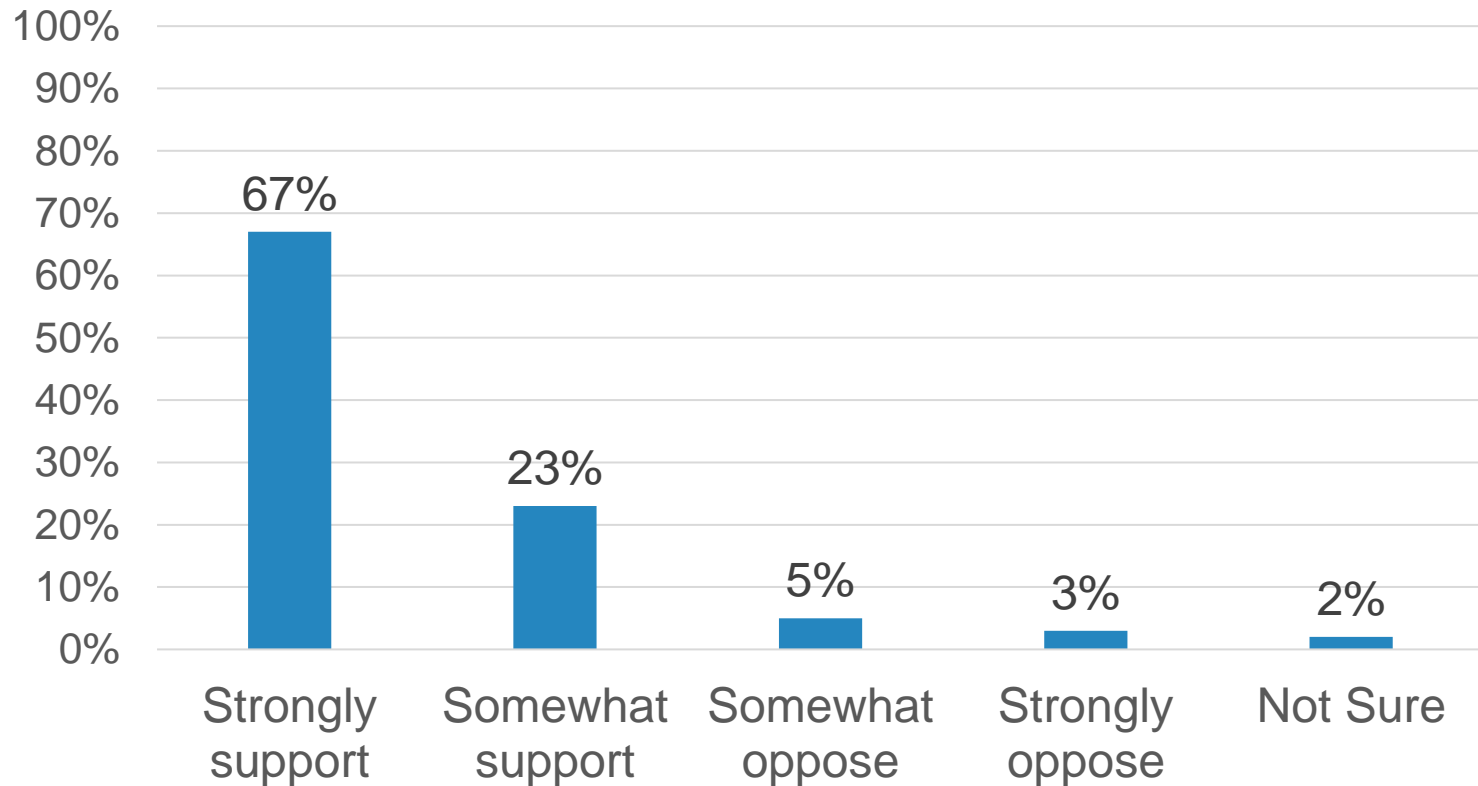
Lifewayresearch

2015: "Do you believe immigration reform legislation should respect the rule of law?"

2024 and 2022: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Respect the rule of law**"

90% support potential immigration legislation that guarantees secure national borders

Total Evangelicals

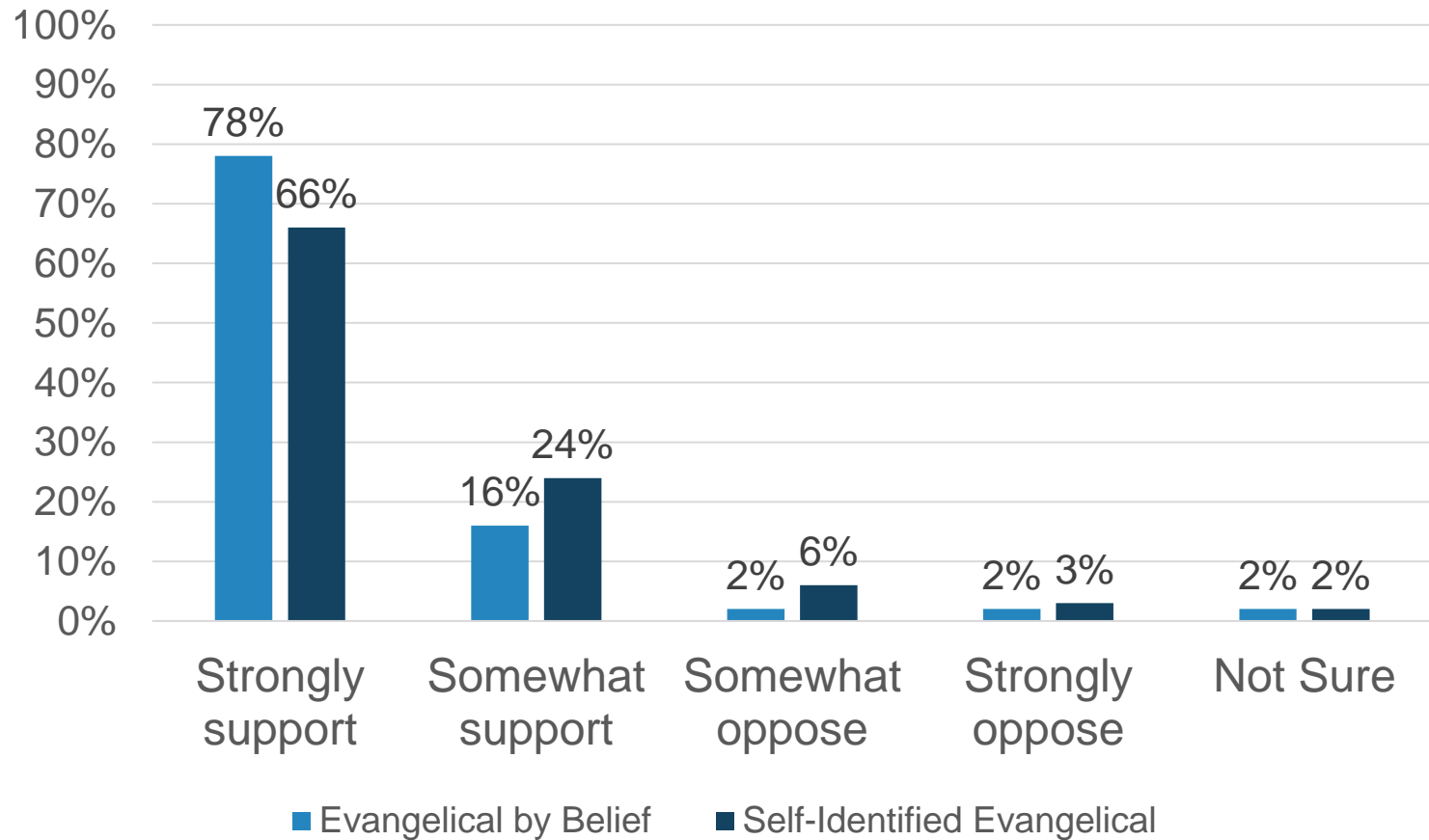


Lifeway research

Q18_4: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Guarantee secure national borders**" n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly support legislation reform guaranteeing secure national borders

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

More Self-Identified Evangelicals support the immigration reform principle of guaranteeing secure national borders than in 2015

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015

2015: 86% answered Yes, they believe immigration reform legislation should **guarantee secure national borders**

2022: 89% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Guarantee secure national borders**

2024: 91% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Guarantee secure national borders**

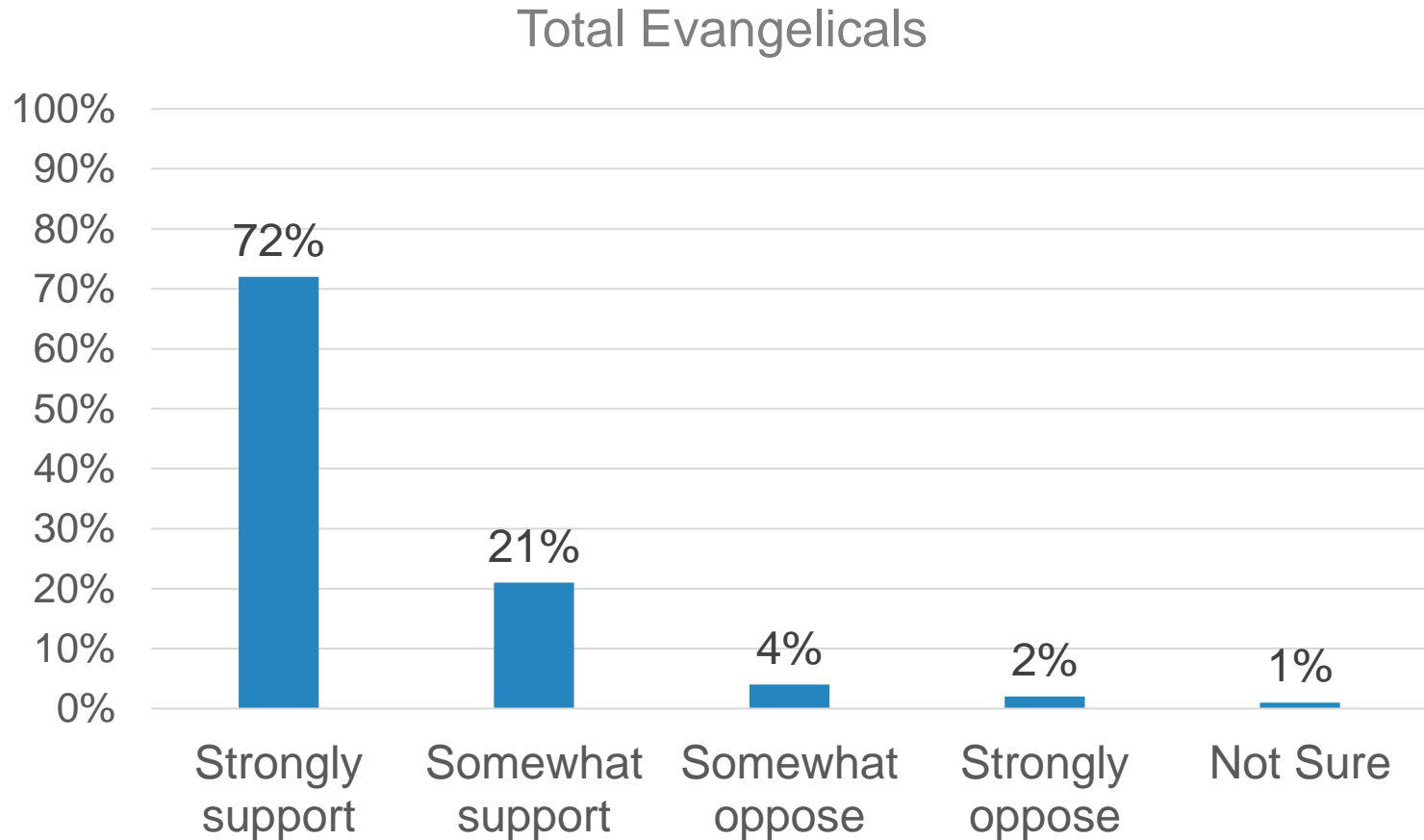
2025: 90% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Guarantee secure national borders**

Lifeway research

2015: "Do you believe immigration reform legislation should guarantee secure national borders?"

2025, 2024 and 2022: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Guarantee secure national borders**"

93% support potential immigration legislation that ensures fairness to taxpayers

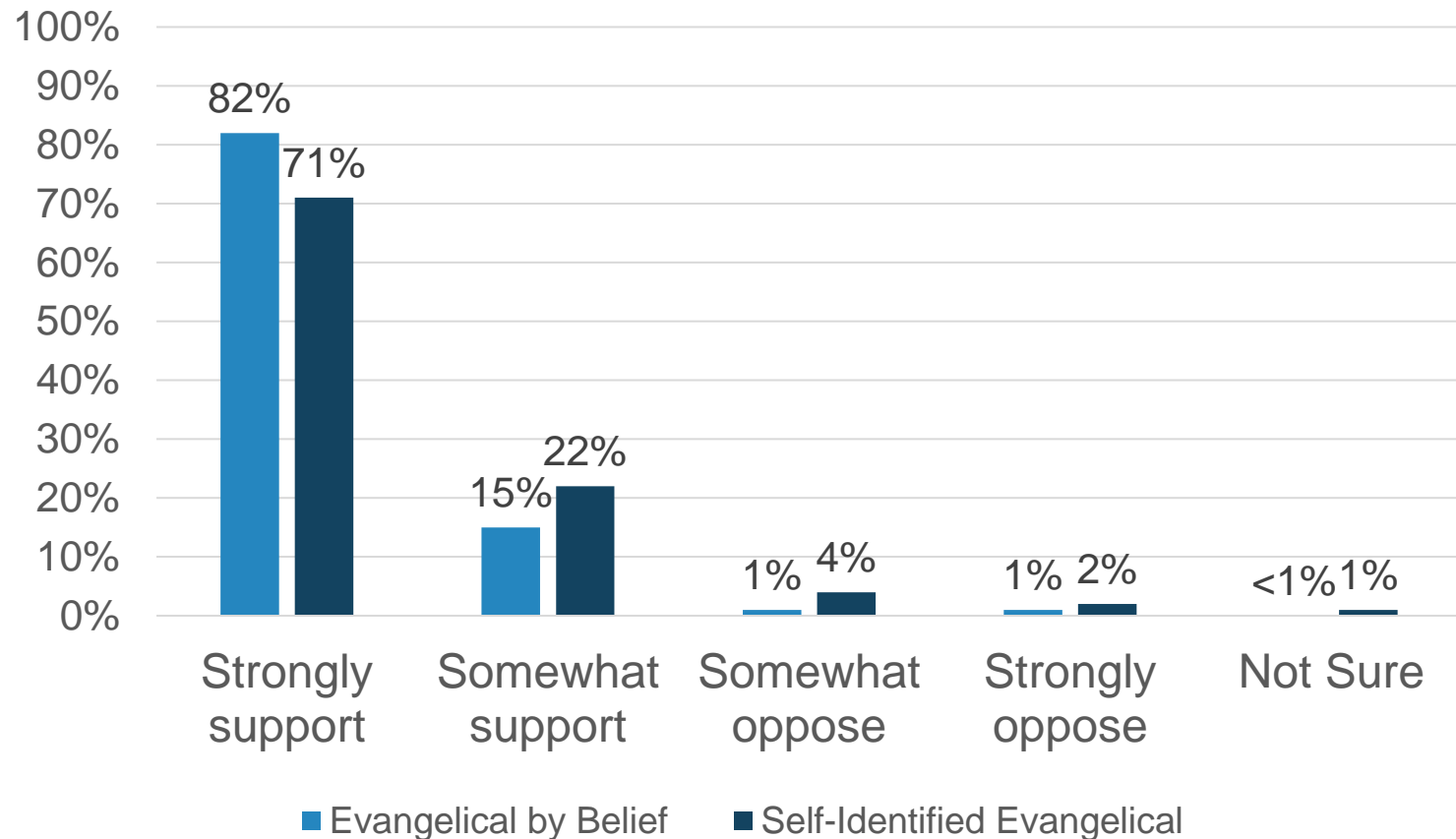


Lifeway research

Q18_5: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Ensure fairness to taxpayers**" n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly support legislation reform ensuring fairness to taxpayers than Self-Identified Evangelicals

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

More Self-Identified Evangelicals support the immigration reform principle of ensuring fairness to taxpayers than in 2015

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015

2015: 90% answered Yes, they believe immigration reform legislation should **ensure fairness to taxpayers**

2022: 94% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Ensure fairness to taxpayers**

2024: 93% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Ensure fairness to taxpayers**

2025: 93% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Ensure fairness to taxpayers**

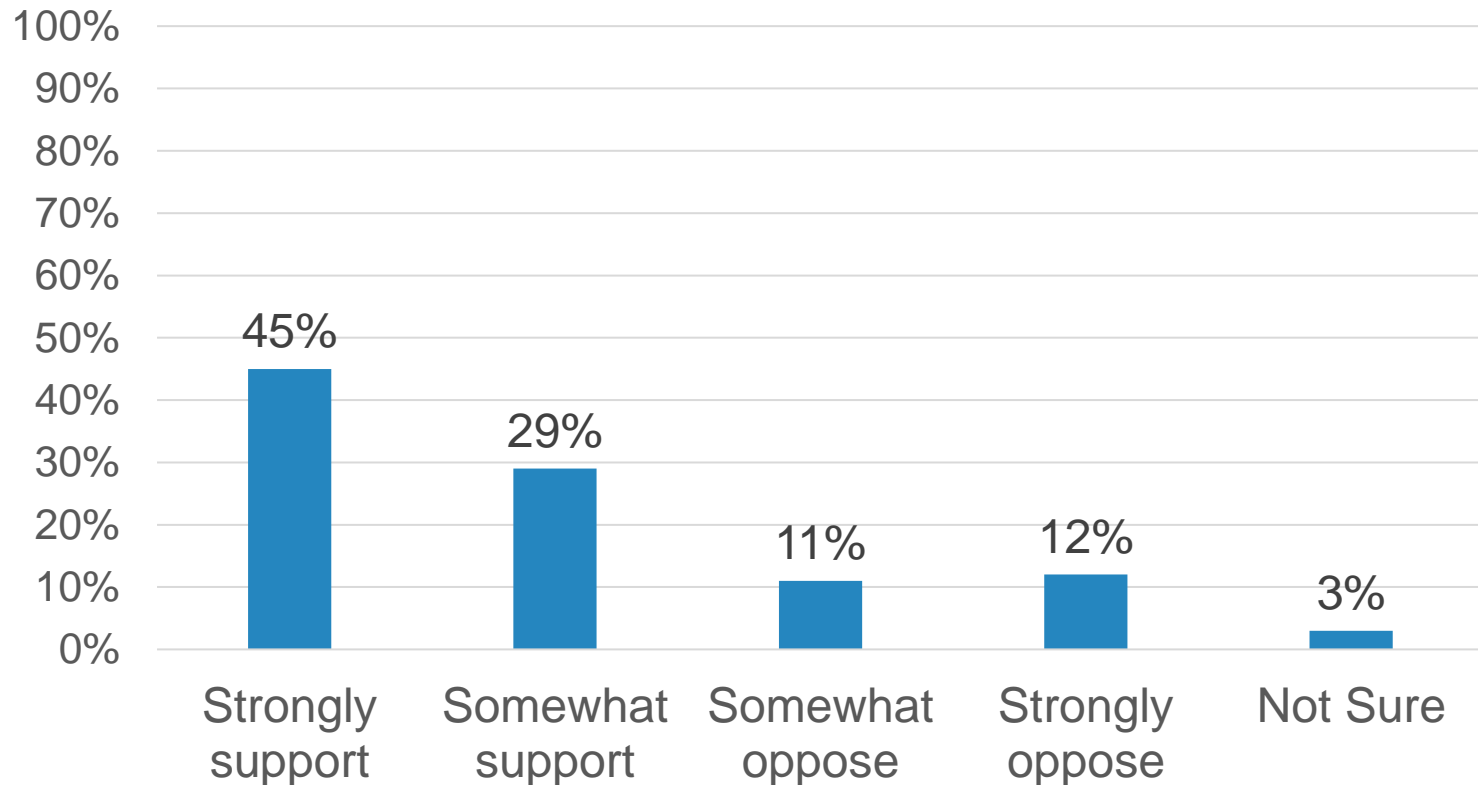
Lifewayresearch

2015: "Do you believe immigration reform legislation should ensure fairness to taxpayers?"

2025, 2024 and 2022: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Ensure fairness to taxpayers**"

74% support potential immigration legislation that establishes a path toward citizenship for those here illegally

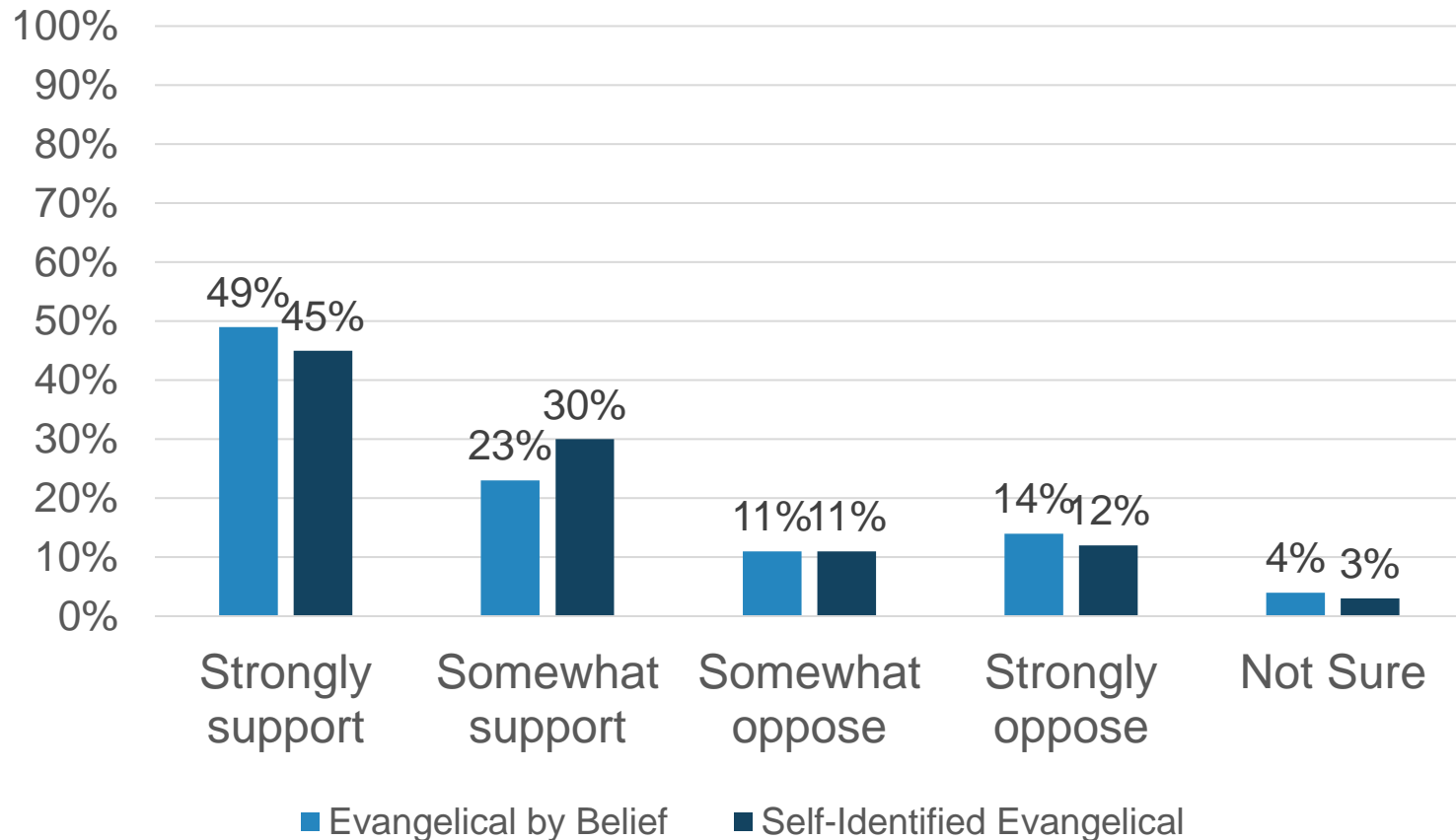
Total Evangelicals



Lifewayresearch

Those with Evangelical Beliefs and Self-Identified Evangelicals have similar levels of support for establishing a path to citizenship (72% v. 74%)

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

Q18_6: "In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? (Select one response for each principle) **Establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship**" n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

More Self-Identified Evangelicals support the immigration reform principle of establishing a path to citizenship than in 2015

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 and 2015

2015: 61% answered Yes, they believe immigration reform legislation should **establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship**

2022: 77% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship**

2024: 75% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship**

2024: 74% Strongly/Somewhat support this principle for immigration reform legislation: **Establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship**

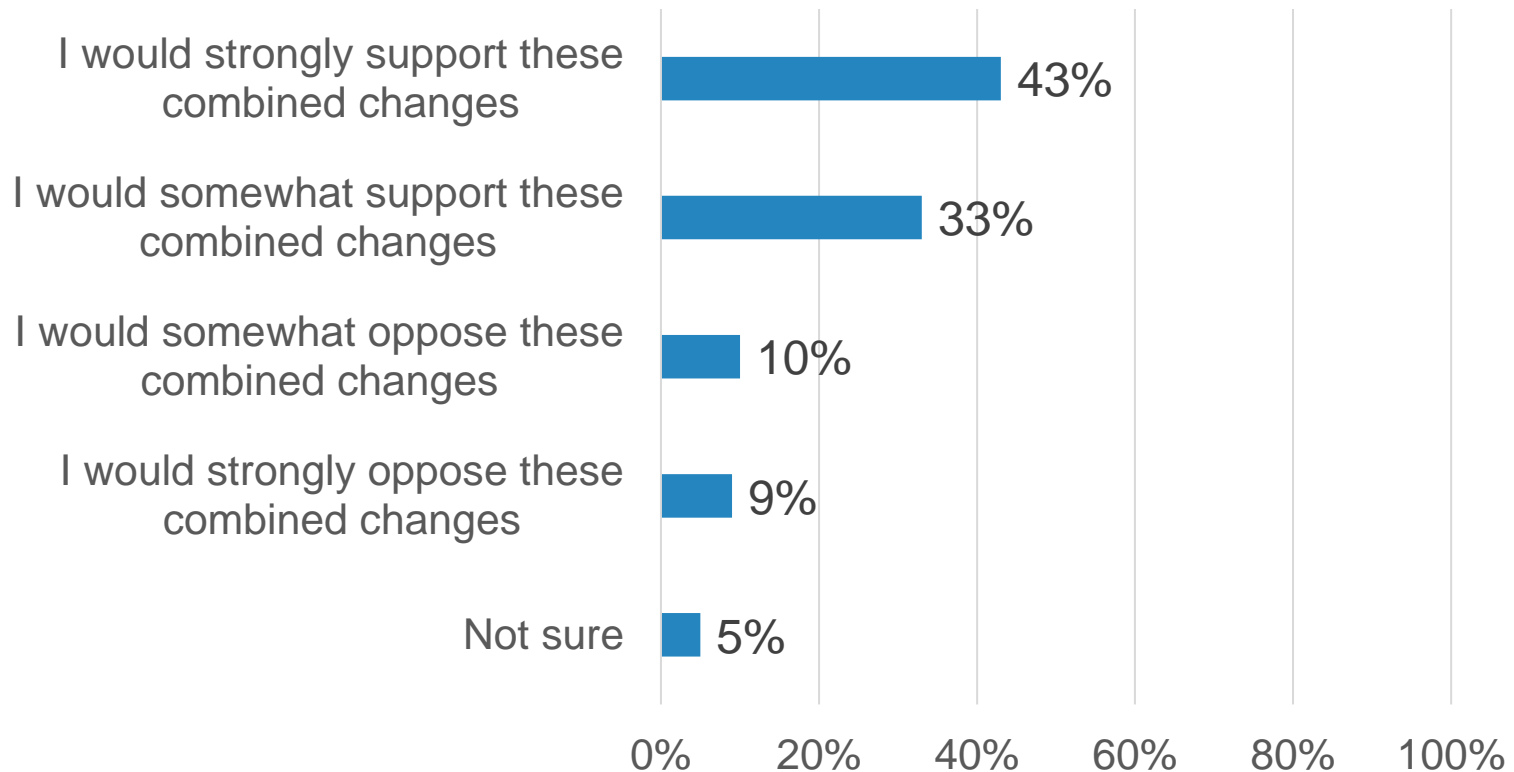
Lifewayresearch

2015: “Do you believe immigration reform legislation should establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship?”

2024 and 2022: “In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation? **Establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship**”

76% would support changes to immigration law that increases border security and establishes a process to earn legal status and apply for citizenship

Total Evangelicals

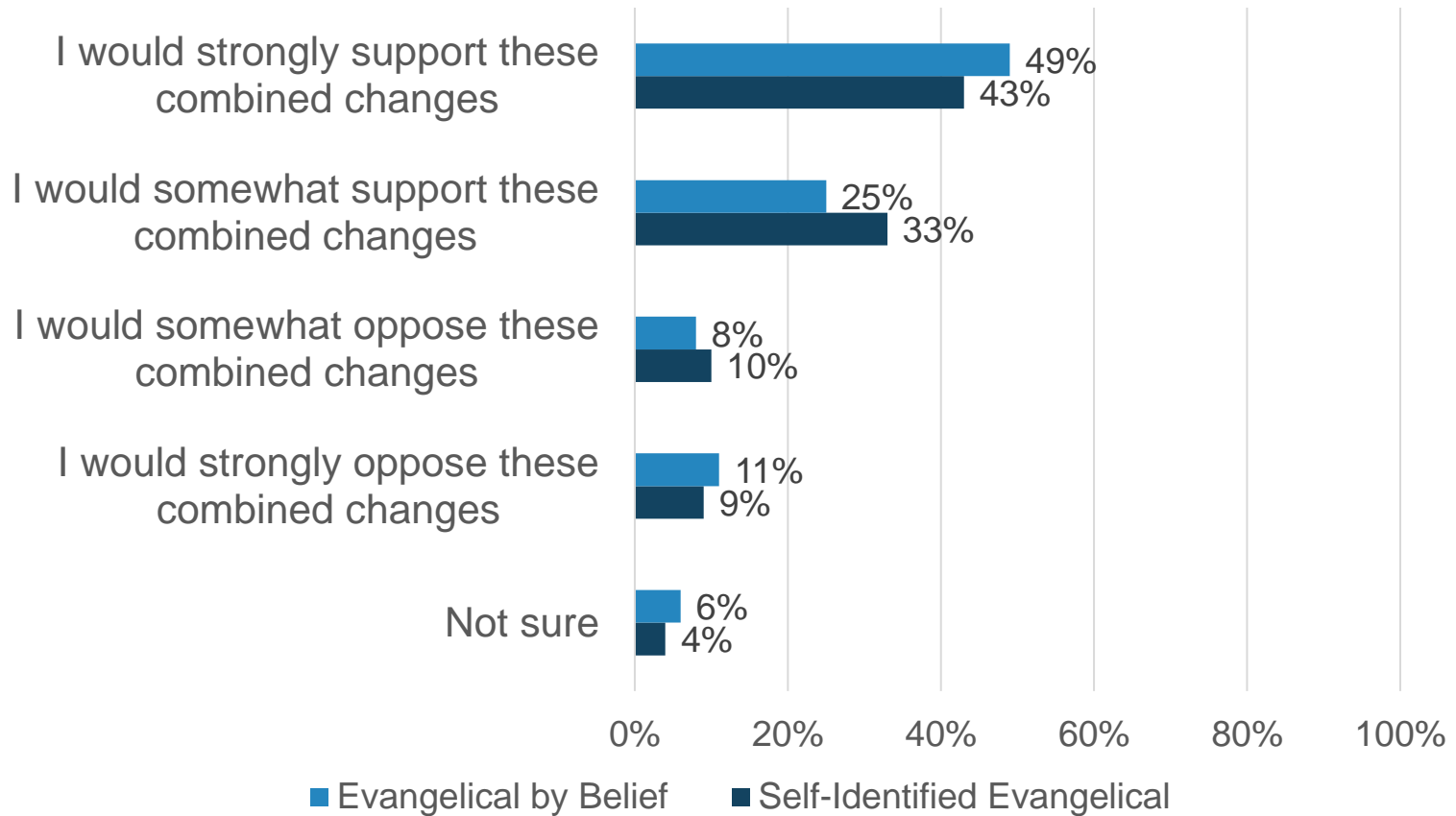


Lifewayresearch

Q19: "Please indicate if you would or would not support changes to U.S. immigration laws that would both increase border security measures and establish a process so that those immigrants in the U.S. unlawfully could earn permanent legal status and eventually apply for citizenship if they pay a fine, pass a criminal background check, and complete other requirements during a probationary period." n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly support combined changes to increase border security and establish a process to apply for citizenship than Self-Identified Evangelicals

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

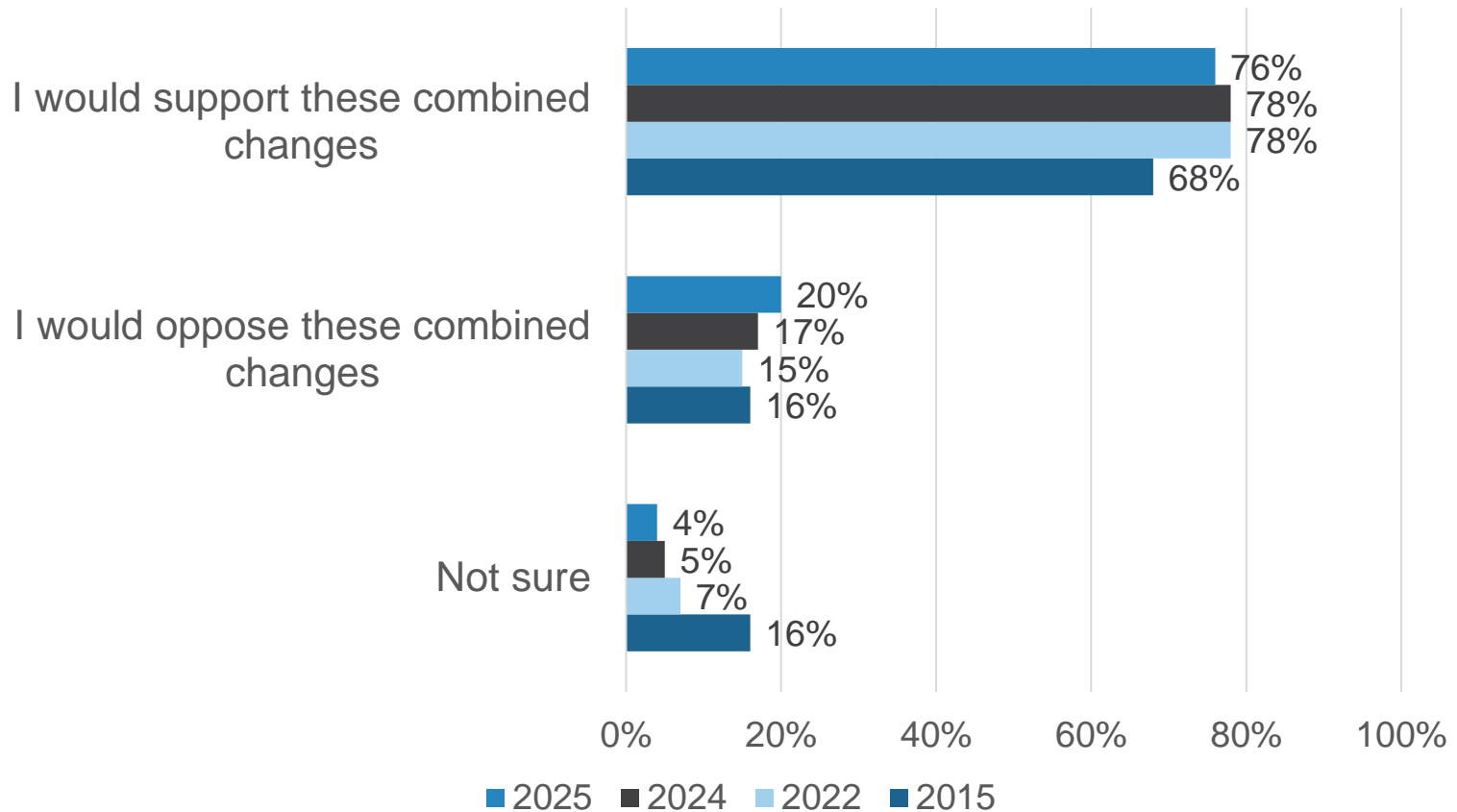


Lifeway research

Q19: "Please indicate if you would or would not support changes to U.S. immigration laws that would both increase border security measures and establish a process so that those immigrants in the U.S. unlawfully could earn permanent legal status and eventually apply for citizenship if they pay a fine, pass a criminal background check, and complete other requirements during a probationary period." n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

More Self-Identified Evangelicals support combined changes to increase border security and establish a process to apply for citizenship than in 2015

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015

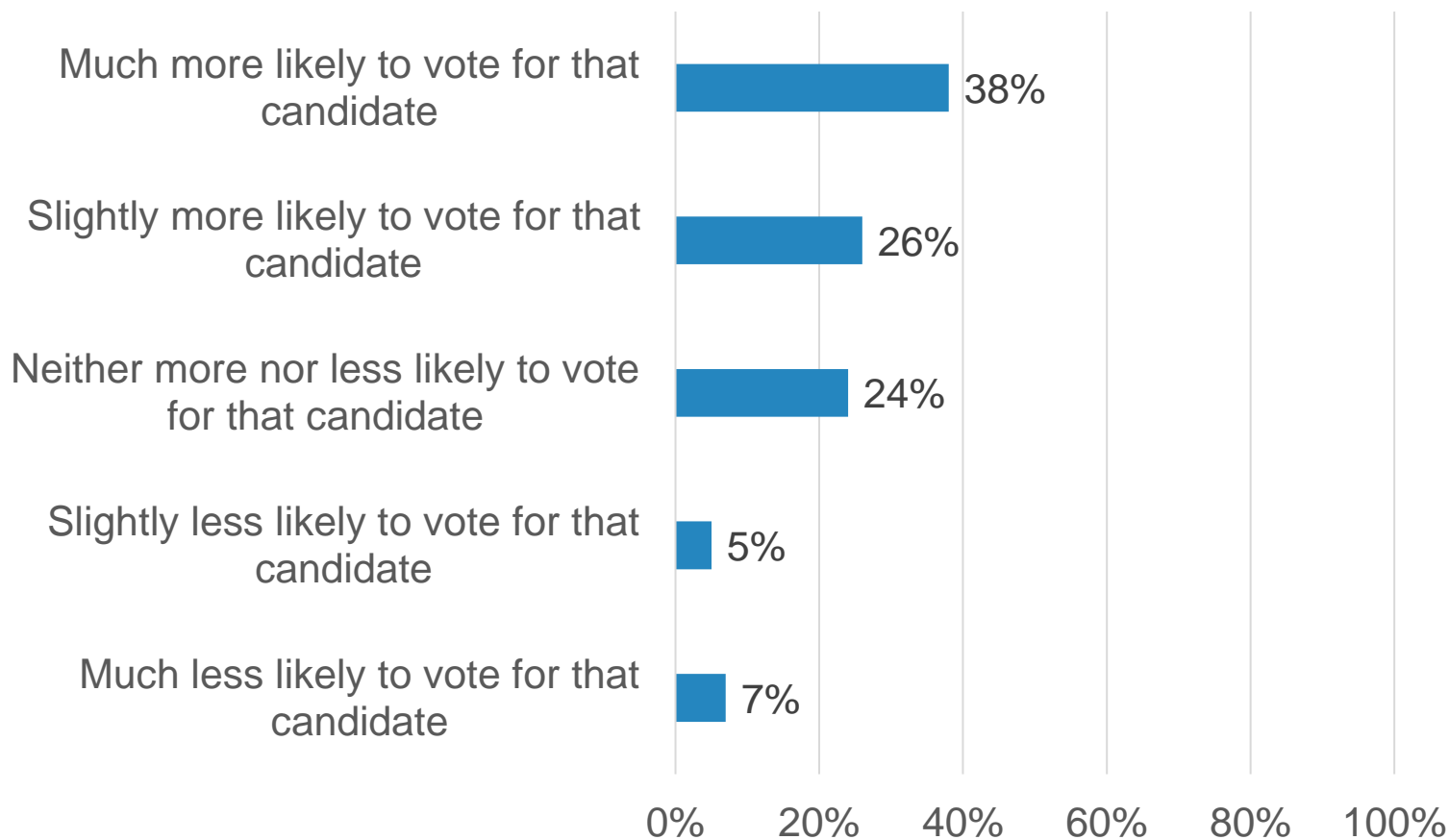


Lifeway research

Q19: "Please indicate if you would or would not support changes to U.S. immigration laws that would both increase border security measures and establish a process so that those immigrants in the U.S. unlawfully could earn permanent legal status and eventually apply for citizenship if they pay a fine, pass a criminal background check, and complete other requirements during a probationary period." 2025, 2024 and 2022: strongly and somewhat support responses are combined and strongly and somewhat oppose responses are combined.

64% would be more likely to vote for candidates that support immigration law changes that increase border security and establish a process for those in the U.S. unlawfully to apply for citizenship

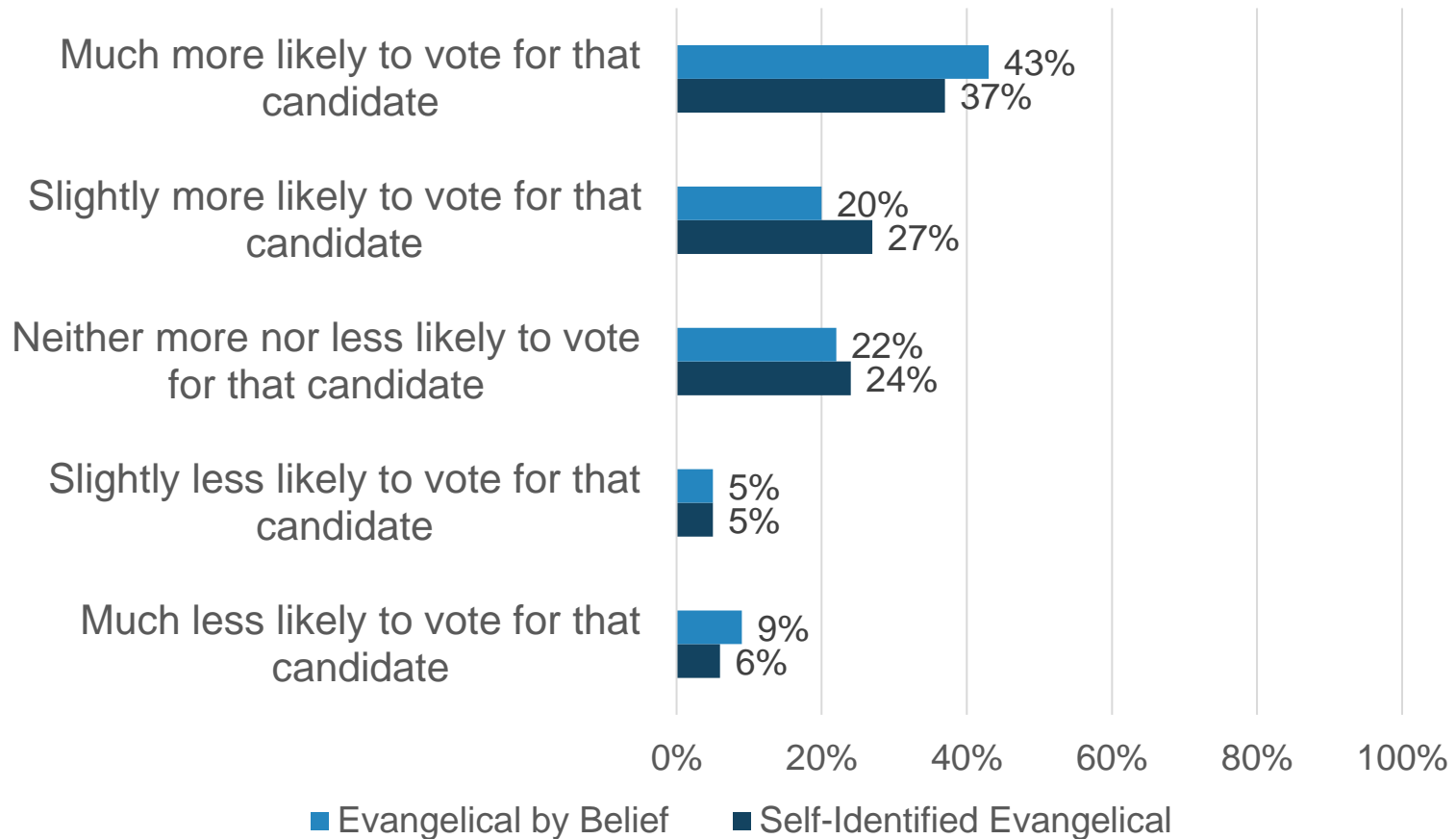
Total Evangelicals



Lifeway research

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to be much more likely to vote for candidates that support immigration law changes that increase border security and establish a process to apply for citizenship than Self-Identified Evangelicals

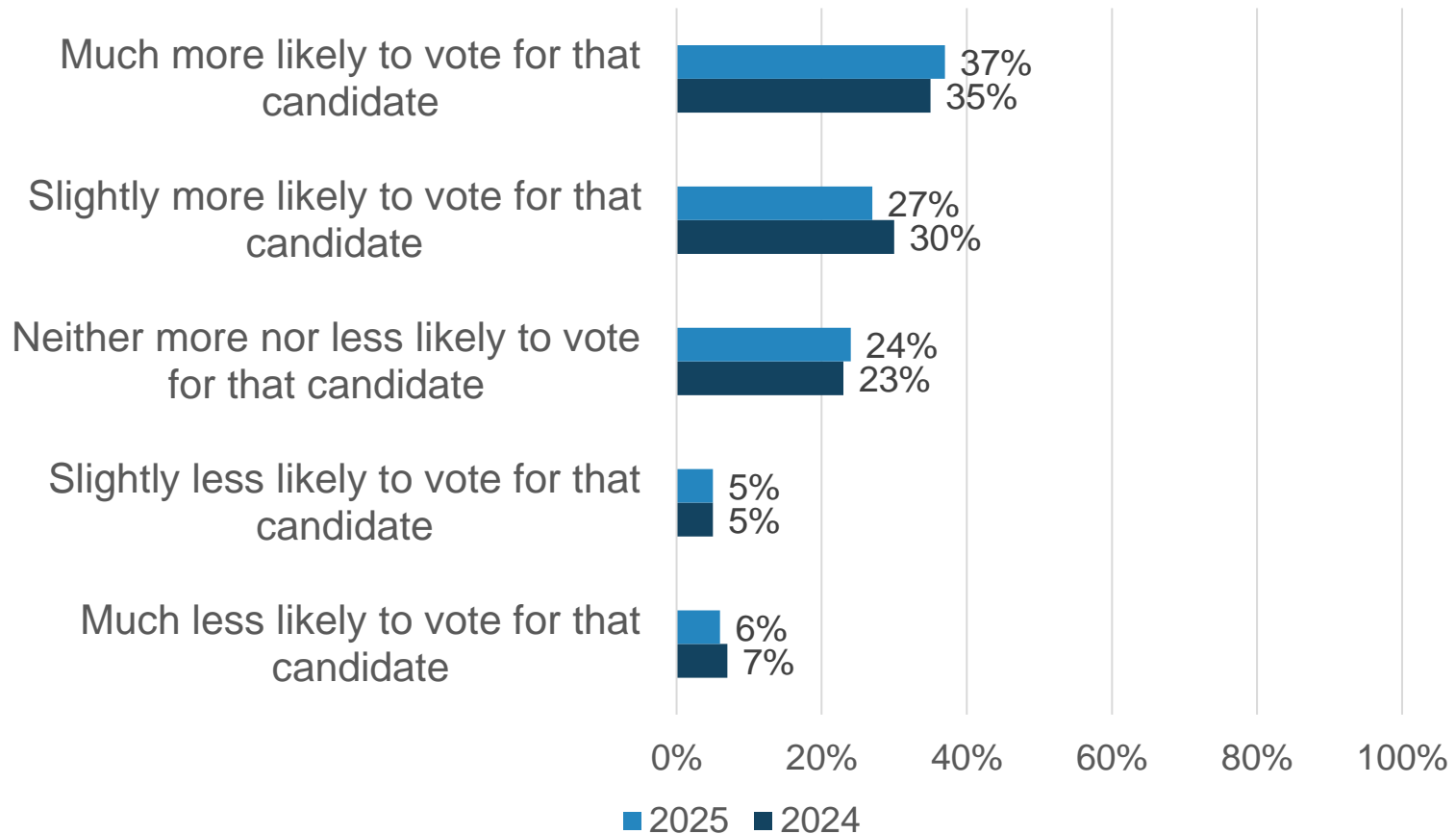
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

A similar number of Self-Identified Evangelicals are likely to vote for candidates that support immigration law changes that increase border security and establish a process to apply for citizenship than in 2024

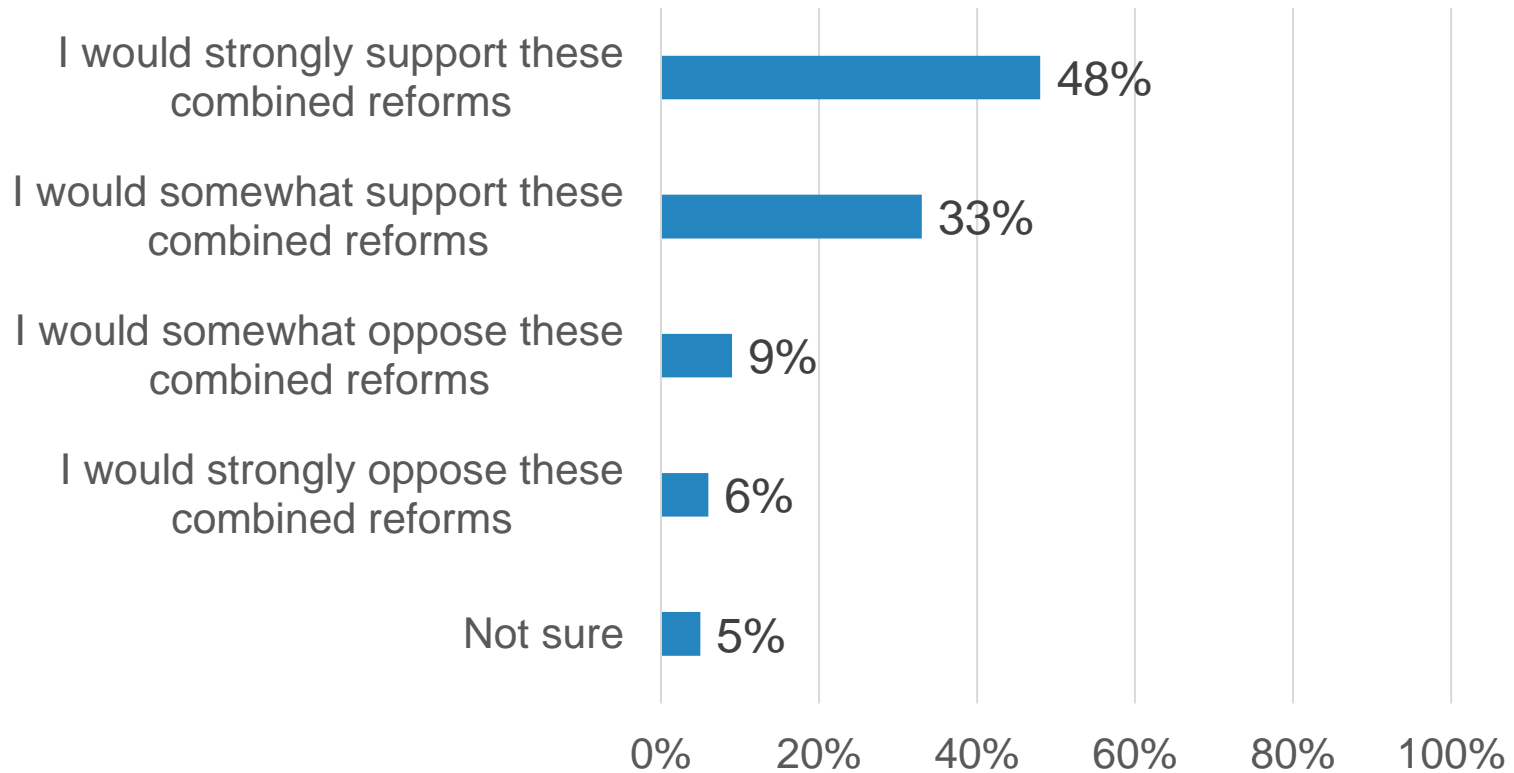
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024



Lifeway research

81% would support bipartisan immigration reform that strengthens border security, establishes a pathway to citizenship for Dreamers, and provides enough farmworkers

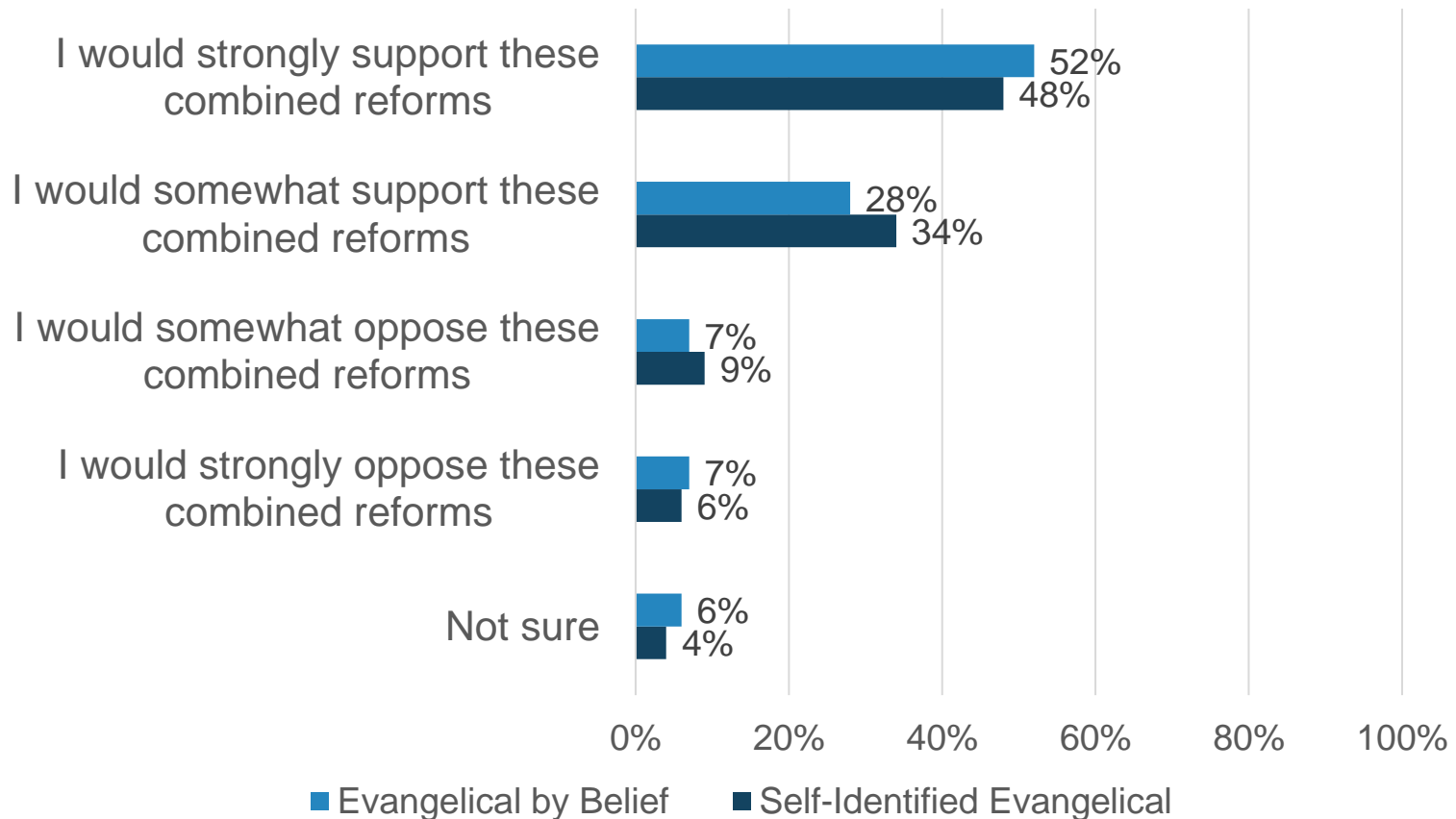
Total Evangelicals



Lifeway research

Self-Identified Evangelicals and those with Evangelical Beliefs have similar support for bipartisan reform that strengthens border security, creates a path to citizenship for Dreamers, and provides enough farmworkers

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

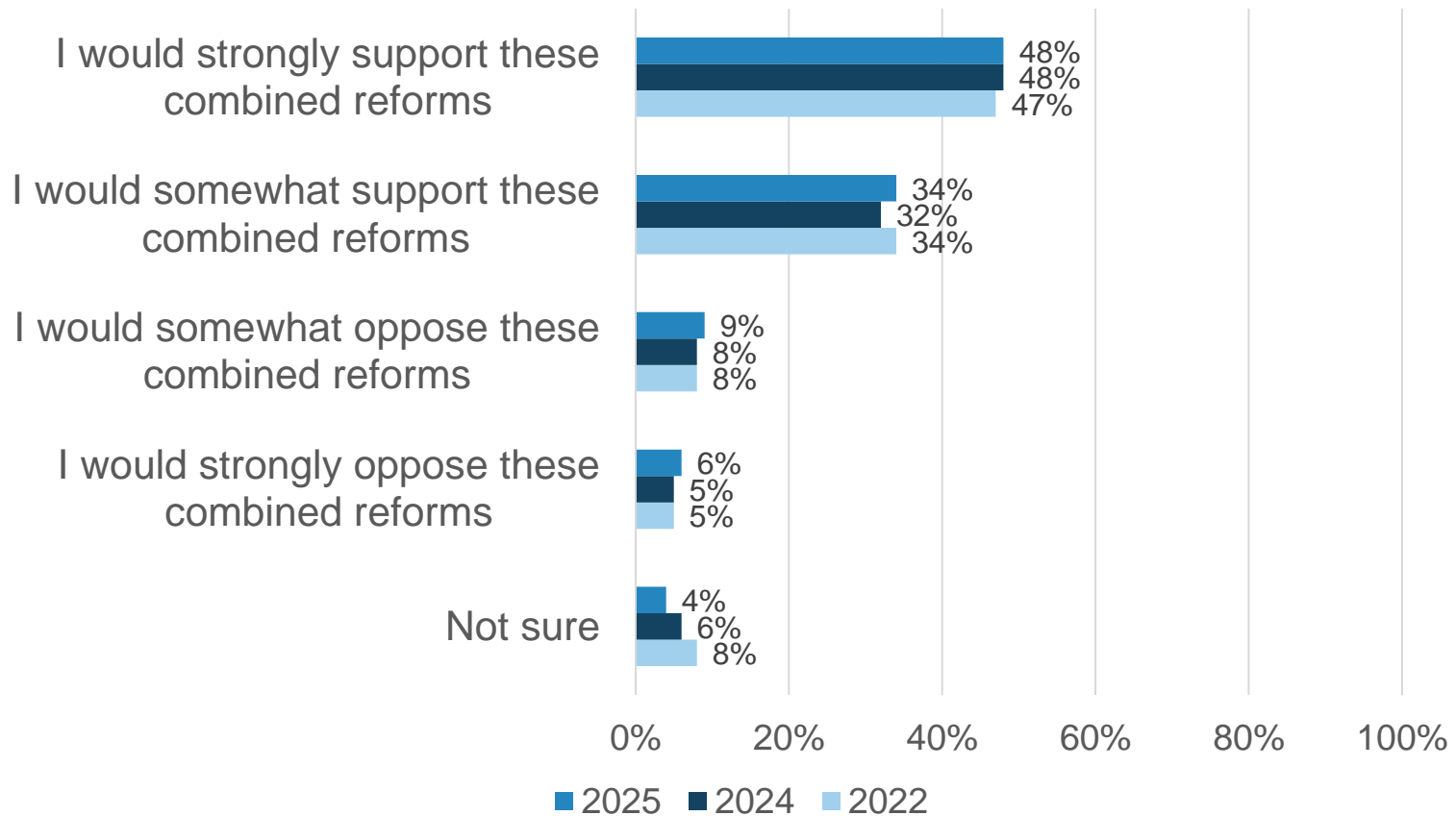


Lifewayresearch

Q21: "Please indicate if you would or would not support Republicans and Democrats working together on a combination of immigration reforms that strengthens border security, creates a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants who came to the United States as children, and provides a reliable number of screened, legal farmworkers?"
n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

Support remains high (81%) among Self-Identified Evangelicals for bipartisan reform that strengthens border security, creates a path to citizenship for Dreamers, and provides enough farmworkers

Self-Identified 2025 compared to 2024 & 2022

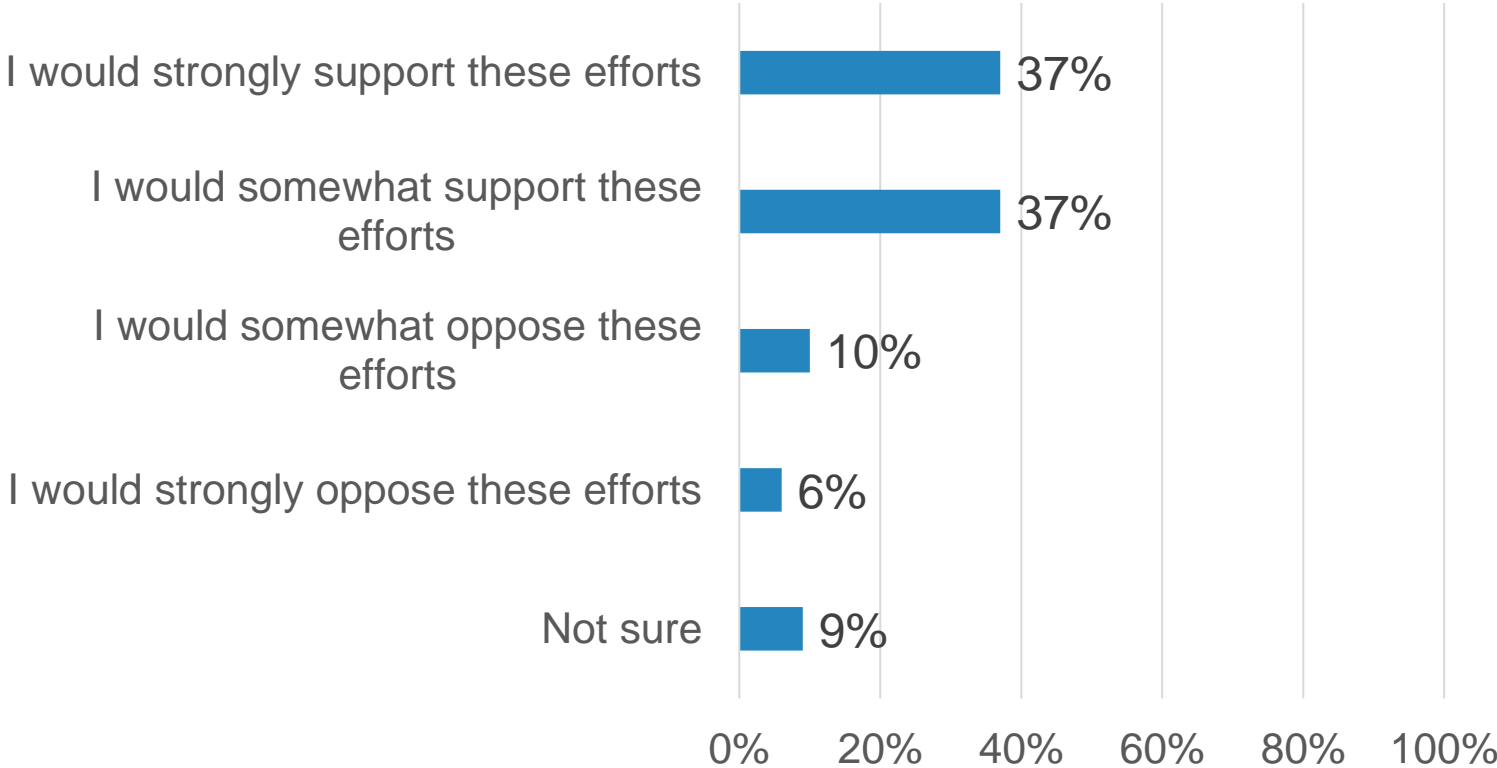


Lifeway research

Q21: "Please indicate if you would or would not support Republicans and Democrats working together on a combination of immigration reforms that strengthens border security, creates a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants who came to the United States as children, and provides a reliable number of screened, legal farmworkers?"

74% would support legislation that would allow Afghan allies evacuated by the U.S. military to apply for permanent status after vetting

Total Evangelicals

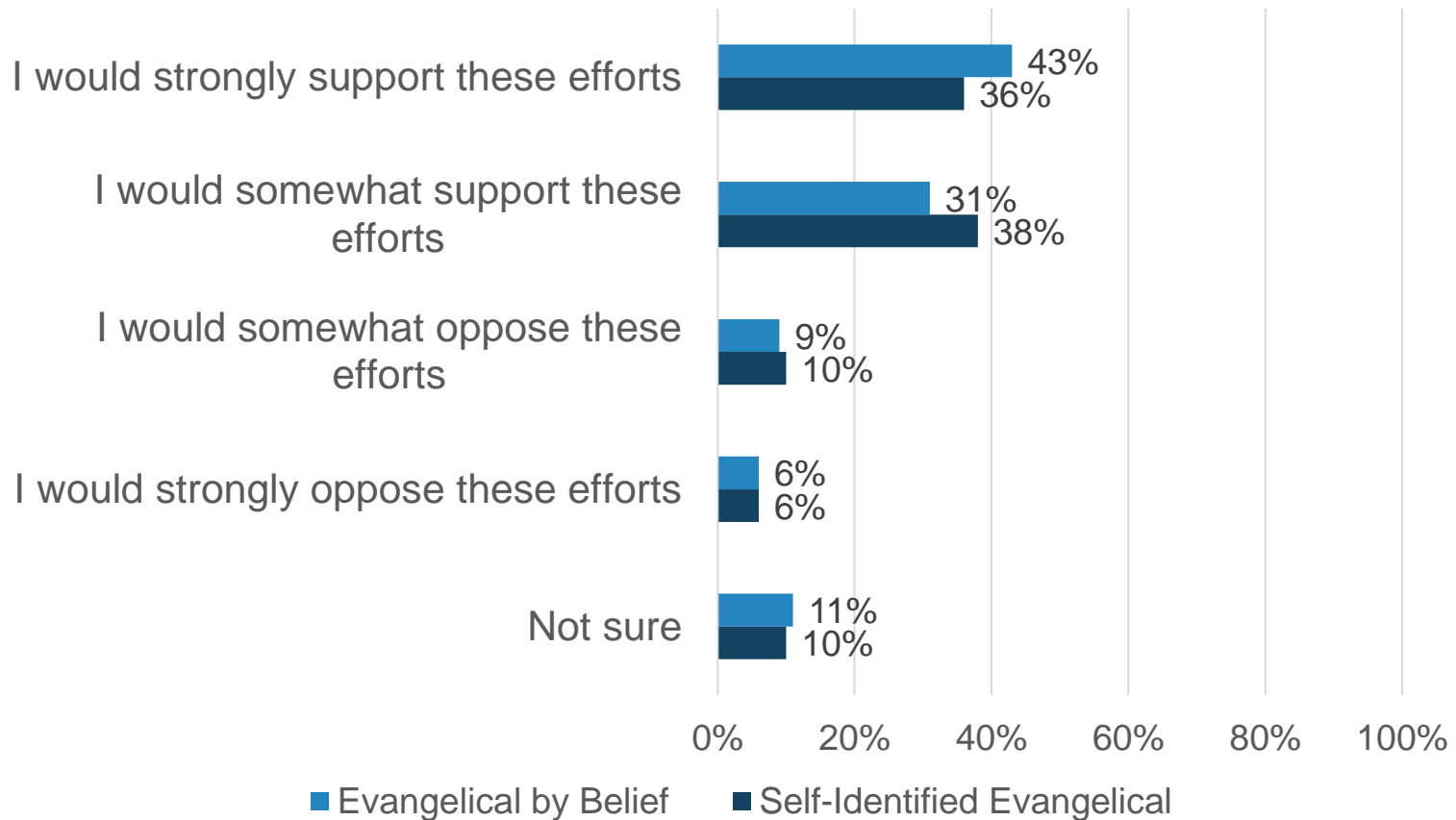


Lifeway research

Q22: "A bill currently cosponsored by 9 Republicans and 7 Democrats in the U.S. Senate and supported by many U.S. military veterans would require Afghan allies evacuated by the U.S. military in 2021 to undergo additional vetting and then allow them to apply for permanent legal status. Please indicate if you would or would not support Republicans and Democrats working together to pass this bill." n=1,004

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely than Self-Identified Evangelicals to strongly support legislation that would allow Afghan allies evacuated by the U.S. military to apply for permanent status after vetting

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

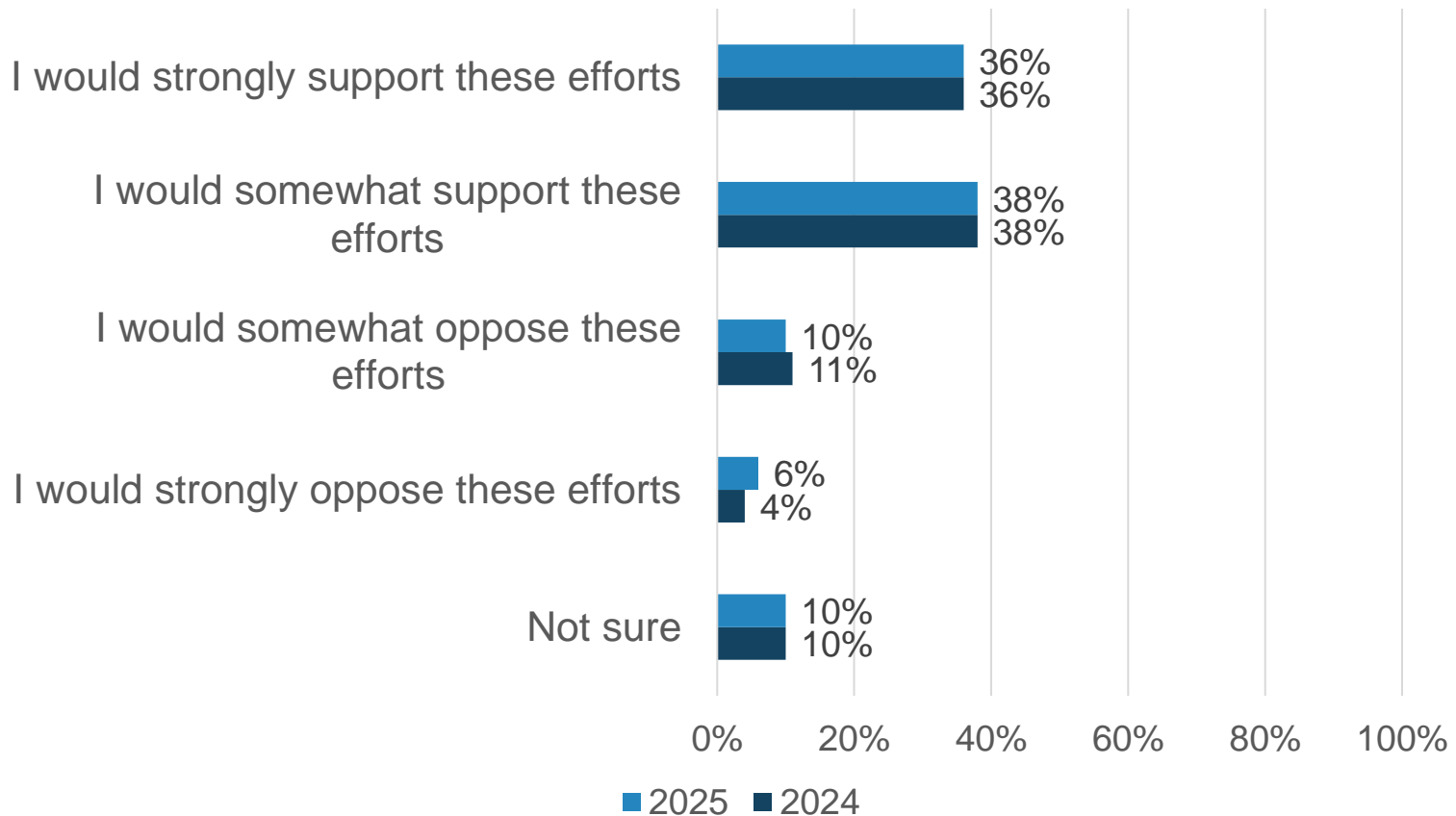


Lifeway research

Q22: "A bill currently cosponsored by 9 Republicans and 7 Democrats in the U.S. Senate and supported by many U.S. military veterans would require Afghan allies evacuated by the U.S. military in 2021 to undergo additional vetting and then allow them to apply for permanent legal status. Please indicate if you would or would not support Republicans and Democrats working together to pass this bill." n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

Support remains high (74%) for legislation that would allow Afghan allies evacuated by the U.S. military to apply for permanent status after vetting

Self-Identified 2025 compared to 2024

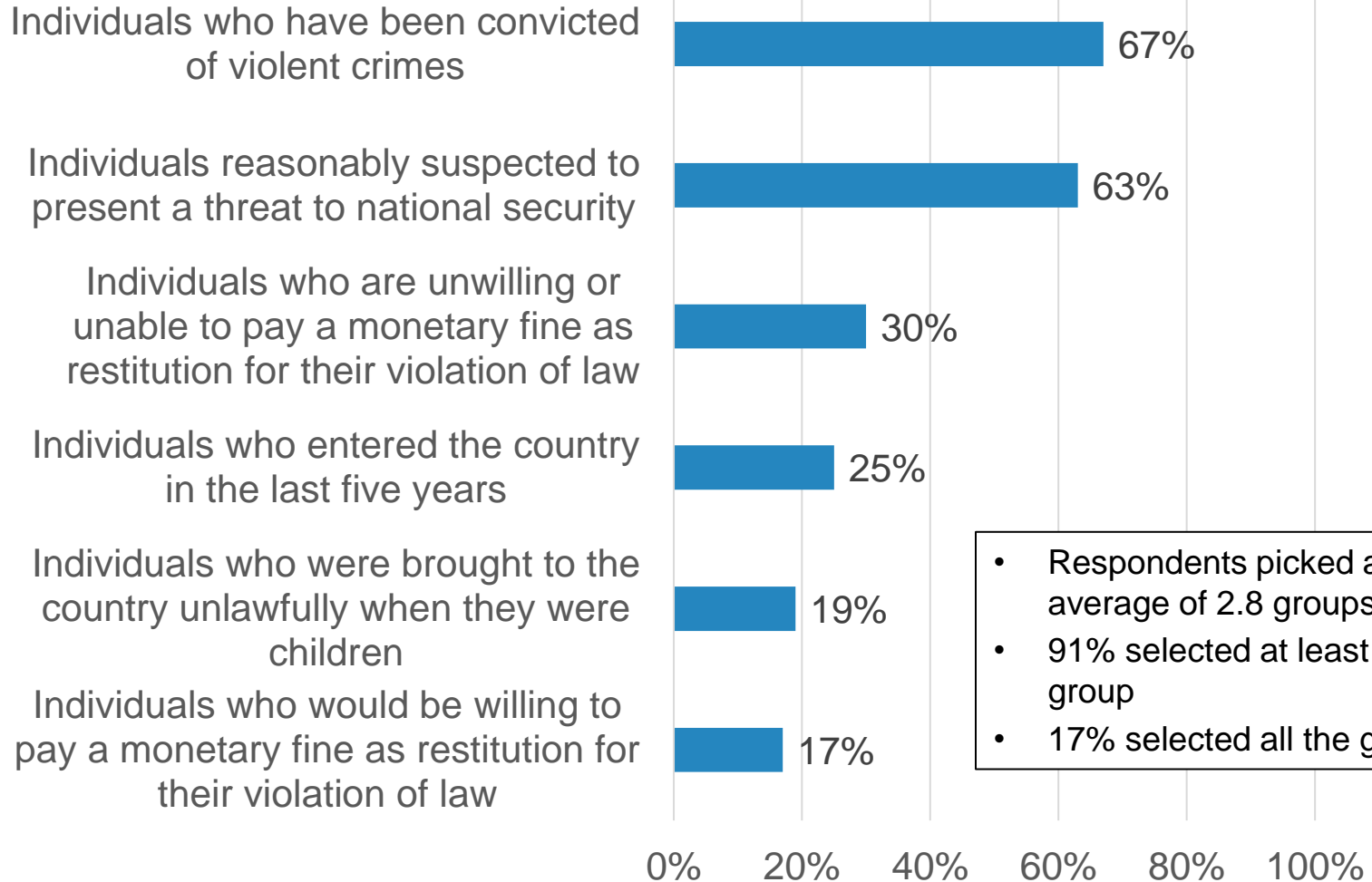


Lifeway research

Q22: "A bill currently cosponsored by 9 Republicans and 7 (2024 6) Democrats in the U.S. Senate and supported by many U.S. military veterans would require Afghan allies evacuated by the U.S. military in 2021 to undergo additional vetting and then allow them to apply for permanent legal status. Please indicate if you would or would not support Republicans and Democrats working together to pass this bill."

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Total Evangelicals



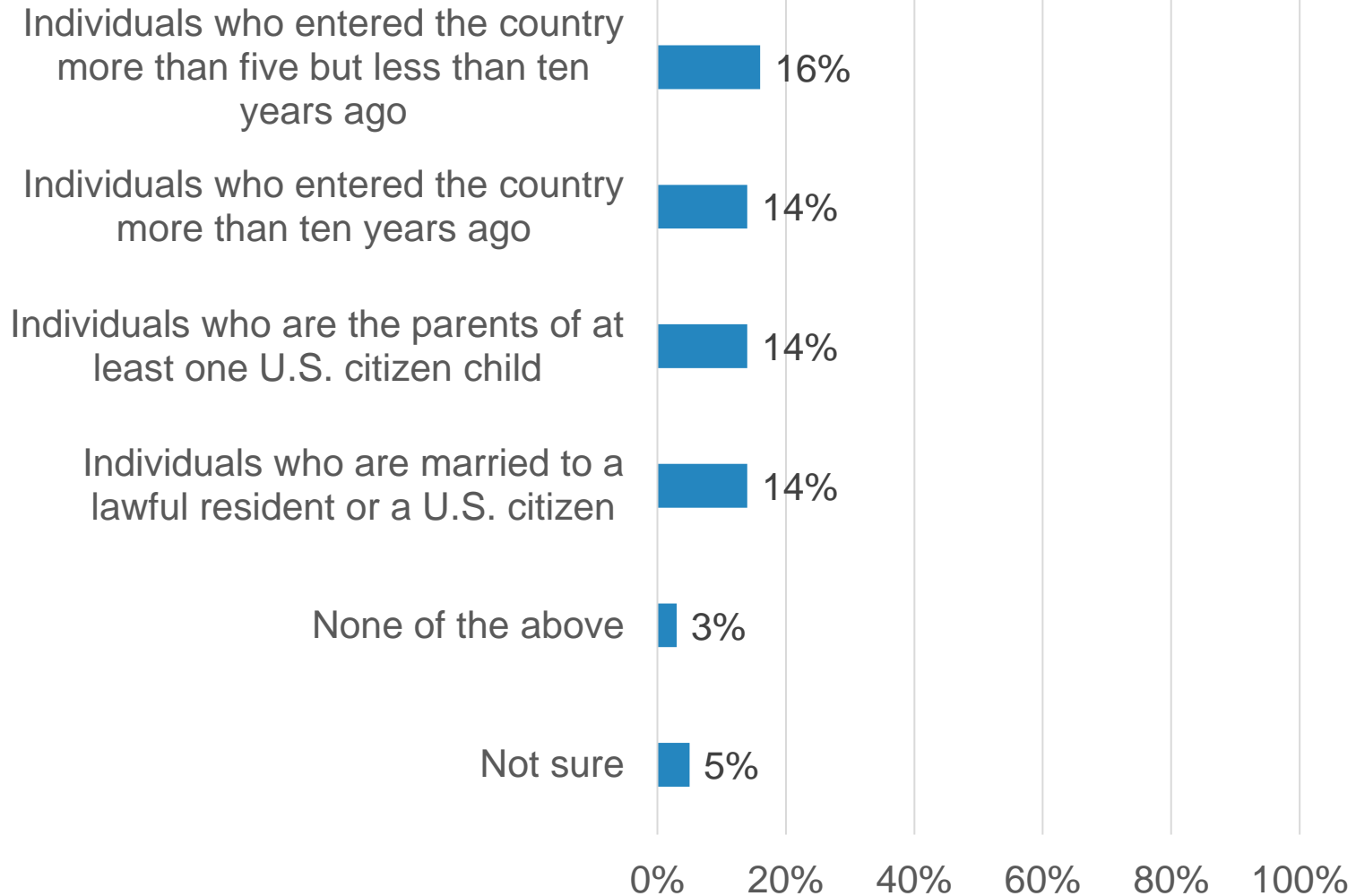
- Respondents picked an average of 2.8 groups
- 91% selected at least one group
- 17% selected all the groups

Lifeway research

Q23: “In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe **should be** prioritized for deportation? (Select all that apply)” n=1,004

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?” *continued*

Total Evangelicals

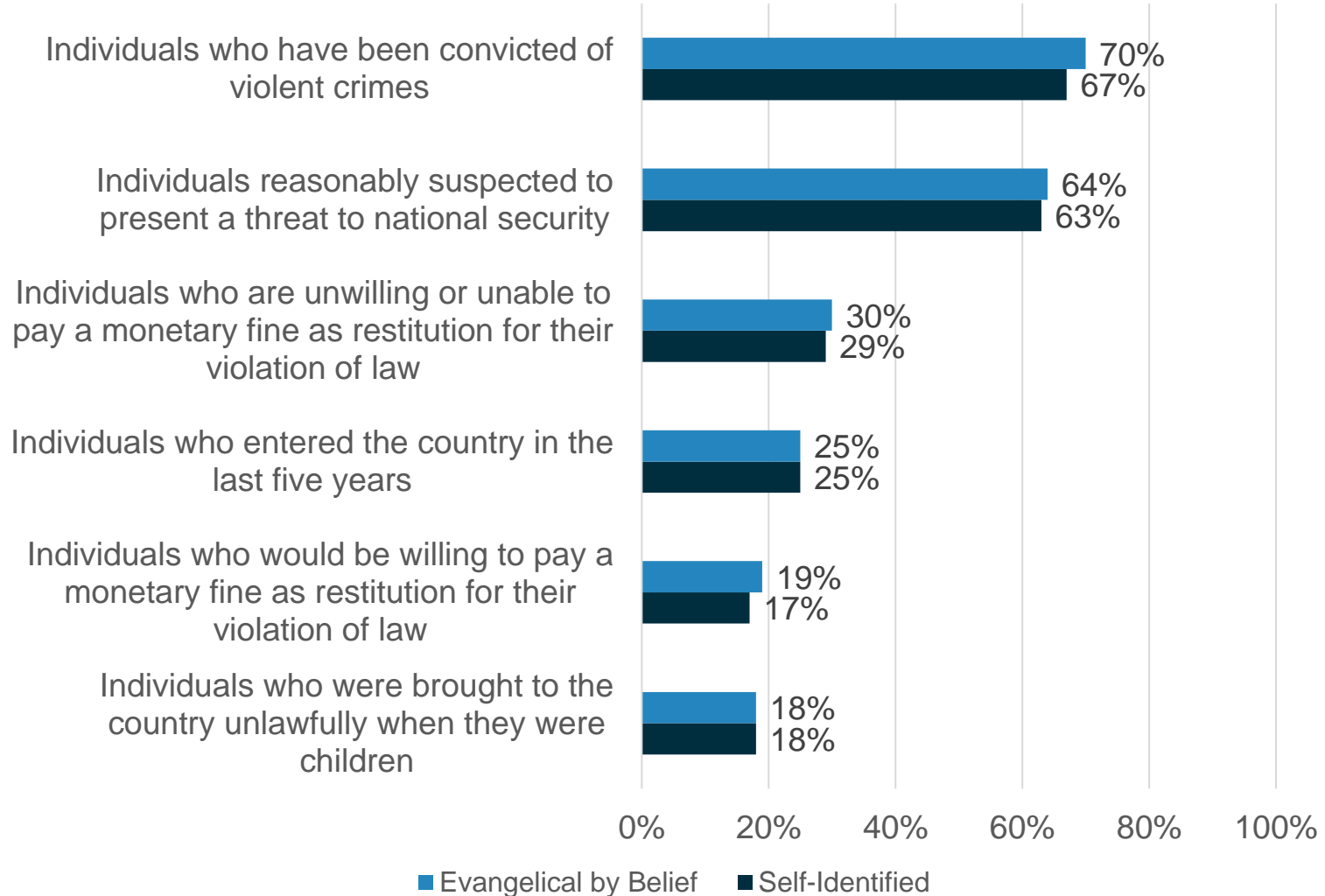


Lifeway research

Q23: “In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe **should be** prioritized for deportation? (Select all that apply)” n=1,004

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



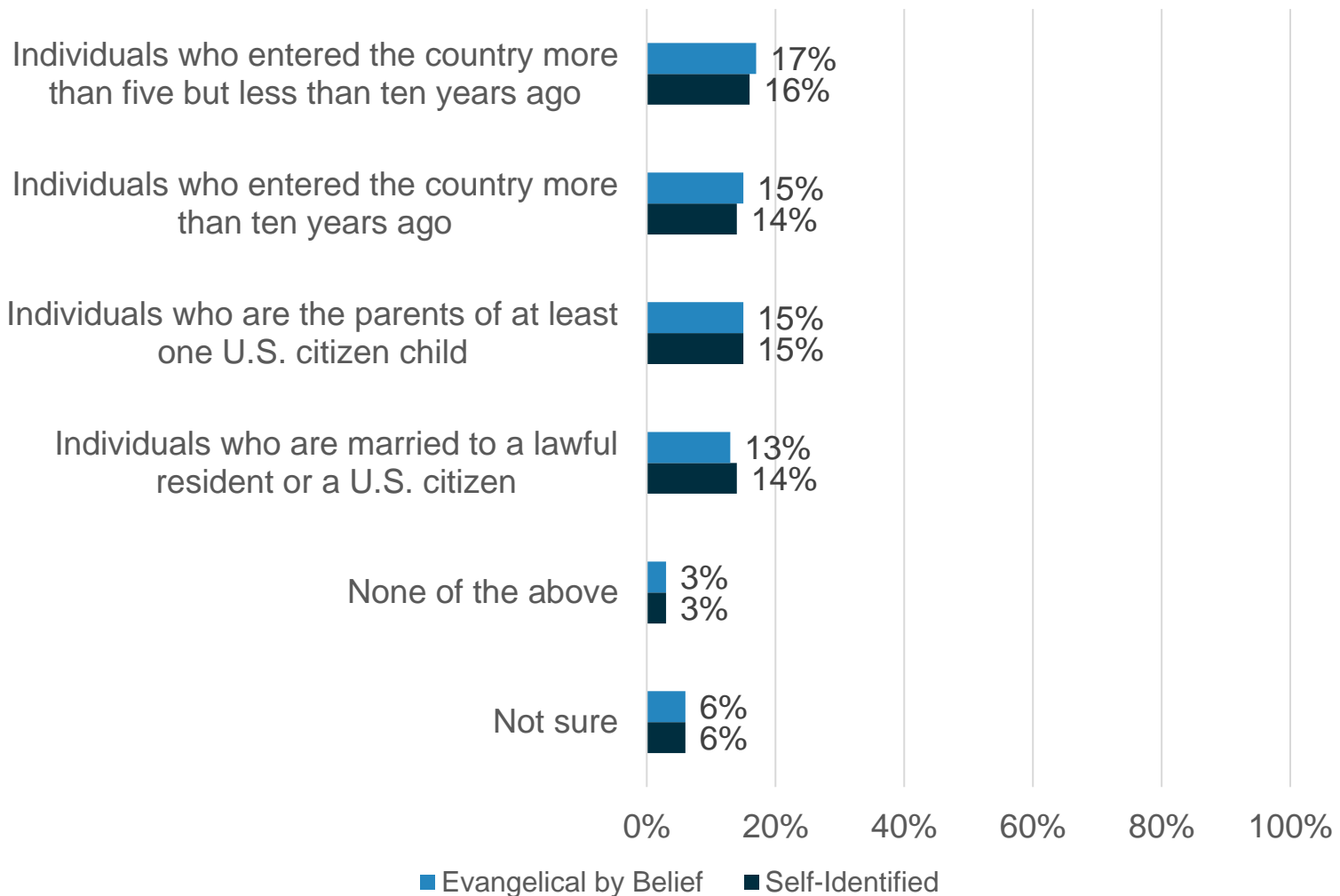
Lifeway research

Q23: “In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe **should be** prioritized for deportation? (Select all that apply)” n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

continued

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

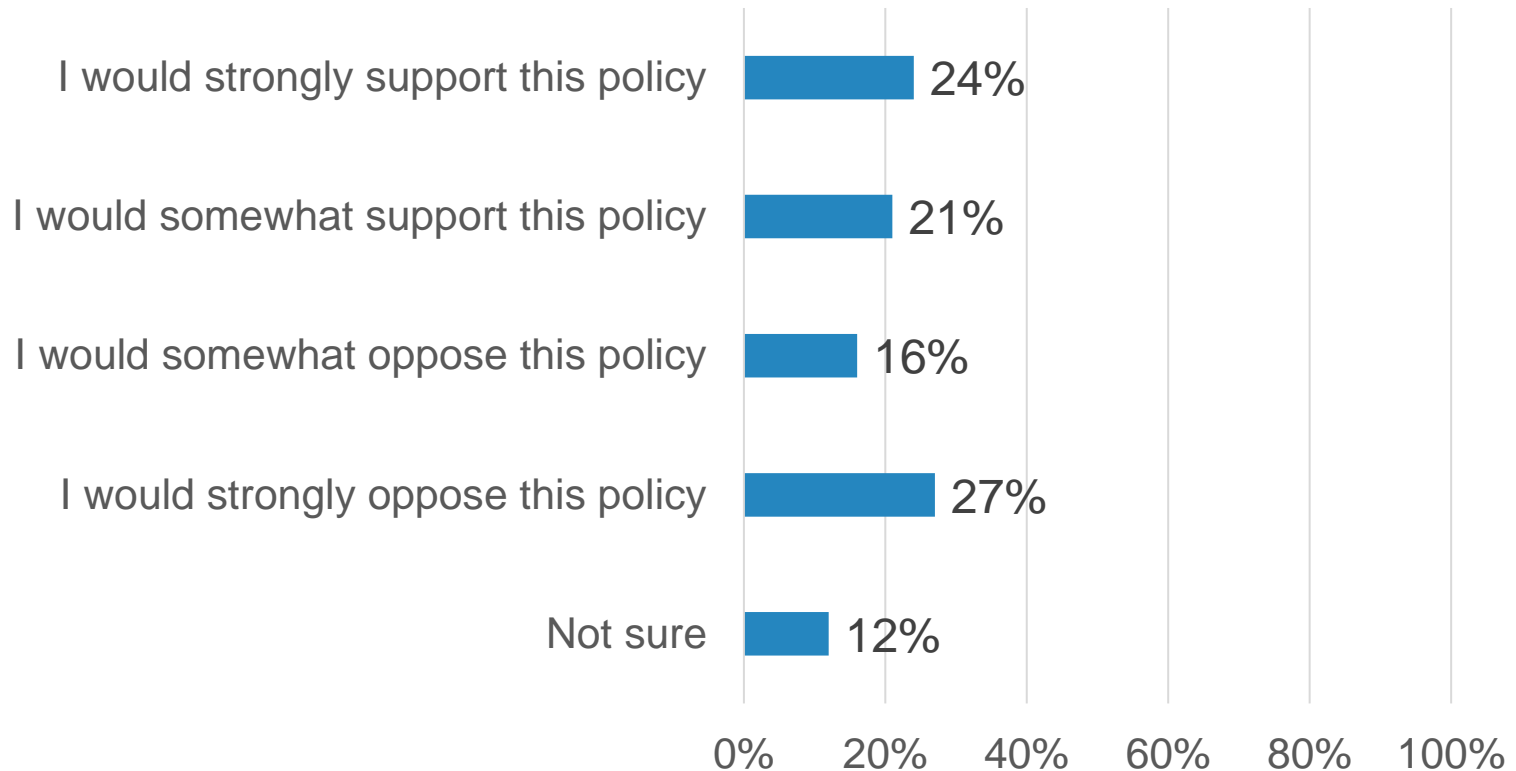


Lifewayresearch

Q23: “In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe **should be** prioritized for deportation? (Select all that apply)” n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

Evangelicals are split on reintroducing a “zero tolerance” policy along the U.S-Mexico border that separates children from their parents with 45% supporting and 43% opposing

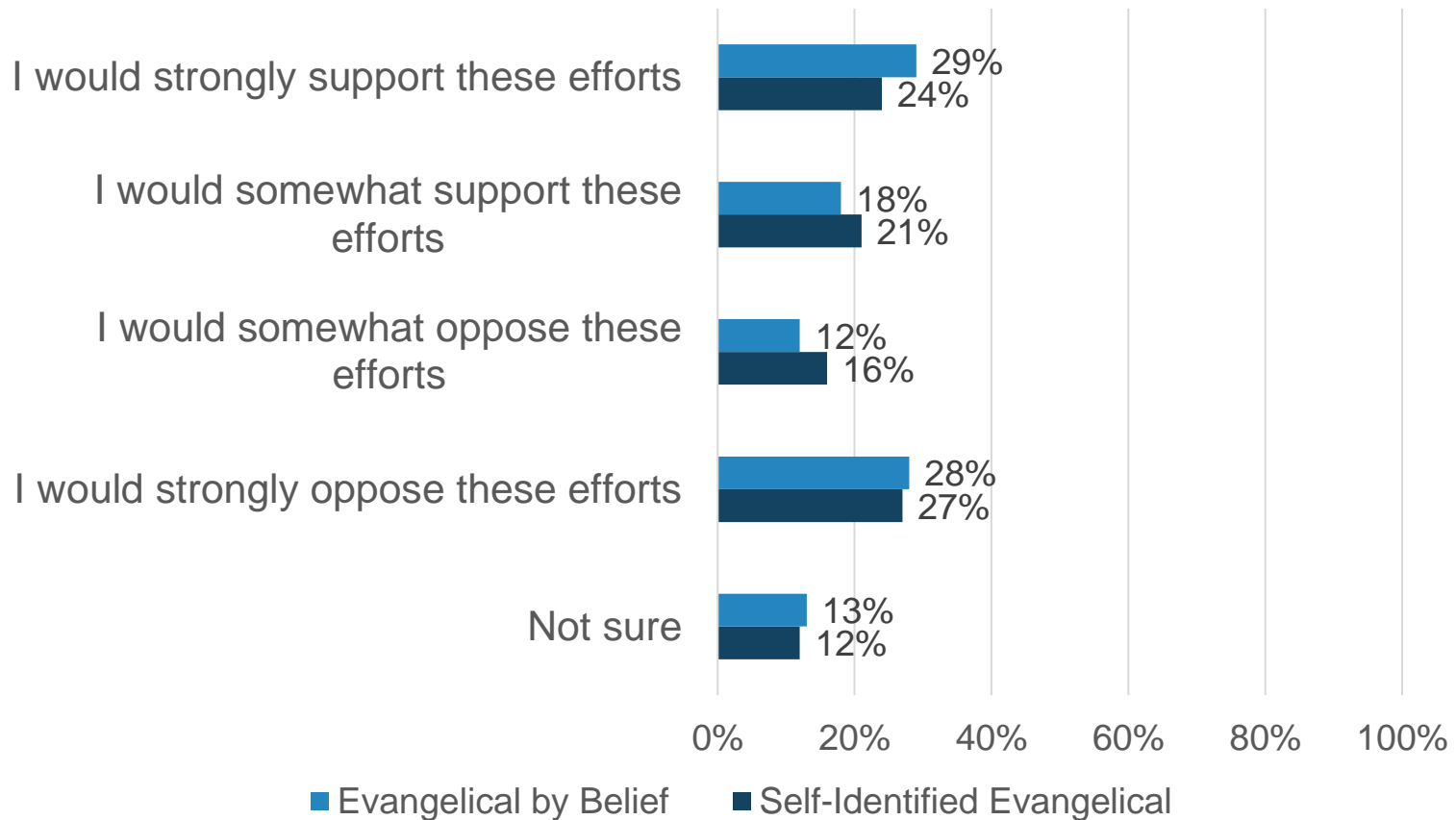
Total Evangelicals



Lifeway research

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly support reintroducing a “zero tolerance” policy along the U.S.-Mexico border that separates children from their parents

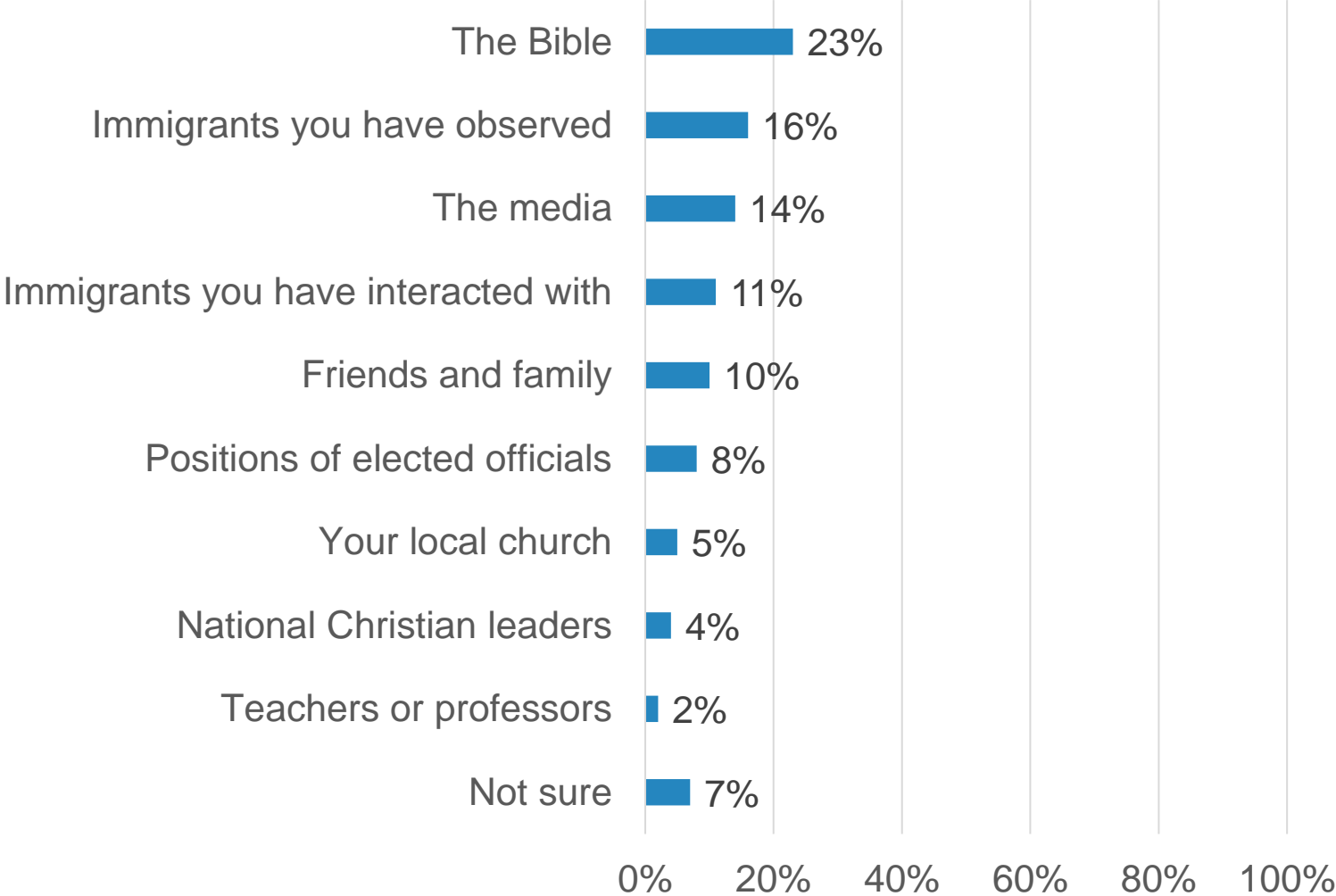
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

Influenced your thinking on immigration MOST

Total Evangelicals

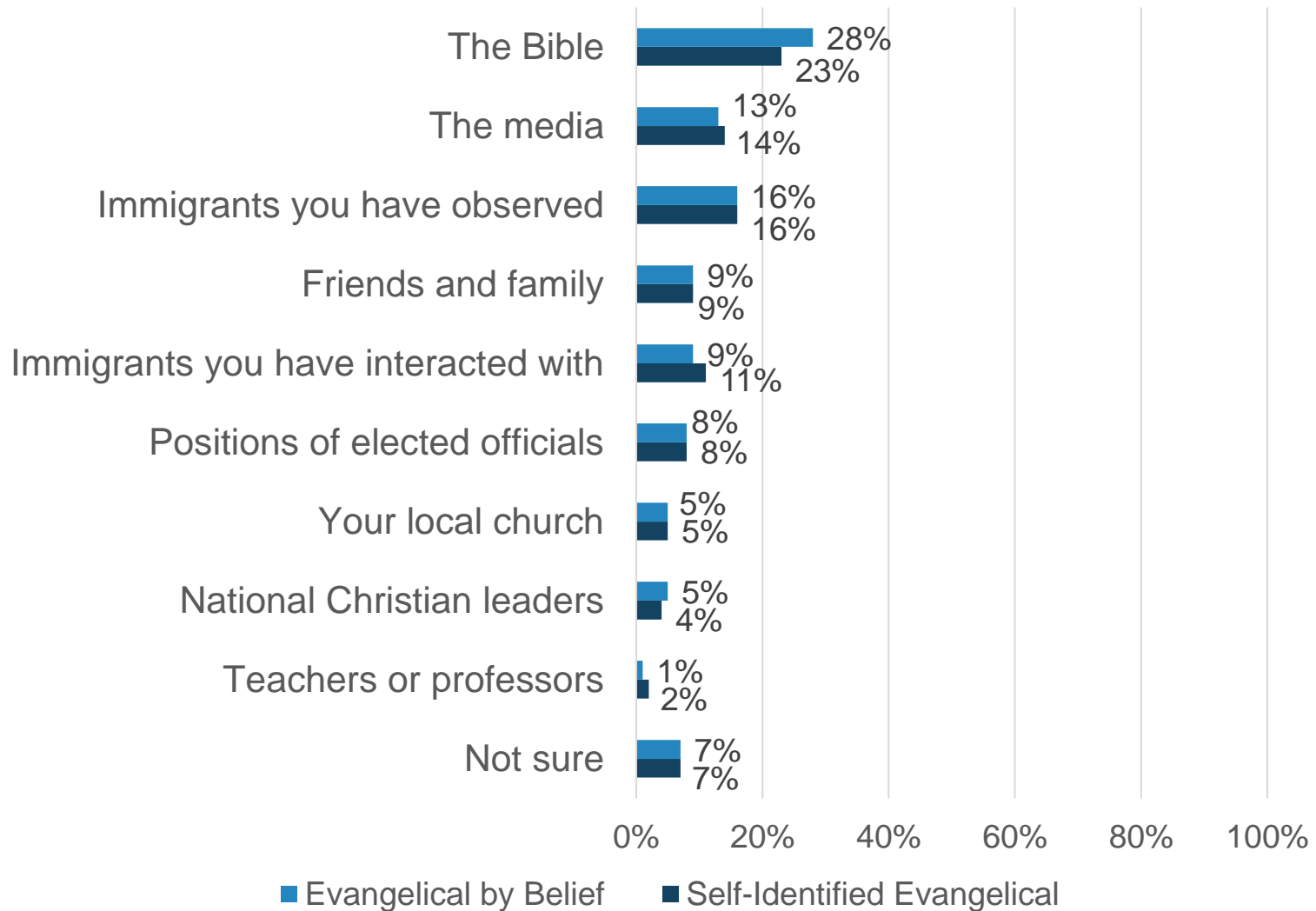


Lifewayresearch

Q25: "Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration? Please type 1, 2, and 3 next to your appropriate choices with 1 being most influential." n=1,004

Influenced your thinking on immigration MOST

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

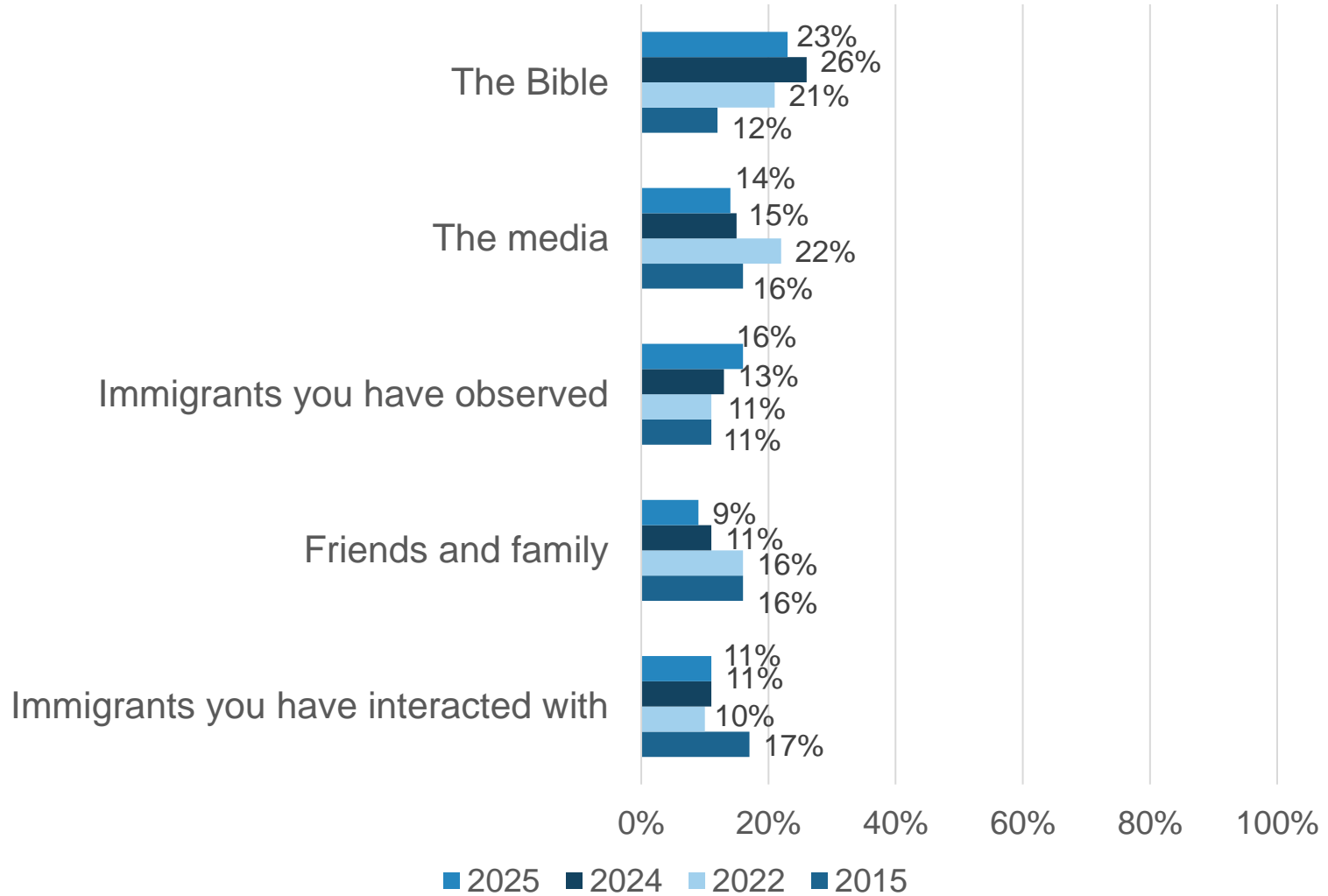


Lifeway research

Q25: "Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration? Please type 1, 2, and 3 next to your appropriate choices with 1 being most influential." n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

No significant changes in the last year on who influenced Self-Identified Evangelicals on immigration MOST

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015



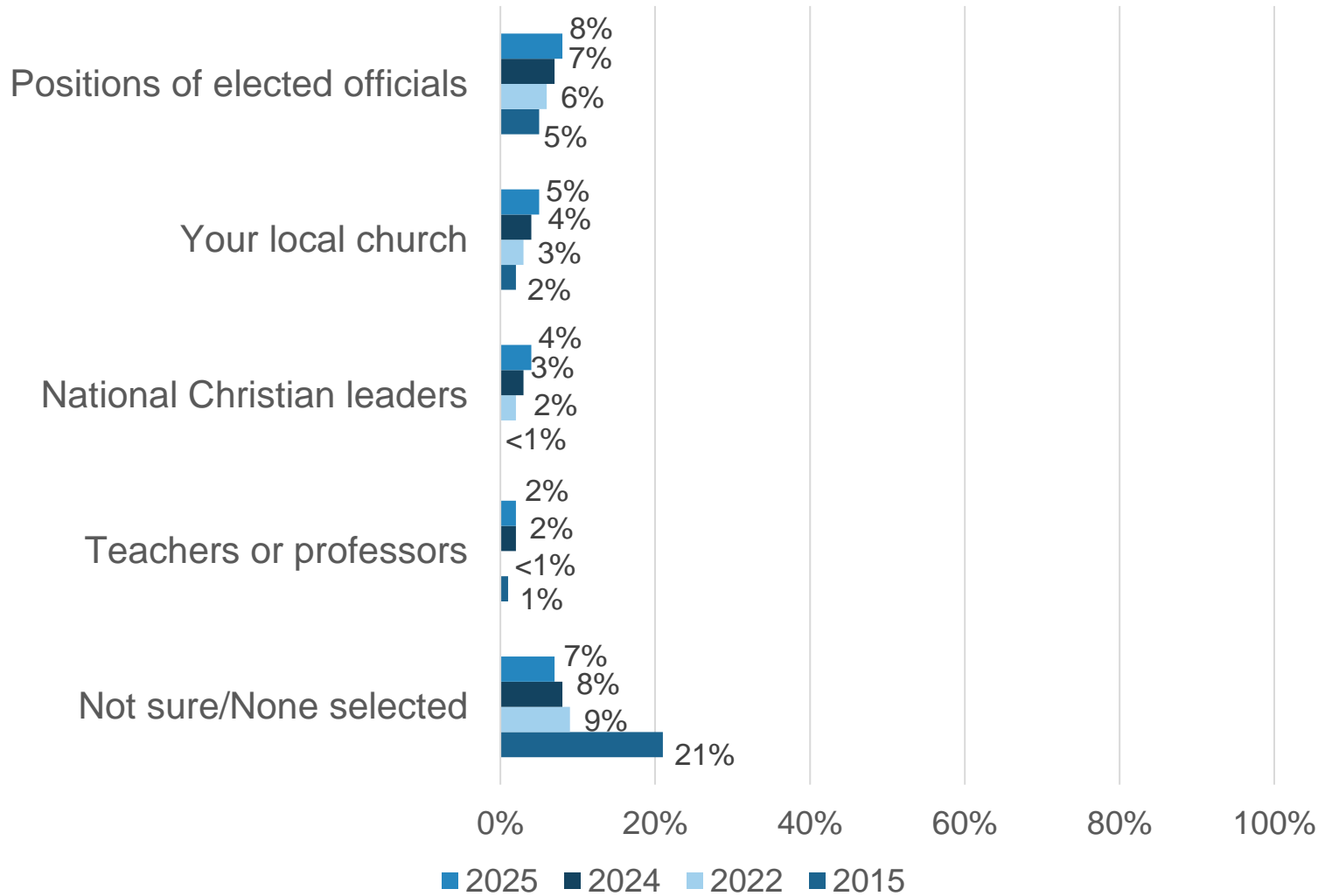
Lifeway research

2015: Which one of the following has influenced your thinking the most on immigration?"

2025, 2024 and 2022: "Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration?" Includes all marked 1 as most influential

No significant changes in the last year on who influenced Self-Identified Evangelicals on immigration MOST continued

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015



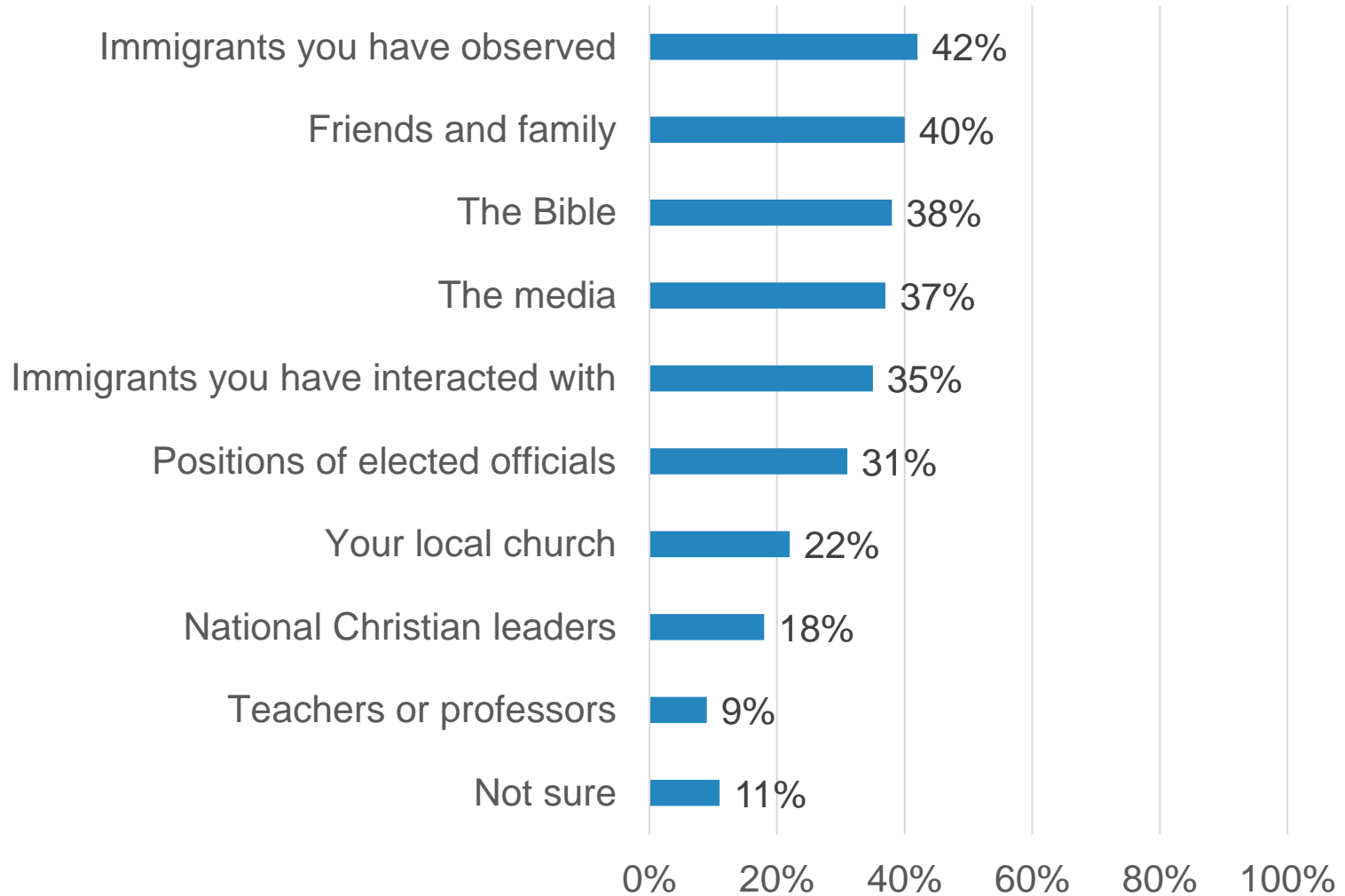
Lifewayresearch

2015: Which one of the following has influenced your thinking the most on immigration?"

2025, 2024 and 2022: "Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration?" Includes all marked 1 as most influential

Top three influencers

Total Evangelicals

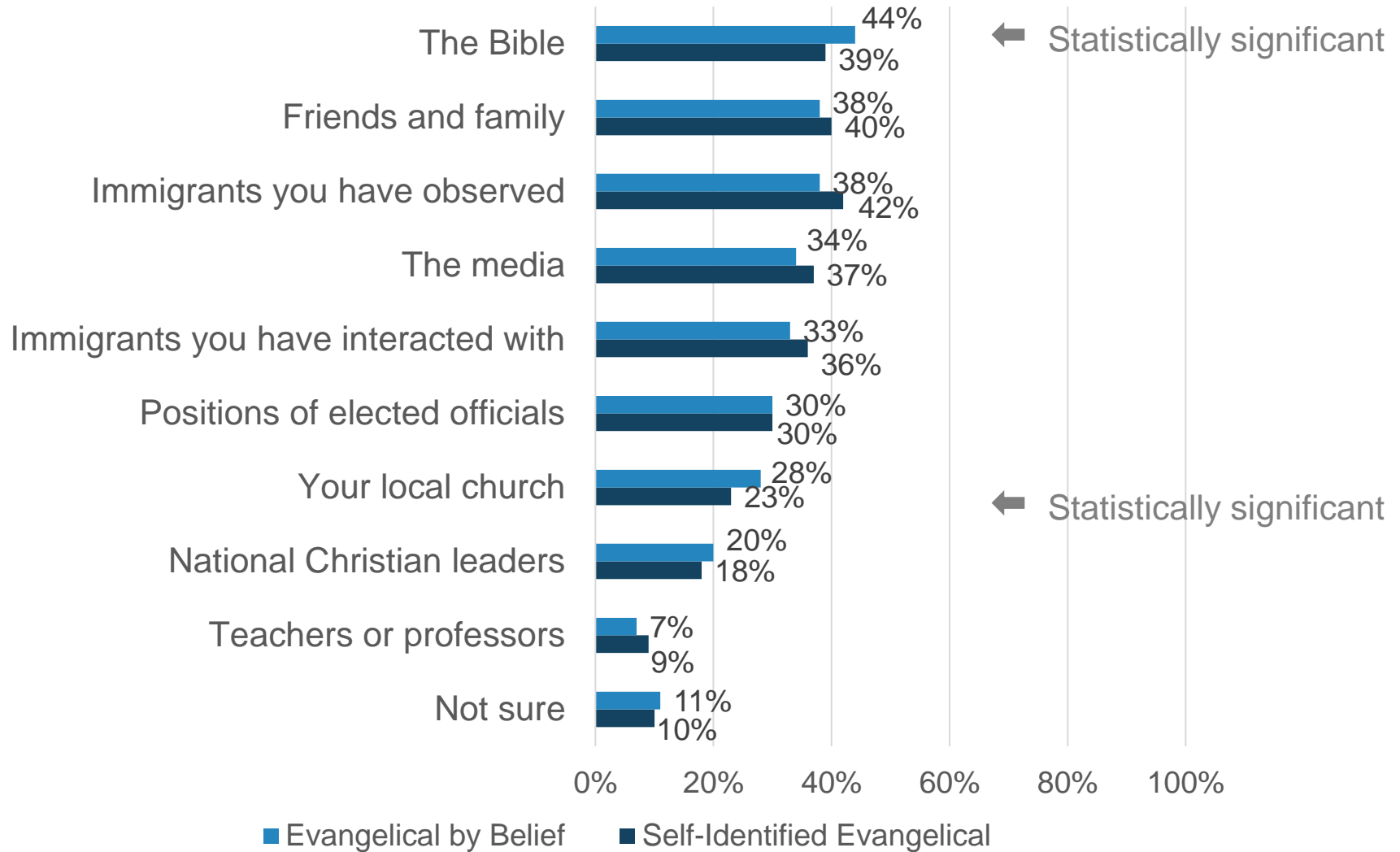


Lifewayresearch

Q25: "Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration? Please type 1, 2, and 3 next to your appropriate choices with 1 being most influential." n=1,004

Top Three Influencers

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

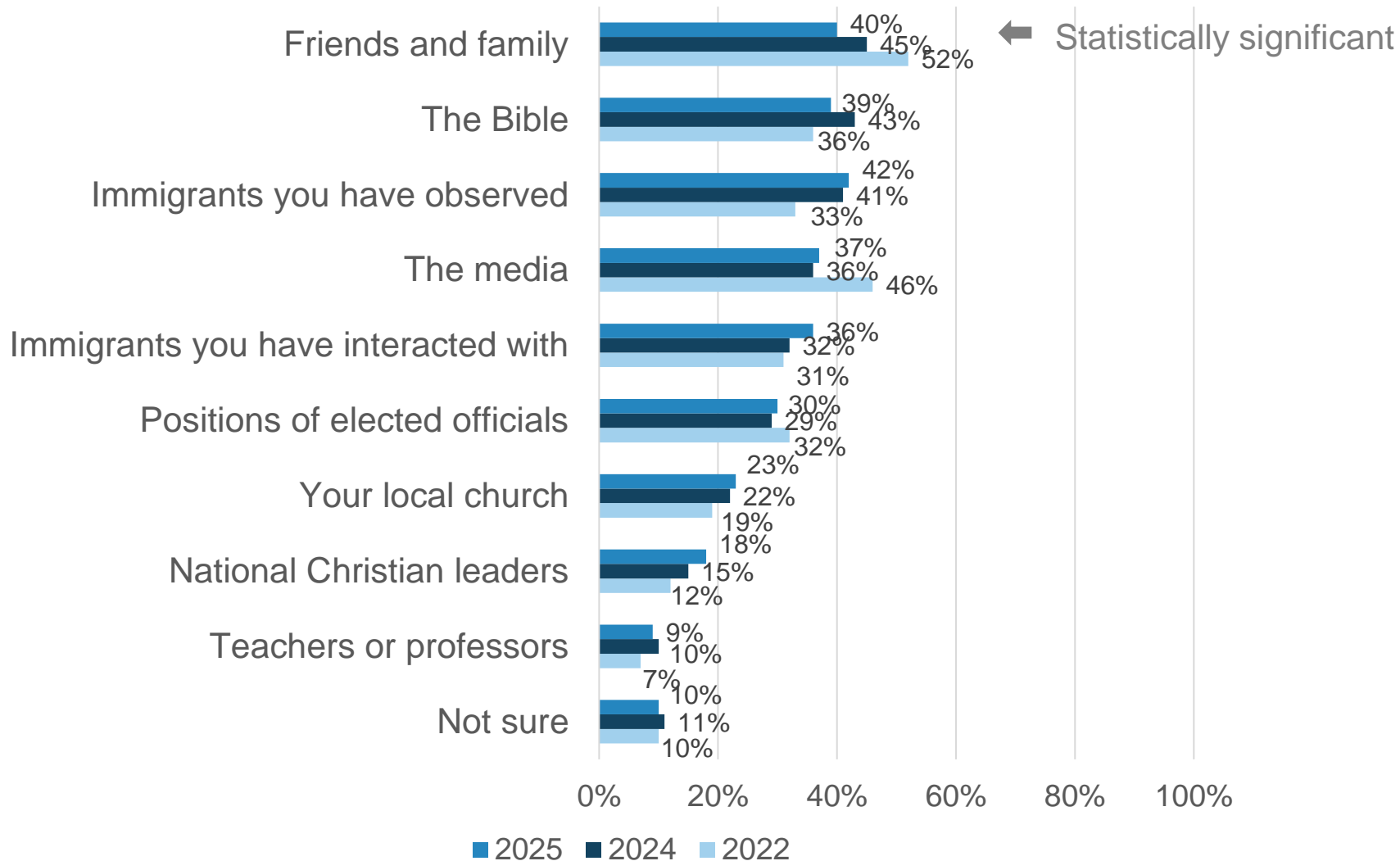


Lifeway research

Q25: "Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration? Please type 1, 2, and 3 next to your appropriate choices with 1 being most influential." n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

Fewer Self-Identified Evangelicals say friends and family are top three influencers than in 2024

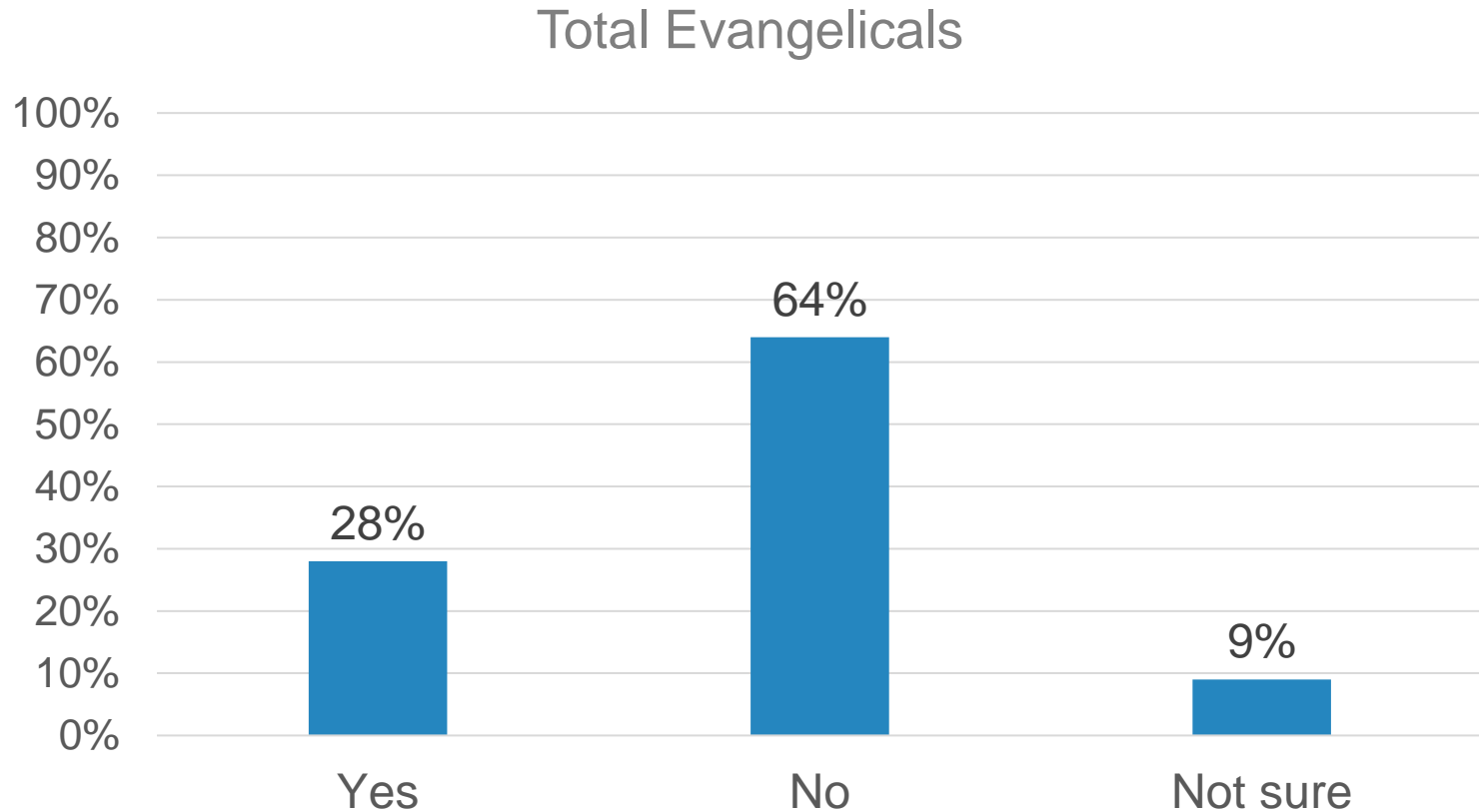
Self-Identified 2025 compared to 2024 & 2022



Lifeway research

Q25: "Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration? Please type 1, 2, and 3 next to your appropriate choices with 1 being most influential."

28% have heard immigration discussed at their local church that encouraged outreach to immigrants in their community

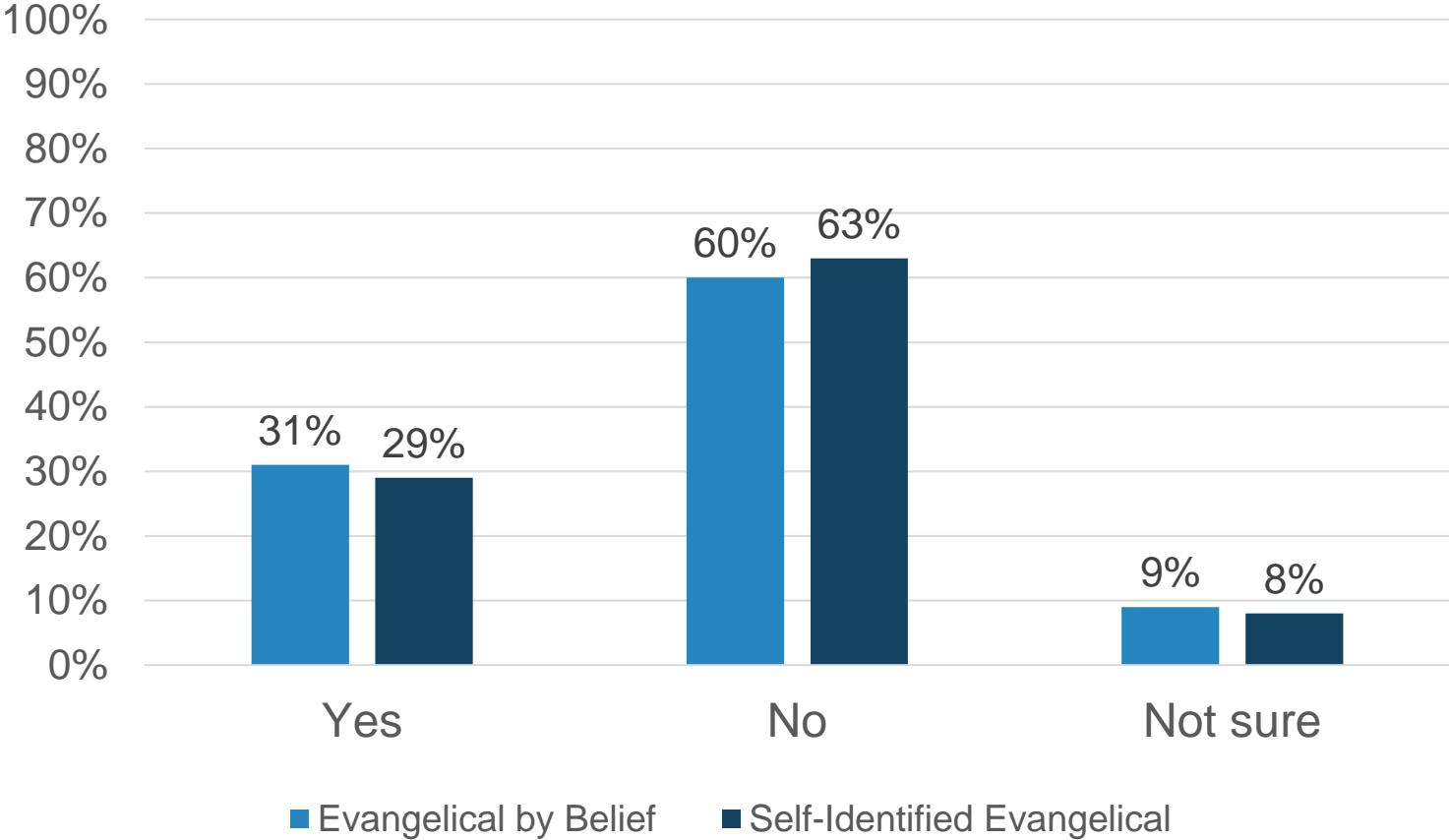


Lifeway research

Q26: "Have you ever heard immigration discussed at your local church in a way that encouraged you to reach out to the immigrants in your community?" n=1,004

Less than a third of both groups of Evangelicals have heard immigration discussed at their local church that encouraged outreach to immigrants

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

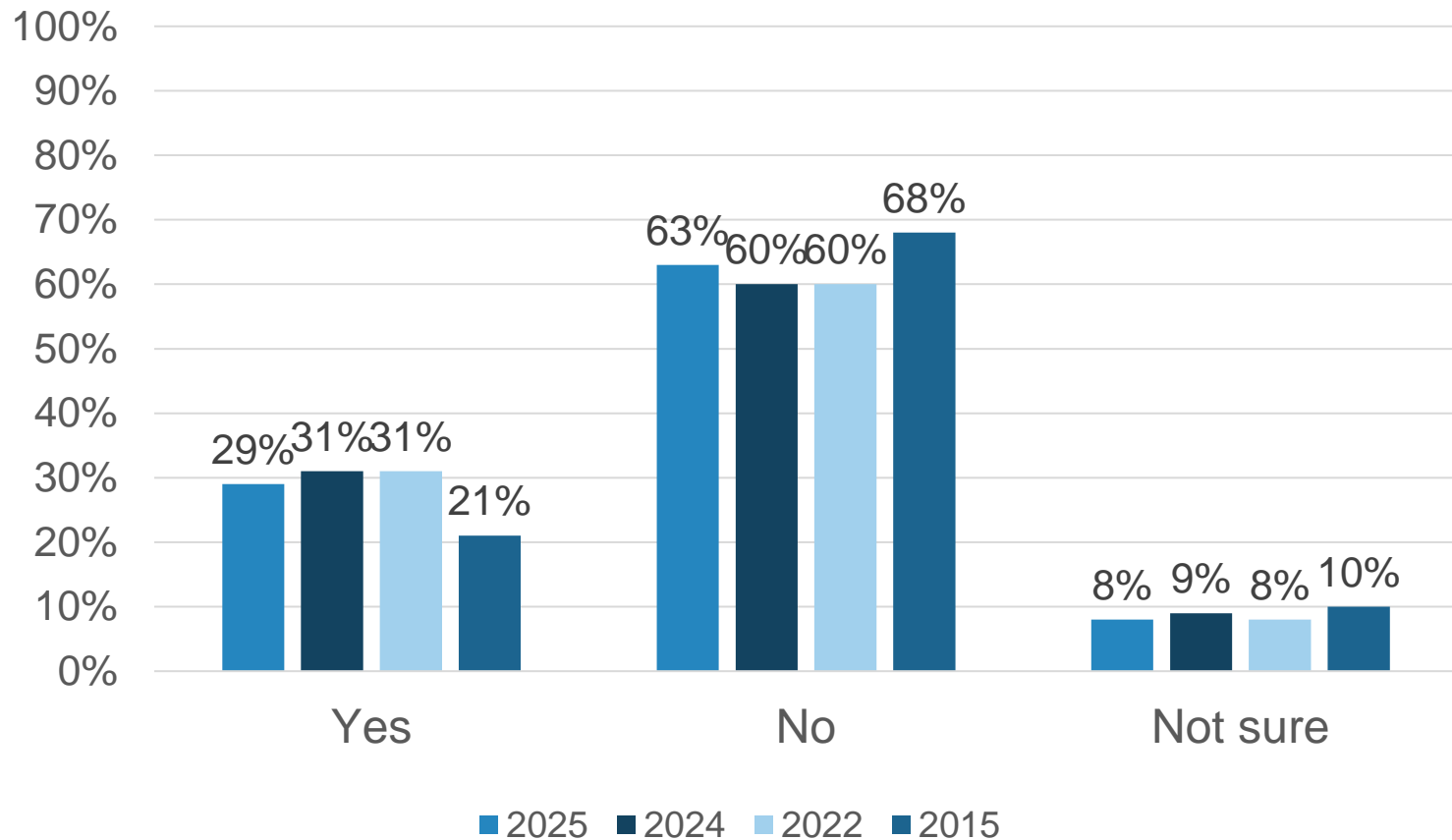


Lifeway research

Q26: "Have you ever heard immigration discussed at your local church in a way that encouraged you to reach out to the immigrants in your community?" n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

More Self-Identified Evangelicals have heard immigration discussed at their local church that encouraged outreach to immigrants than in 2015

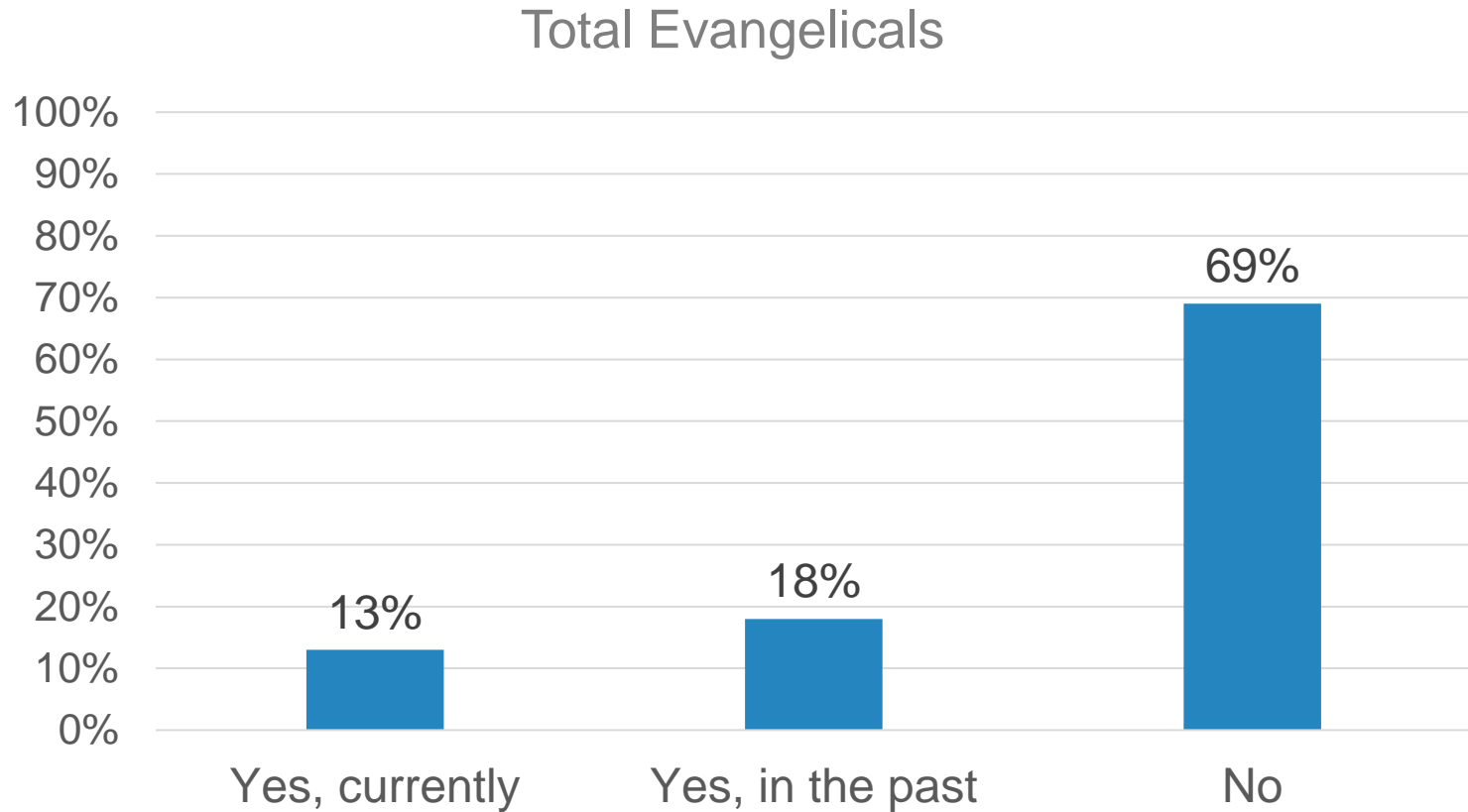
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015



Lifeway research

Q26: "Have you ever heard immigration discussed at your local church in a way that encouraged you to reach out to the immigrants in your community?"

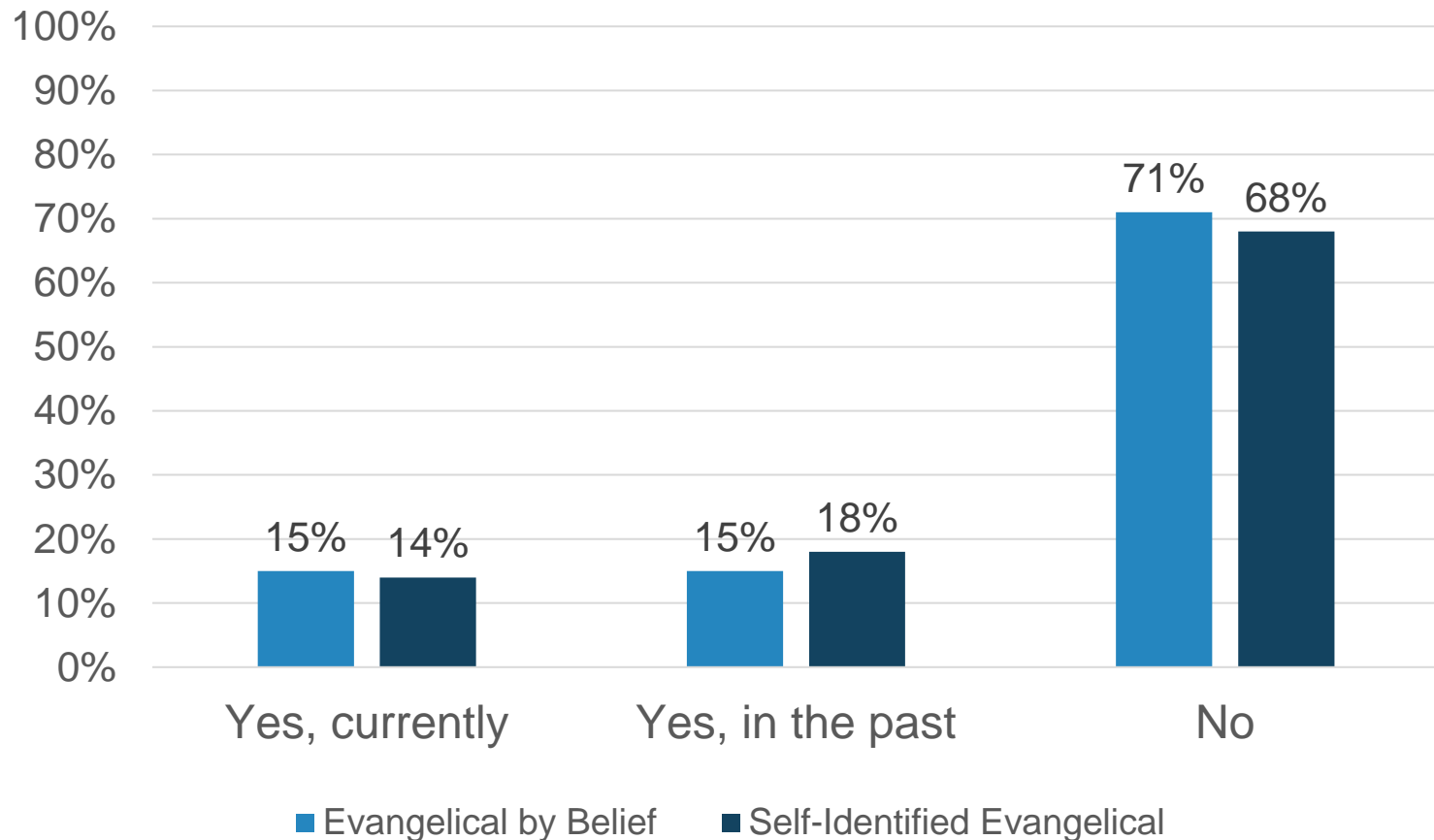
31% have been involved in a ministry that served refugees or other immigrants



Lifeway research

About a third of both types of Evangelicals have been involved in a ministry that serves refugees or other immigrants

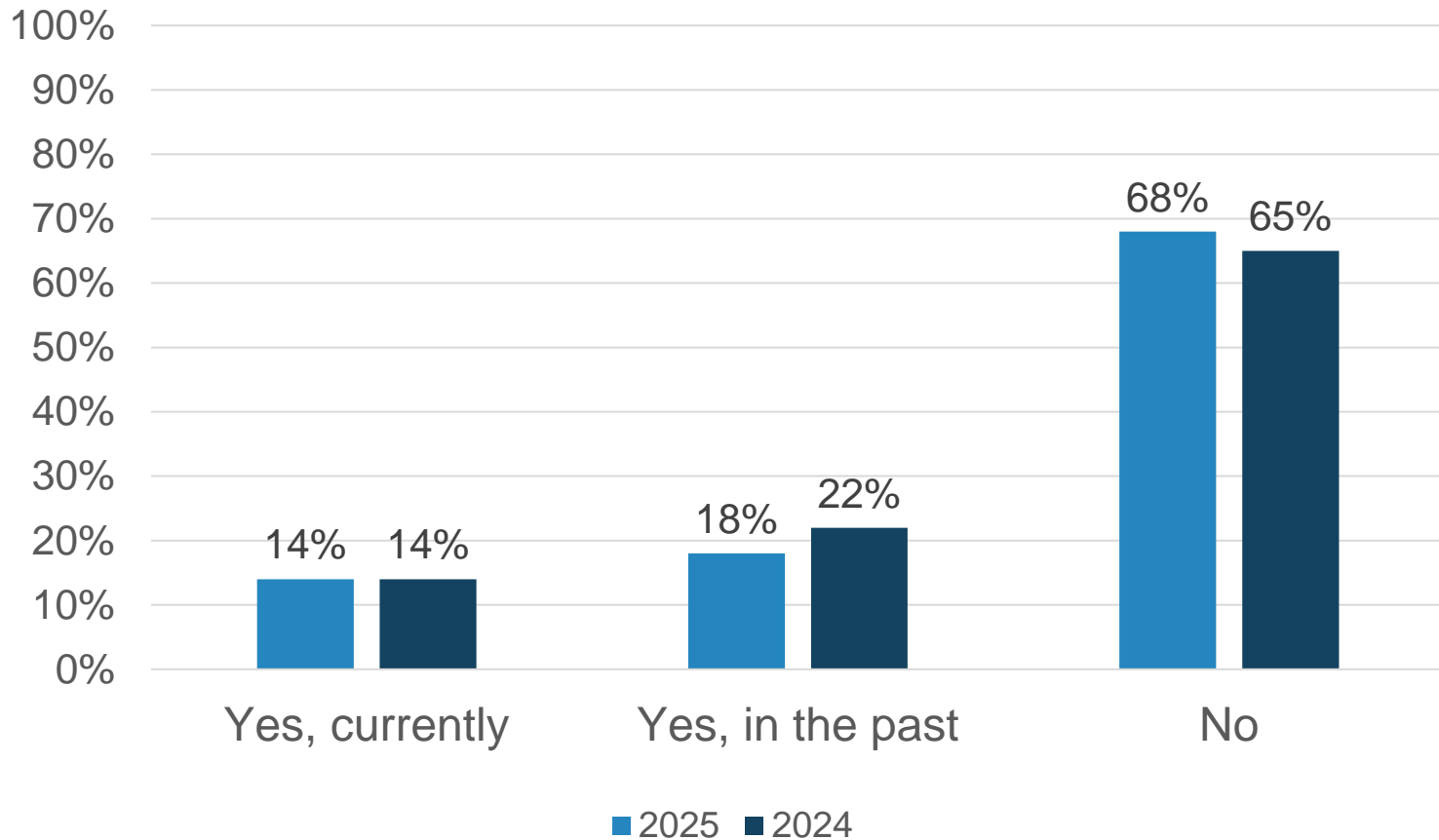
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

A similar number of Self-Identified Evangelicals have been involved in a ministry that serves refugees or other immigrants in 2024 and 2025

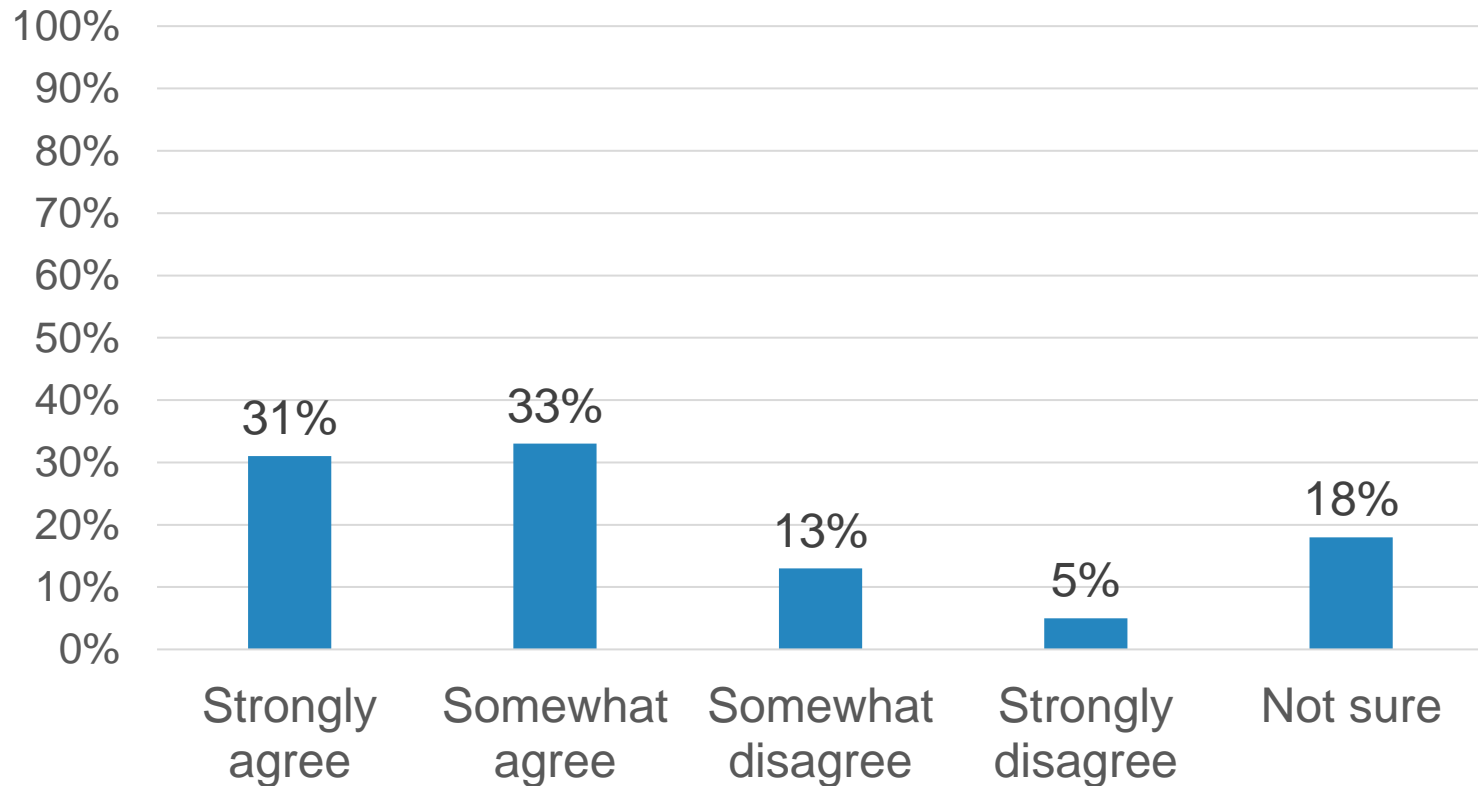
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024



Lifeway research

64% agree they are very familiar with what the Bible has to say about how immigrants should be treated

Total Evangelicals

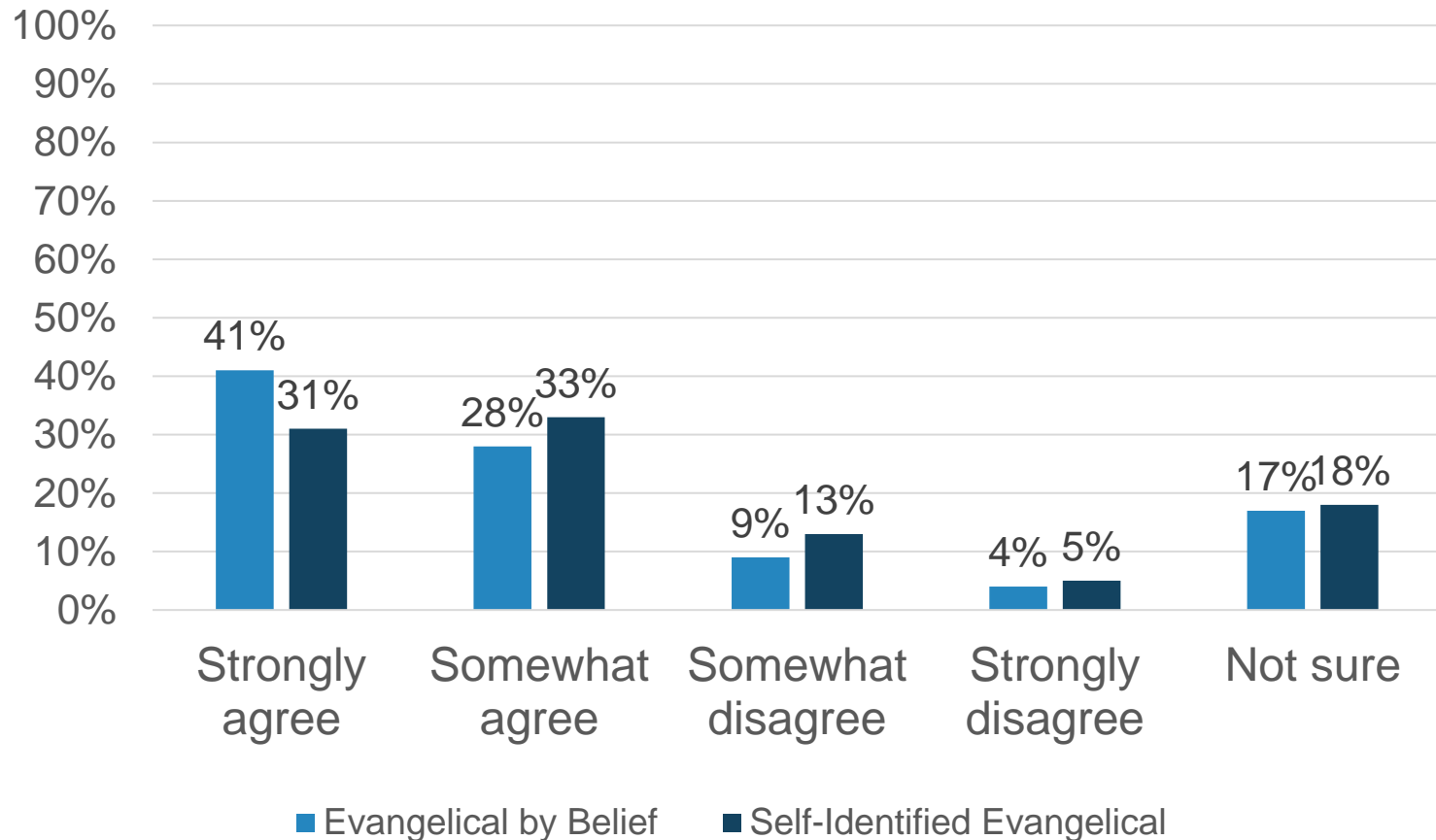


Lifeway research

Q28: "I am very familiar with what the Bible has to say about how immigrants should be treated." n=1,004

Evangelicals by belief are more likely to strongly agree they are familiar with what the Bible has to say on how immigrants should be treated than Self-Identified Evangelicals (41% v. 31%)

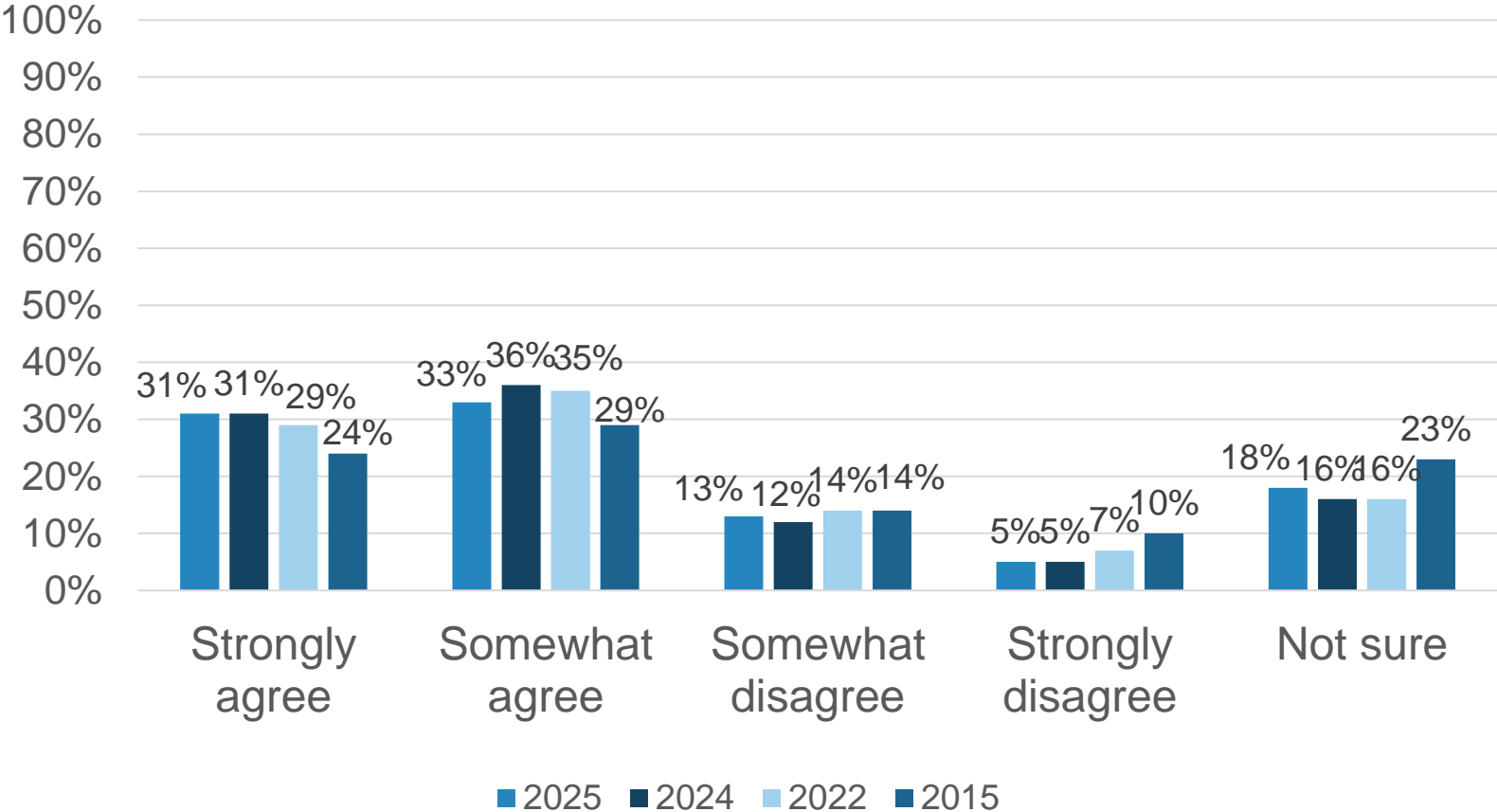
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

More Self-Identified Evangelicals agree they are familiar with what the Bible has to say on how immigrants should be treated and fewer are not sure than in 2015

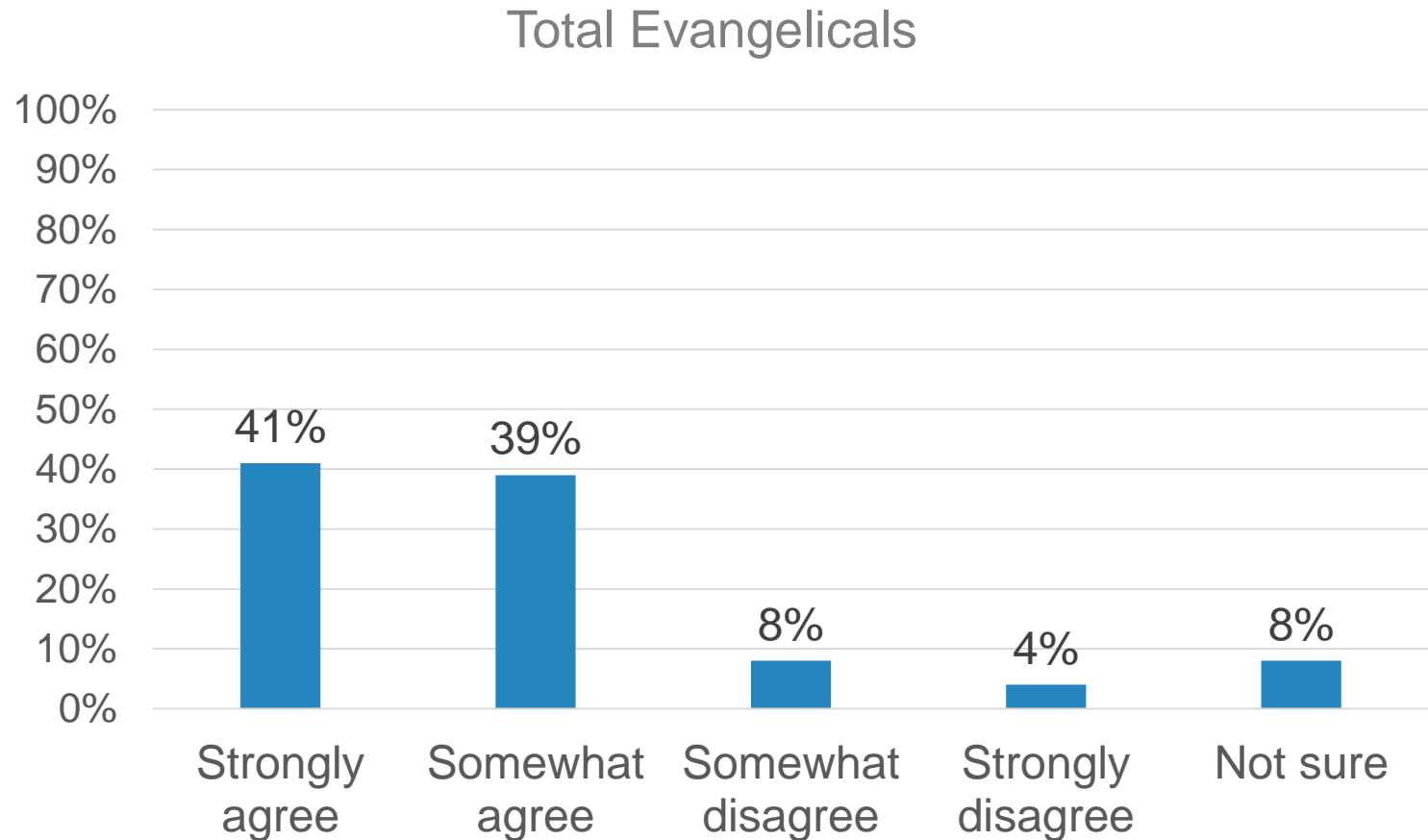
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015



Lifeway research

Q28: "I am very familiar with what the Bible has to say about how immigrants should be treated."

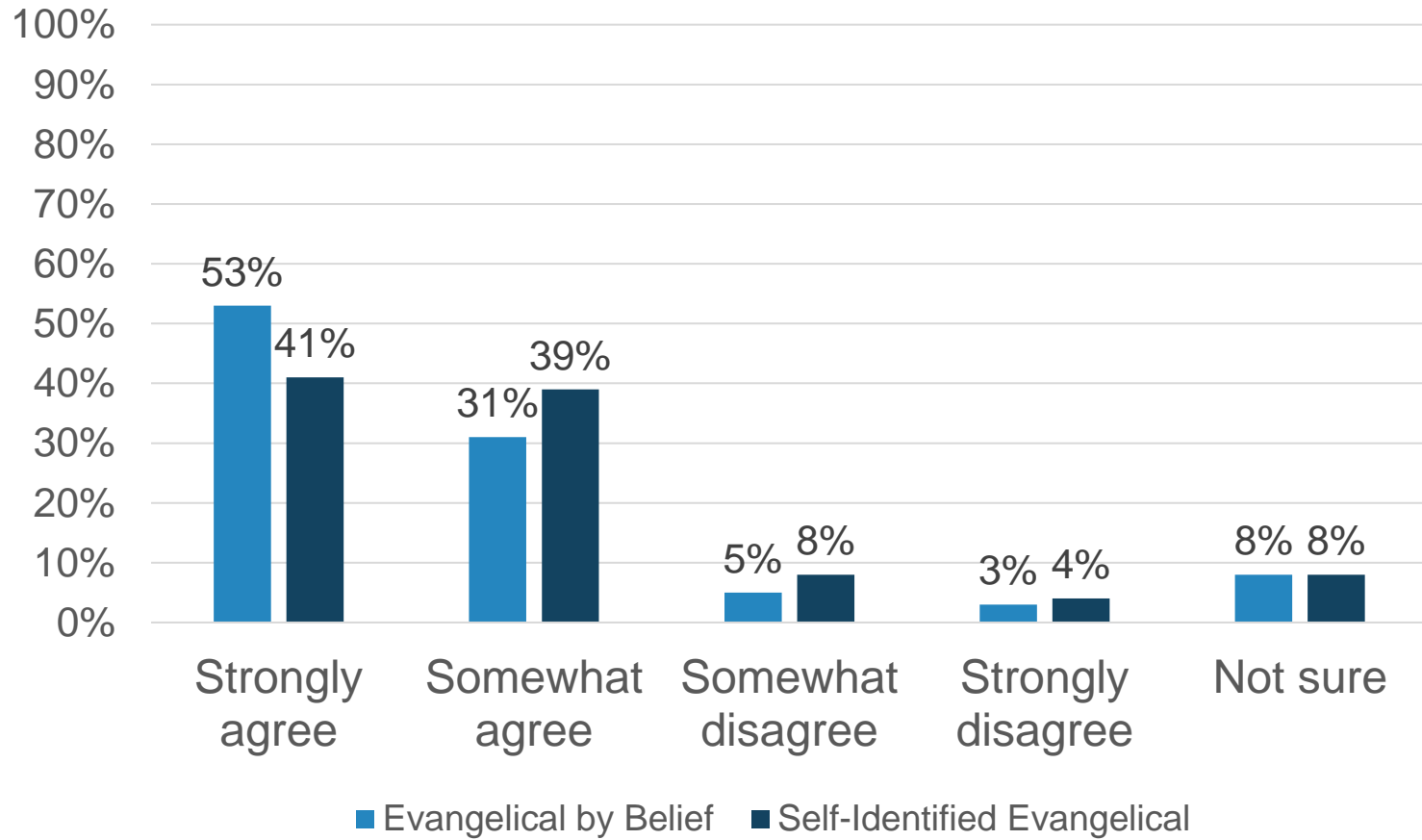
80% would value hearing a sermon that teaches how biblical principles and examples can be applied to immigration in the U.S.



Lifeway research

Evangelicals by belief are more likely to strongly agree they would value hearing a sermon applying biblical principles to U.S. immigration than Self-Identified Evangelicals (53% v. 41%)

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

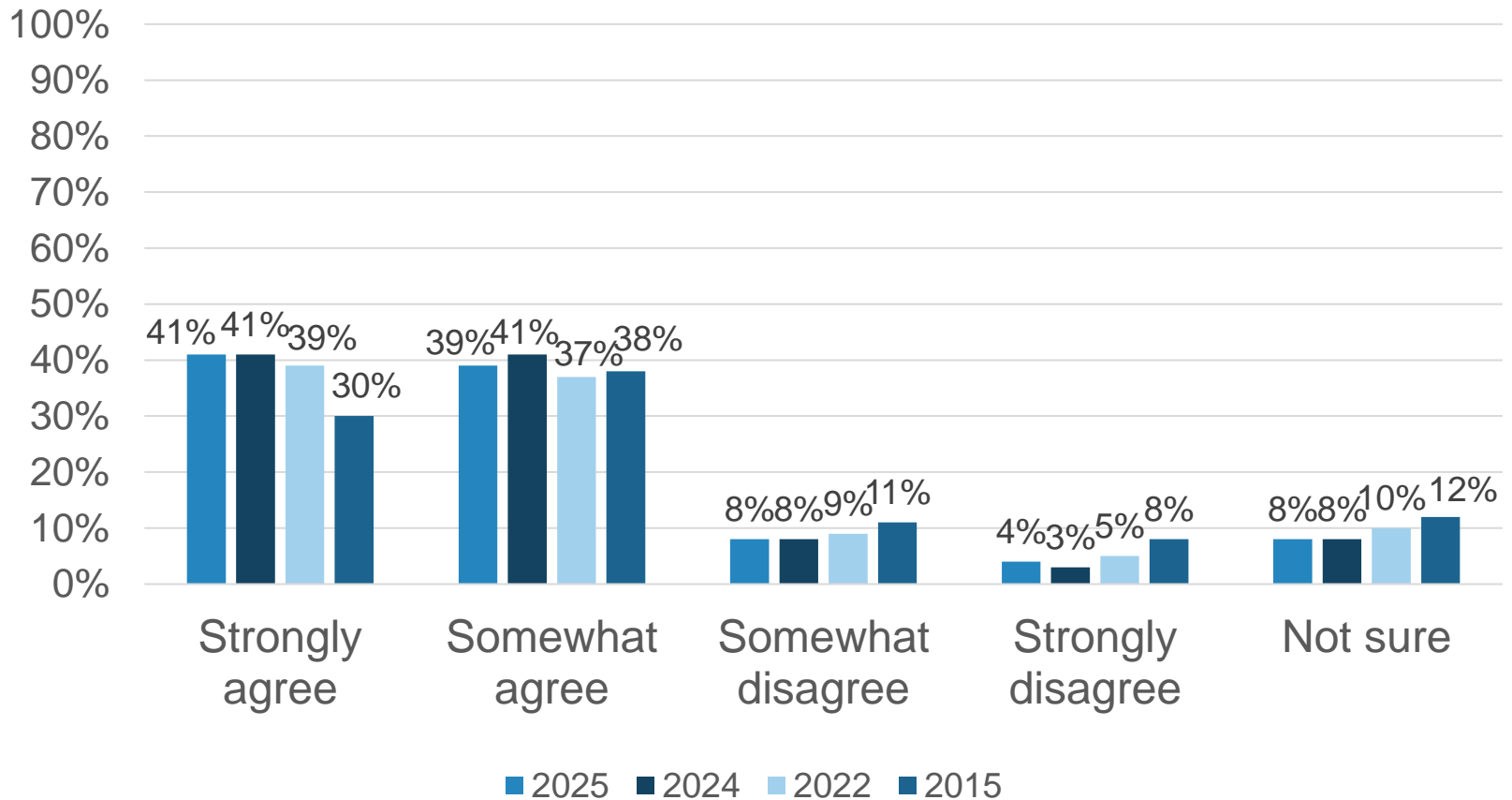


Lifeway research

Q29: "I would value hearing a sermon that taught how biblical principles and examples can be applied to immigration in the United States." n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

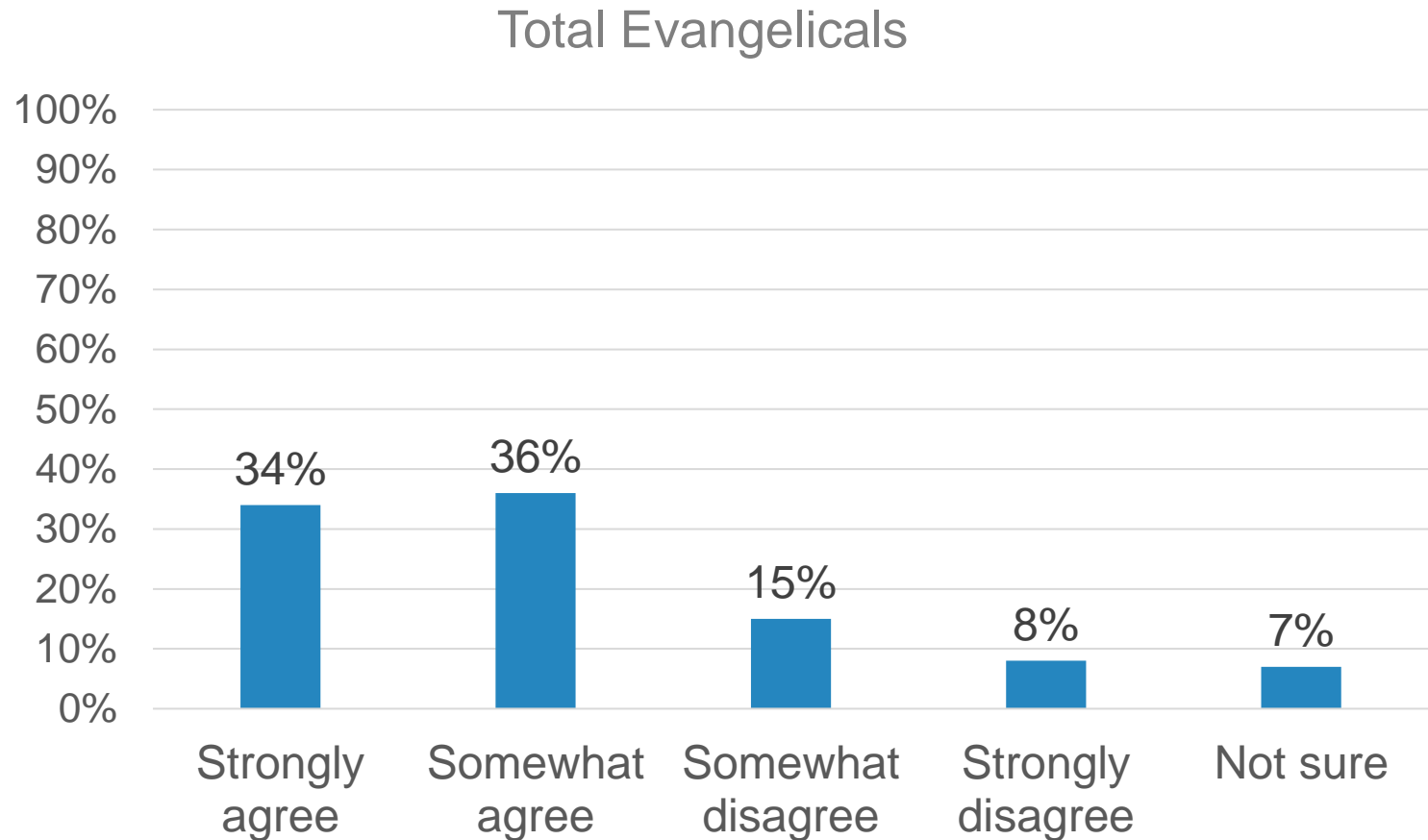
More Self-Identified Evangelicals strongly agree they would value hearing a sermon on applying biblical principles to U.S. immigration than in 2015 (41% v. 30%)

Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024, 2022 & 2015



Lifeway research

70% agree the U.S. has a moral responsibility to accept refugees

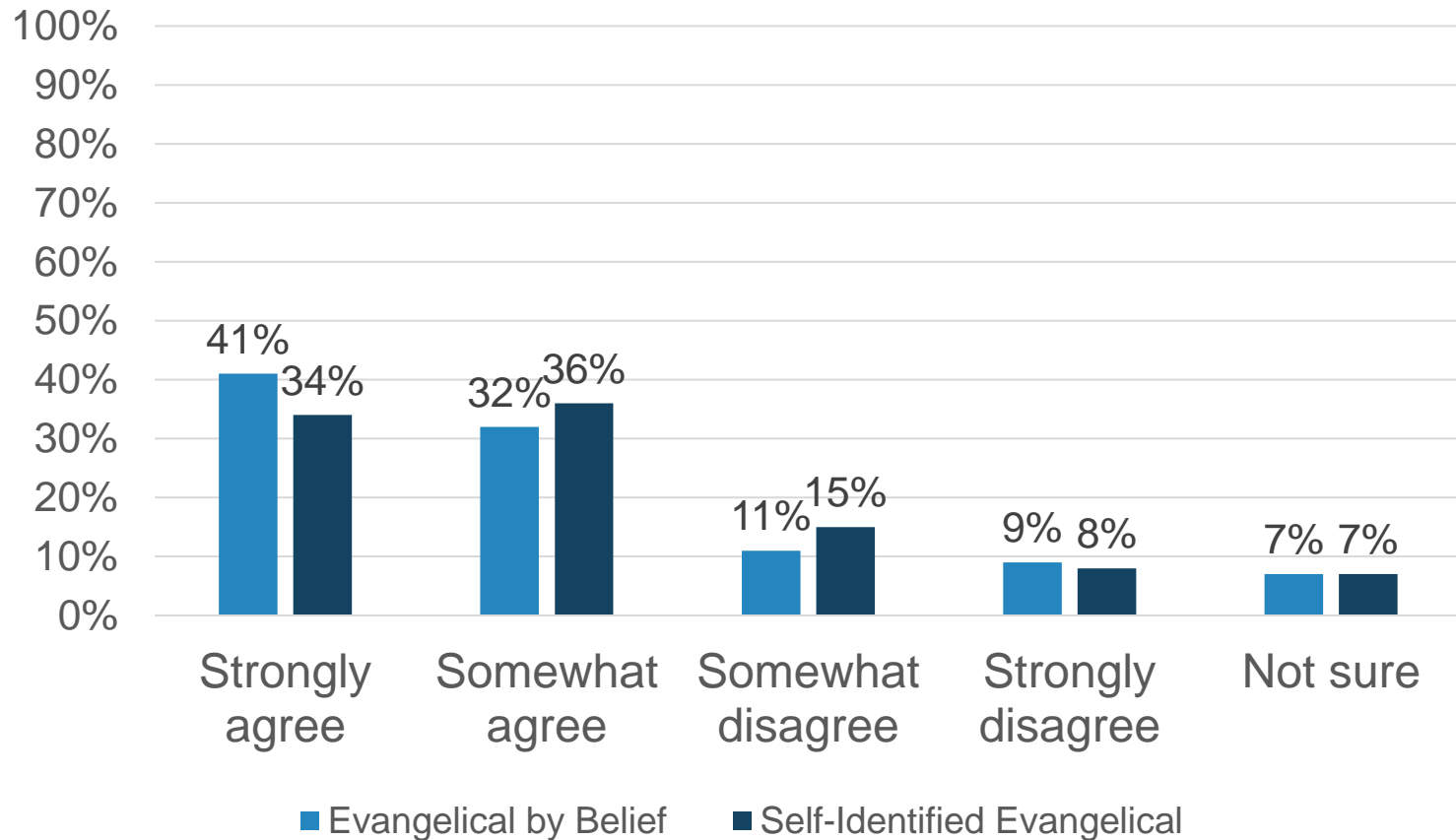


Lifeway research

Q30: "The U.S. has a moral responsibility to accept refugees, which U.S. law defines as someone fleeing persecution due to specific factors such as their race, religion, or political opinion." n=1,004

Evangelicals by belief are more likely to strongly agree the U.S. has a moral responsibility to accept refugees than Self-Identified Evangelicals

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

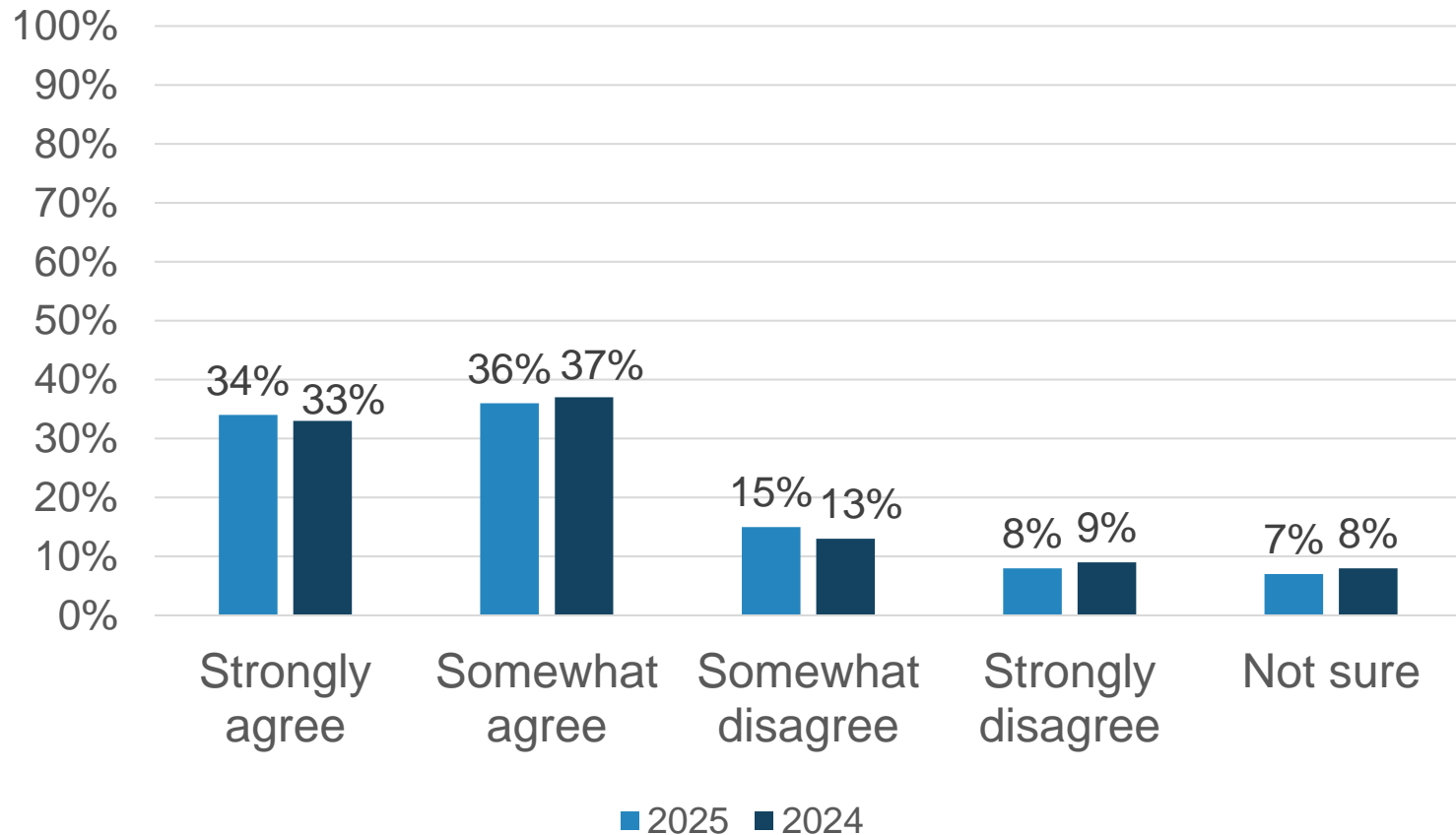


Lifeway research

Q30: "The U.S. has a moral responsibility to accept refugees, which U.S. law defines as someone fleeing persecution due to specific factors such as their race, religion, or political opinion." n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

A similar number of Self-Identified Evangelicals agree the U.S. has a moral responsibility to accept refugees as 2024

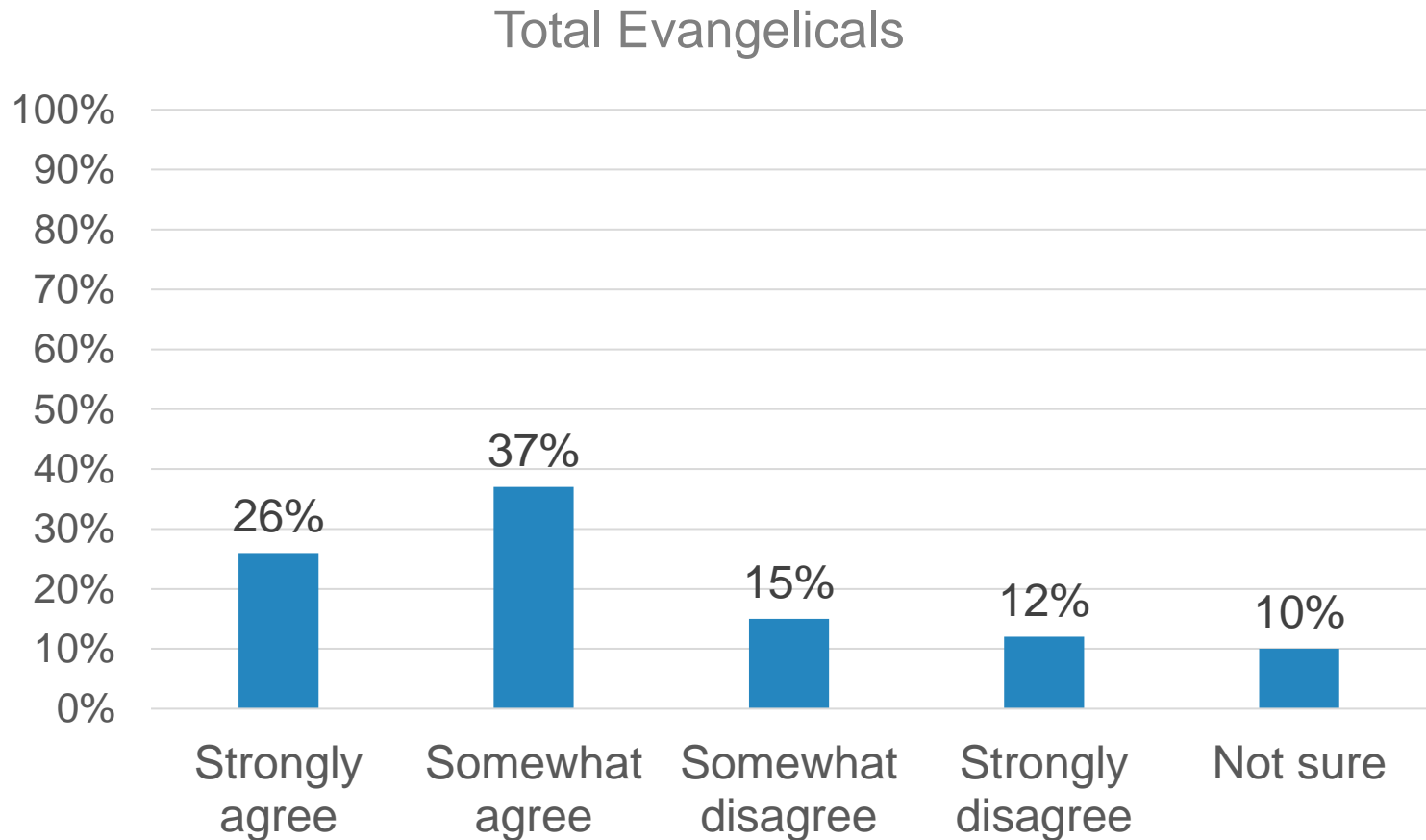
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024



Lifeway research

Q30: "The U.S. has a moral responsibility to accept refugees, which U.S. law defines as someone fleeing persecution due to specific factors such as their race, religion, or political opinion."

64% agree that Christians have a responsibility to care sacrificially for refugees and other foreigners

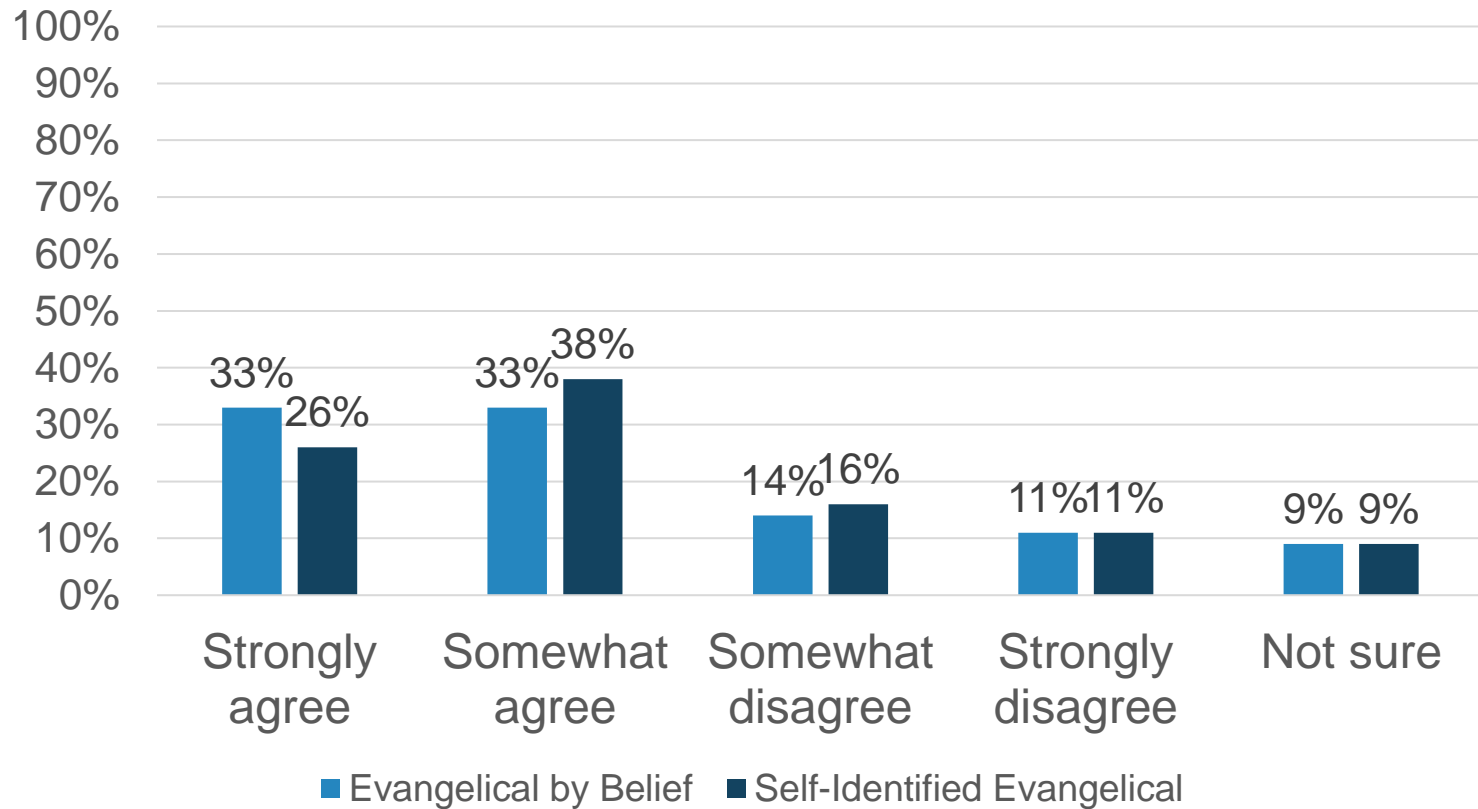


Lifeway research

Q31: "Christians have a responsibility to care sacrificially for refugees and other foreigners." n=1,004

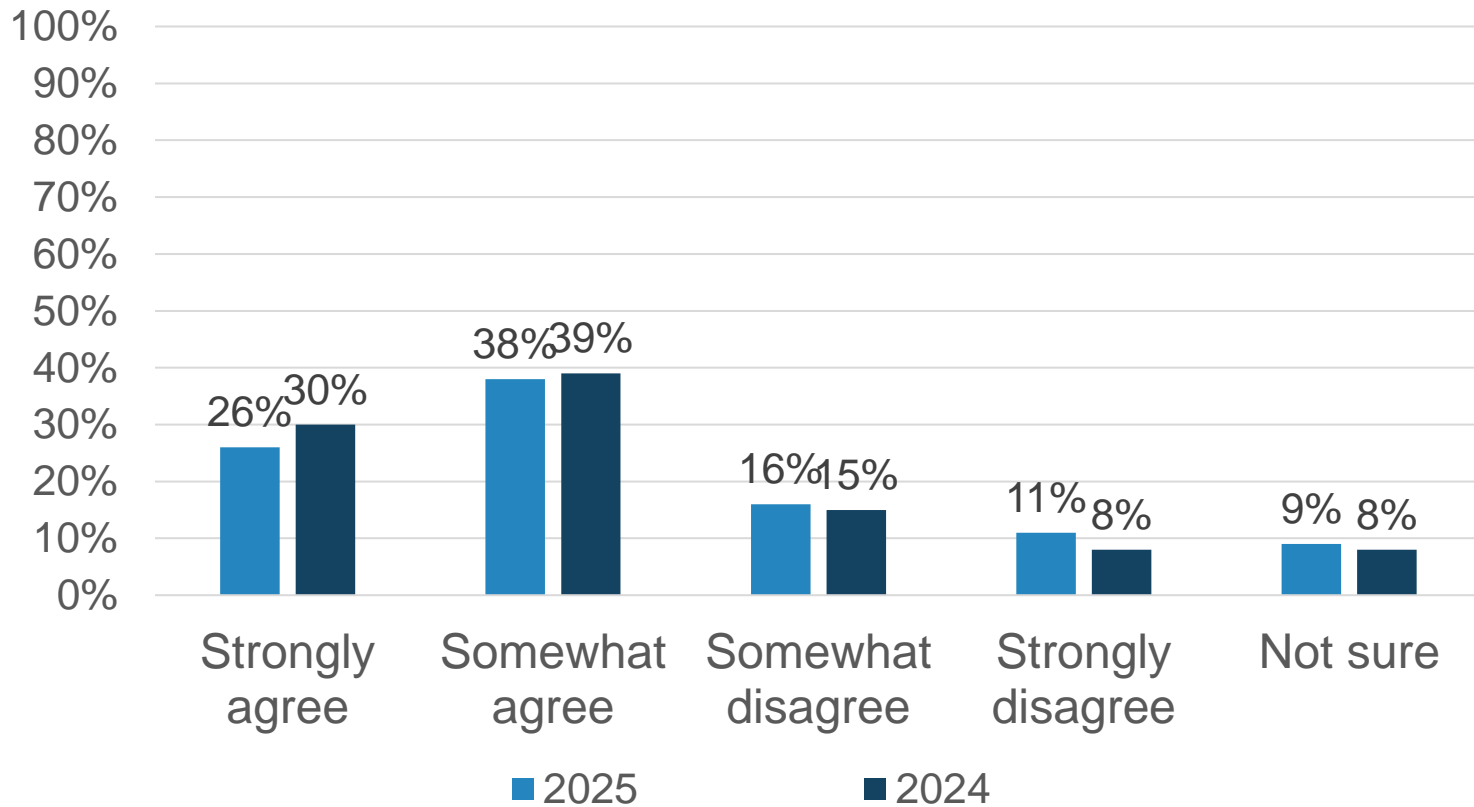
Evangelicals by belief are more likely to strongly agree Christians have a responsibility to care sacrificially for refugees than Self-Identified Evangelicals (33% v. 26%)

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Fewer Self-Identified Evangelicals agree Christians have a responsibility to care sacrificially for refugees than in 2024 (64% v. 69%)

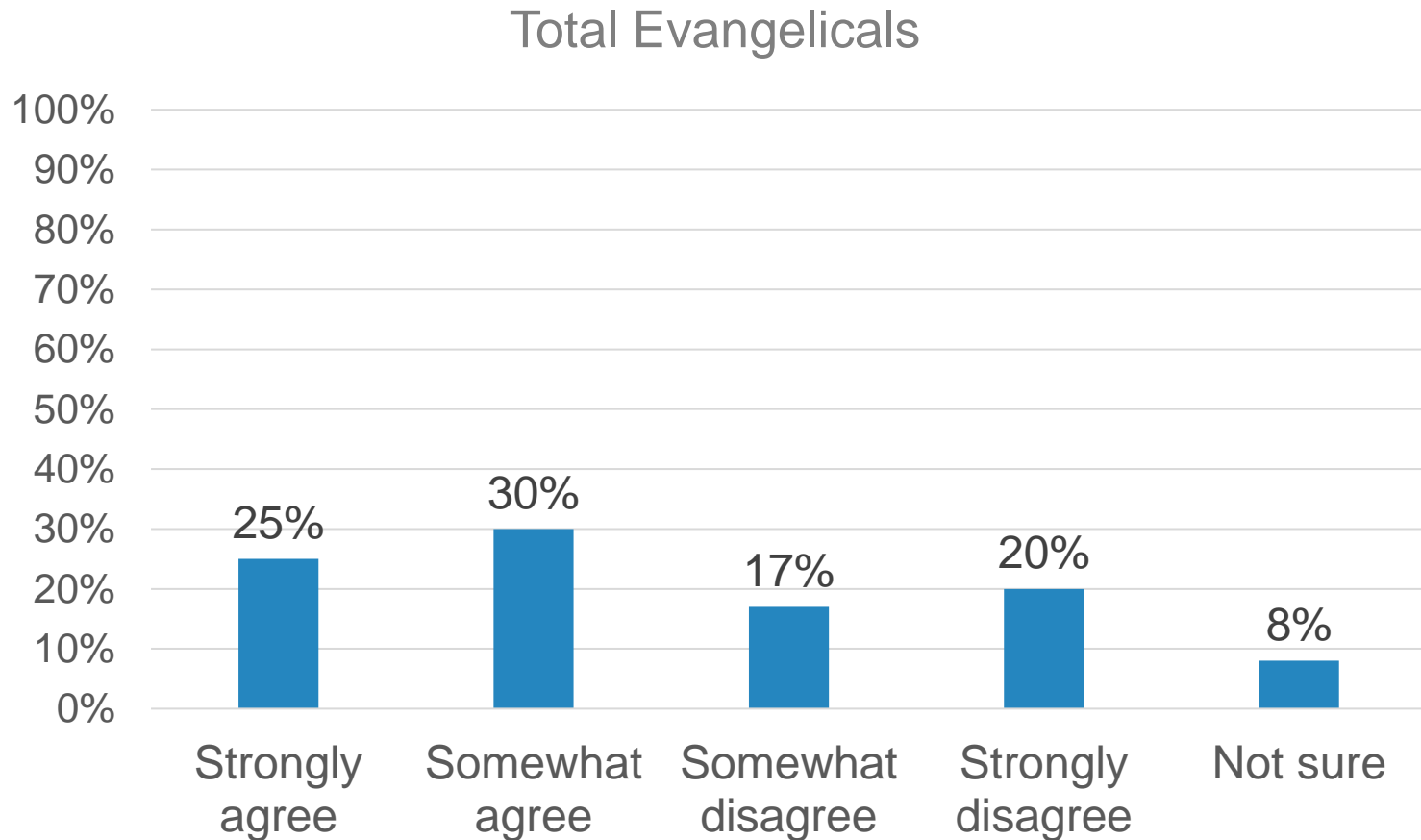
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024



Lifeway research

Q31: "Christians have a responsibility to care sacrificially for refugees and other foreigners."

55% agree that Christians have a responsibility to assist immigrants even if they are here illegally

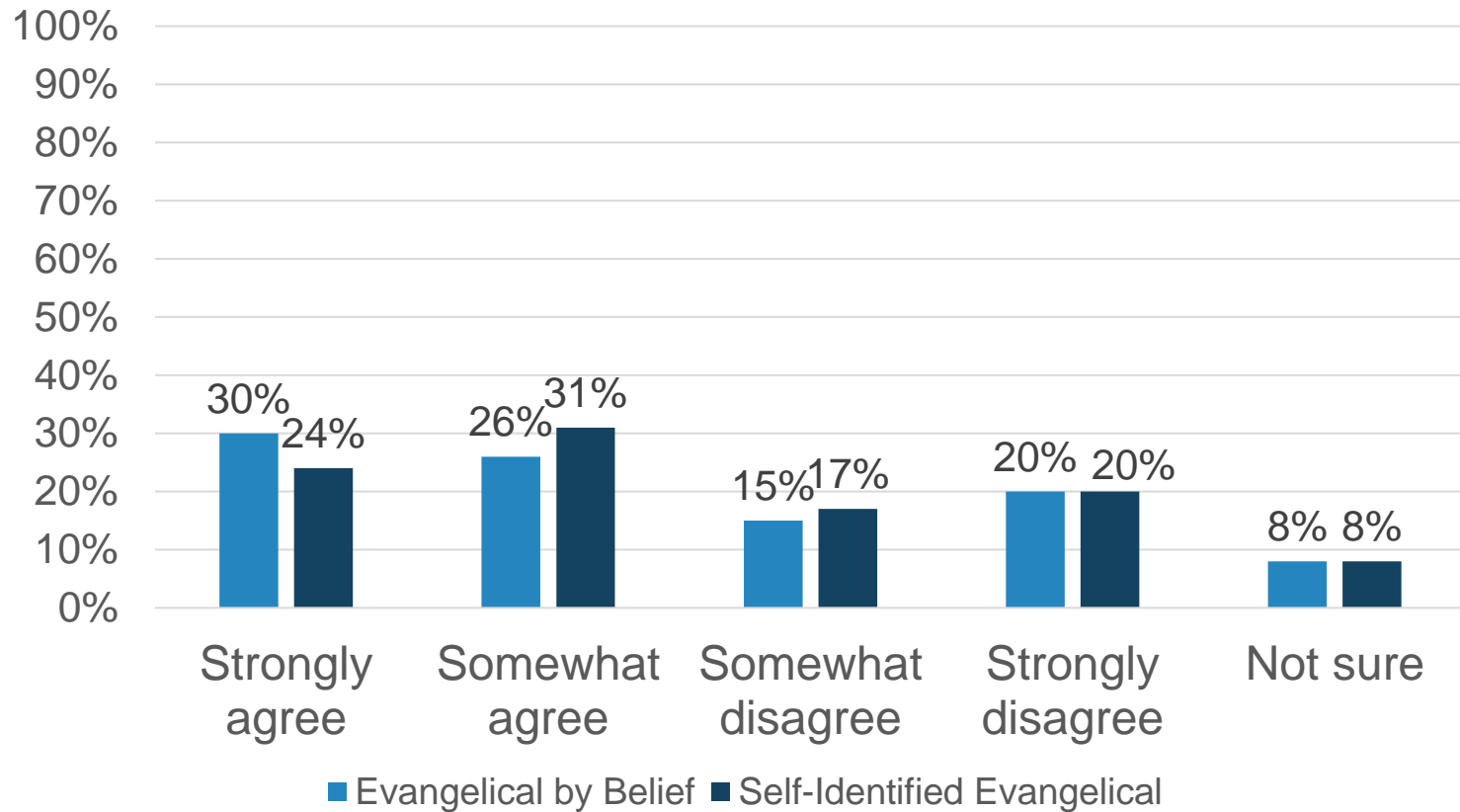


Lifeway research

Q32: "Christians have a responsibility to assist immigrants even if they are here illegally" n=1,004

Evangelicals by belief are more likely to strongly agree Christians have a responsibility to assist immigrants here illegally than Self-Identified Evangelicals

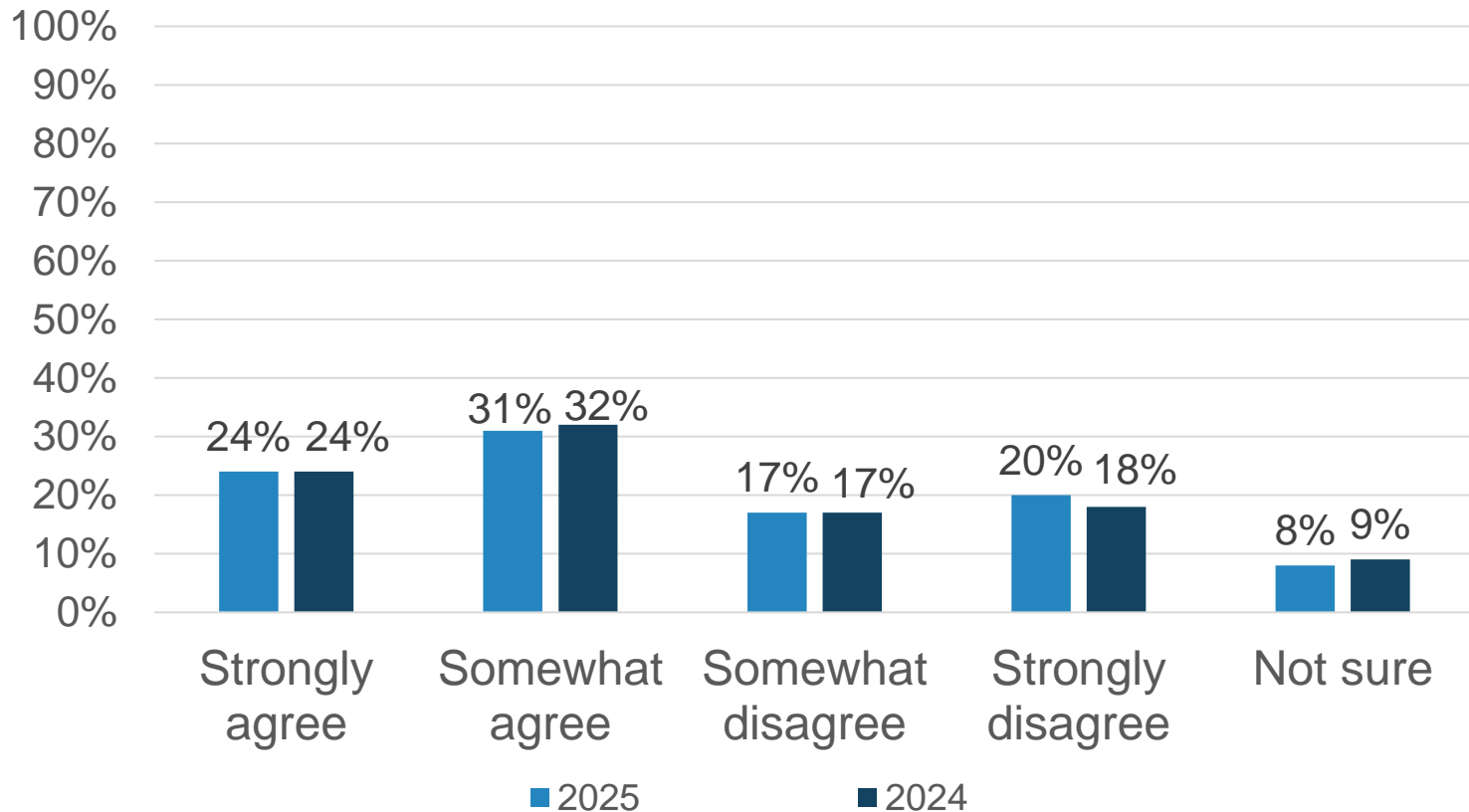
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

A similar number of Self-Identified Evangelicals agree Christians have a responsibility to assist immigrants here illegally compared to 2024

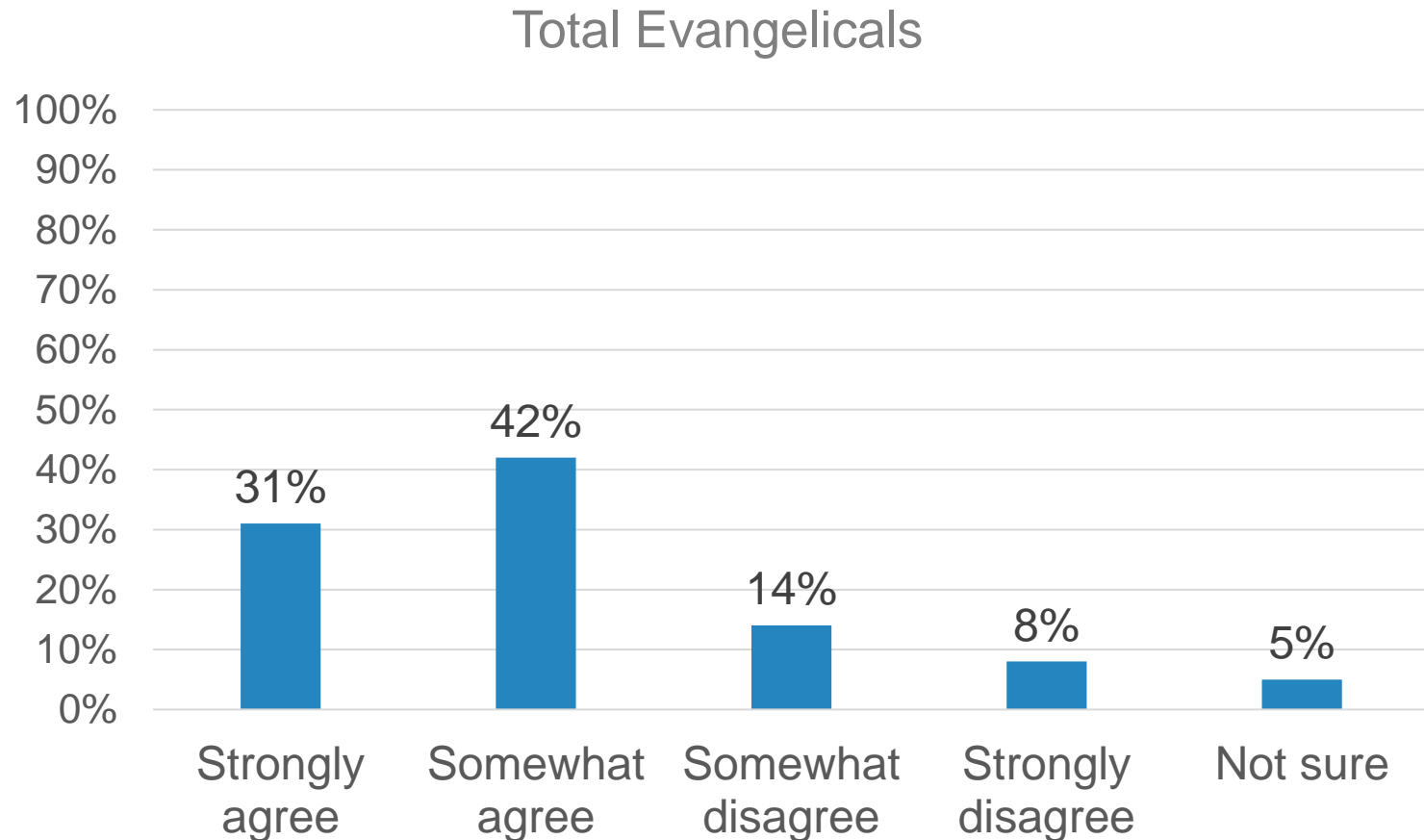
Self-Identified Evangelicals 2025 compared to 2024



Lifeway research

Q32: "Christians have a responsibility to assist immigrants even if they are here illegally"

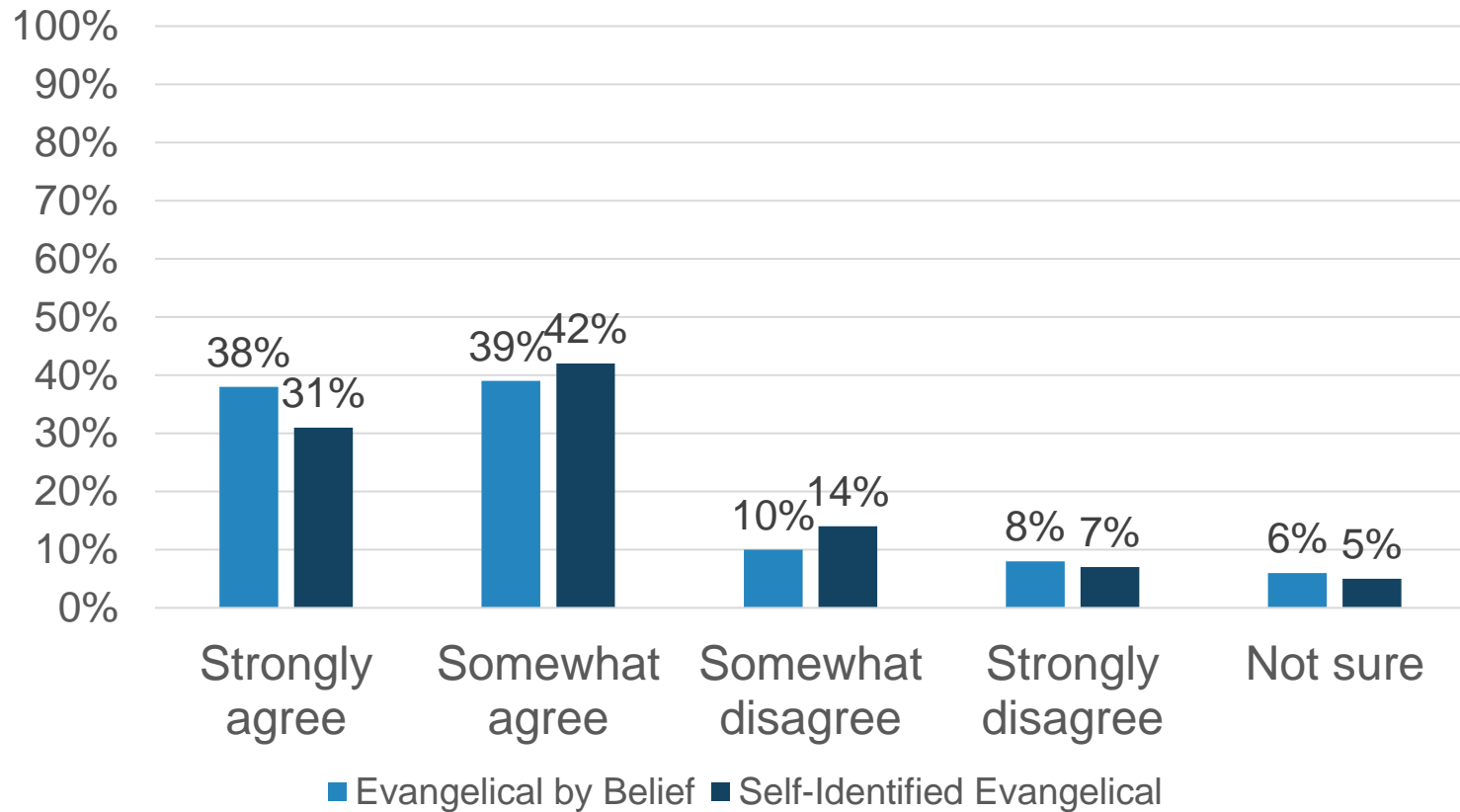
73% believe that Christians have a responsibility to care for refugees and others who are forcibly displaced in other countries



Lifeway research

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to strongly agree than Self-Identified Evangelicals that Christians have a responsibility to care for refugees who are forcibly displaced

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

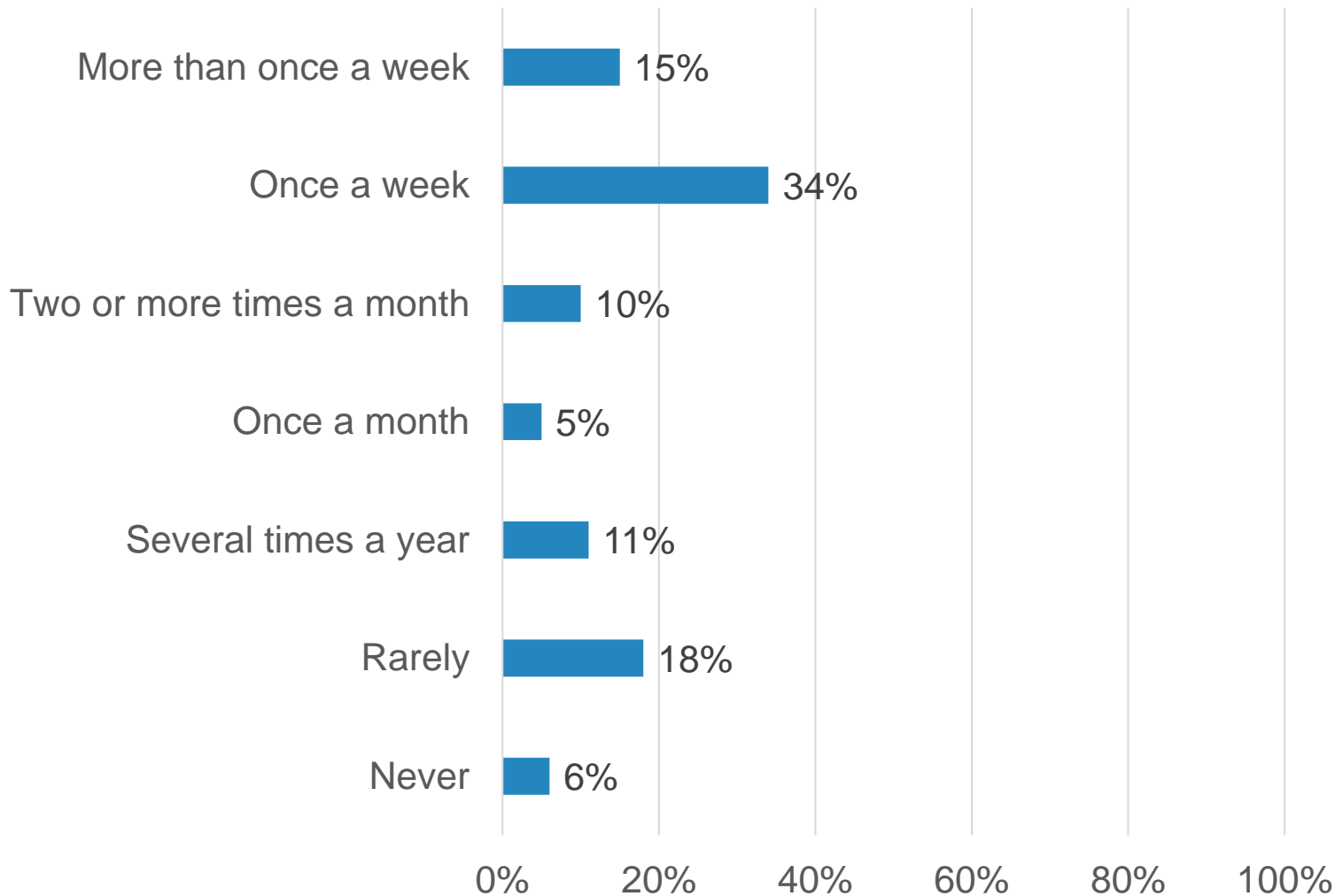


Lifeway research

Q33: "Christian have a responsibility to care for refugees and others who are forcibly displaced in other countries around the world."
n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

50% attend church services at least once a week

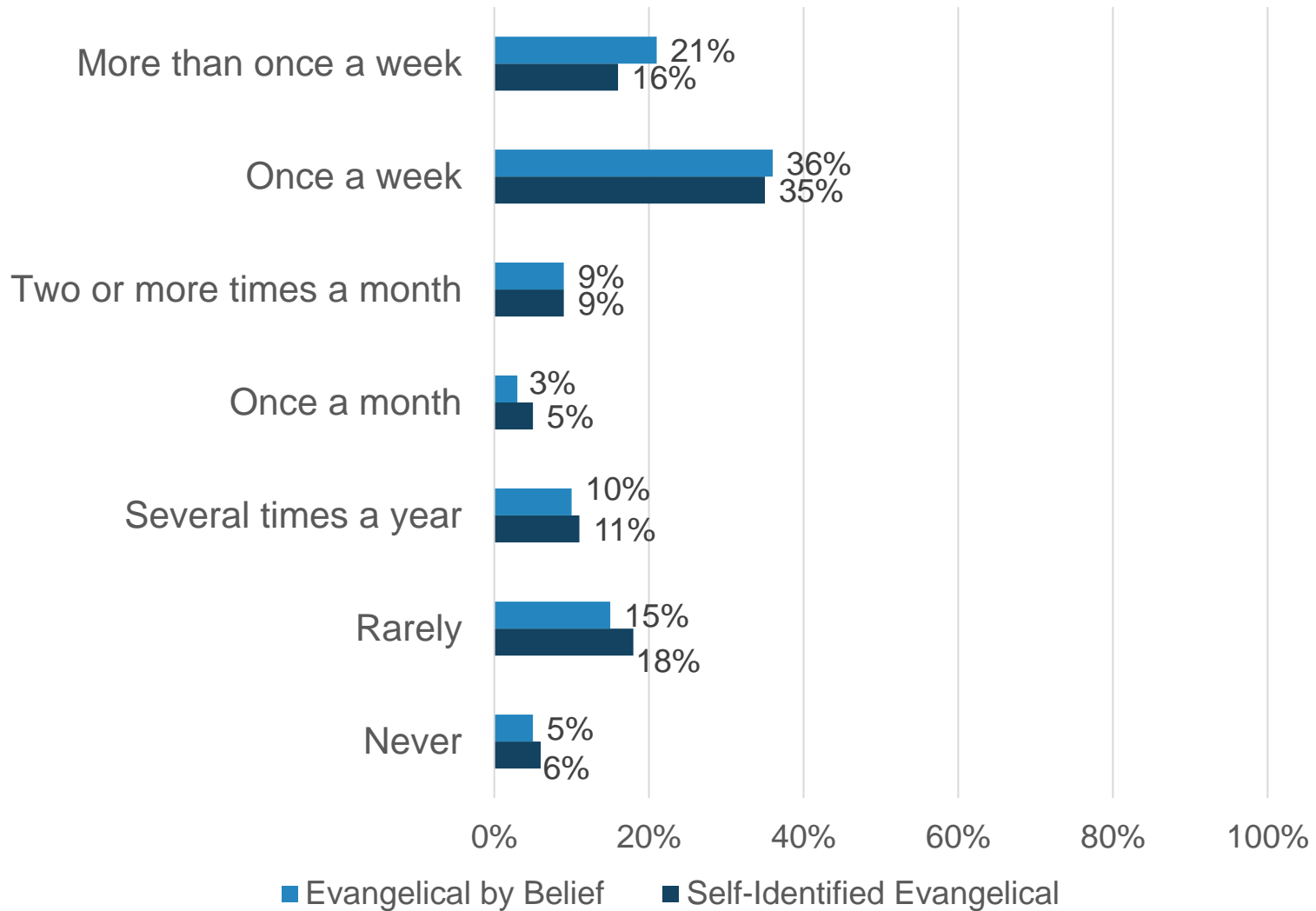
Total Evangelicals



Lifeway research

Those with Evangelical Beliefs are more likely to attend church services at least once a week (57% v. 51%)

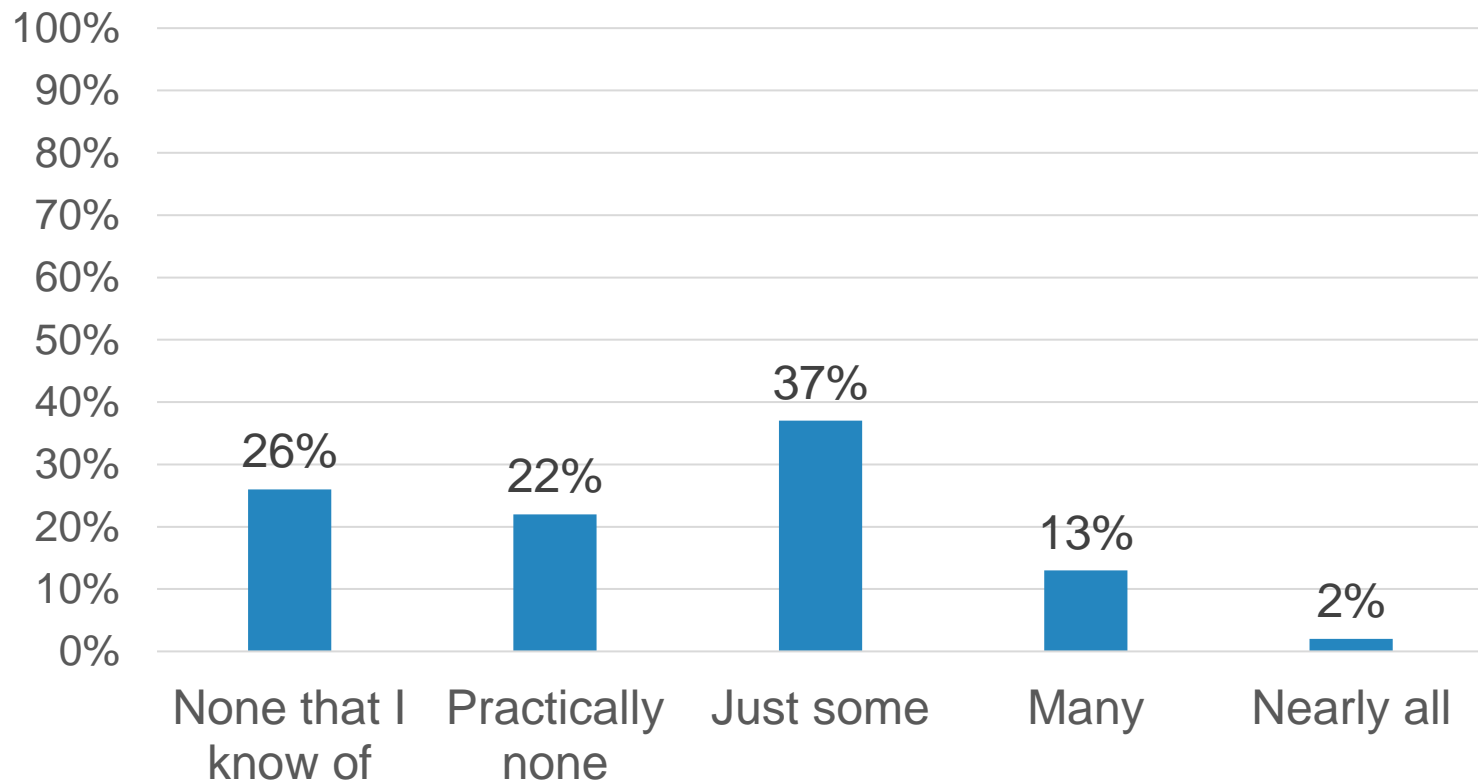
Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

52% say their church has at least some first-generation immigrants

Among Evangelicals who attend church several times a year or more



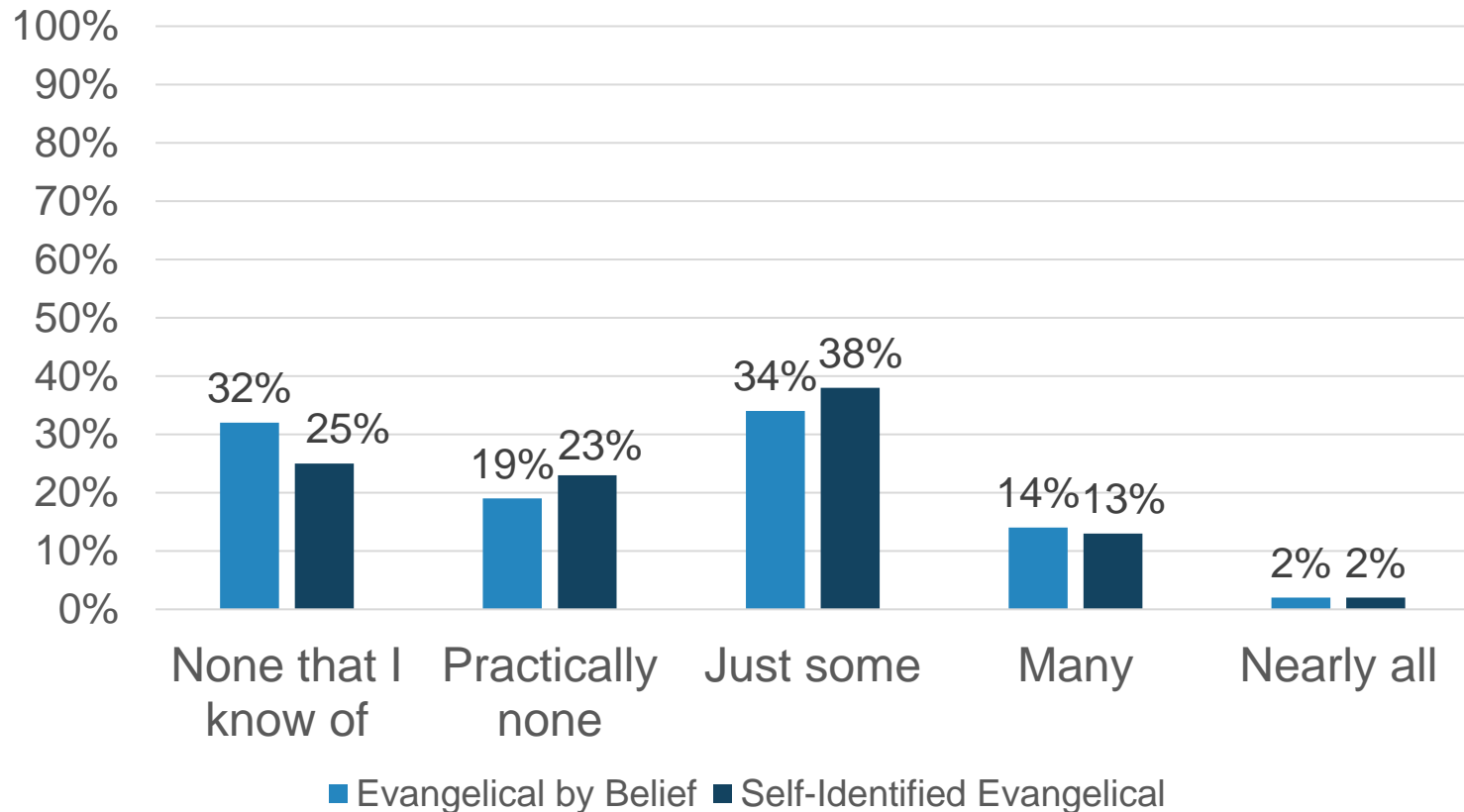
Lifewayresearch

Q38: "About what portion of your church is made up of immigrants born outside the U.S.? (Select One)" n=758

Evangelicals by belief are more likely than Self-Identified Evangelicals to not know of any first-generation immigrants in their church

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

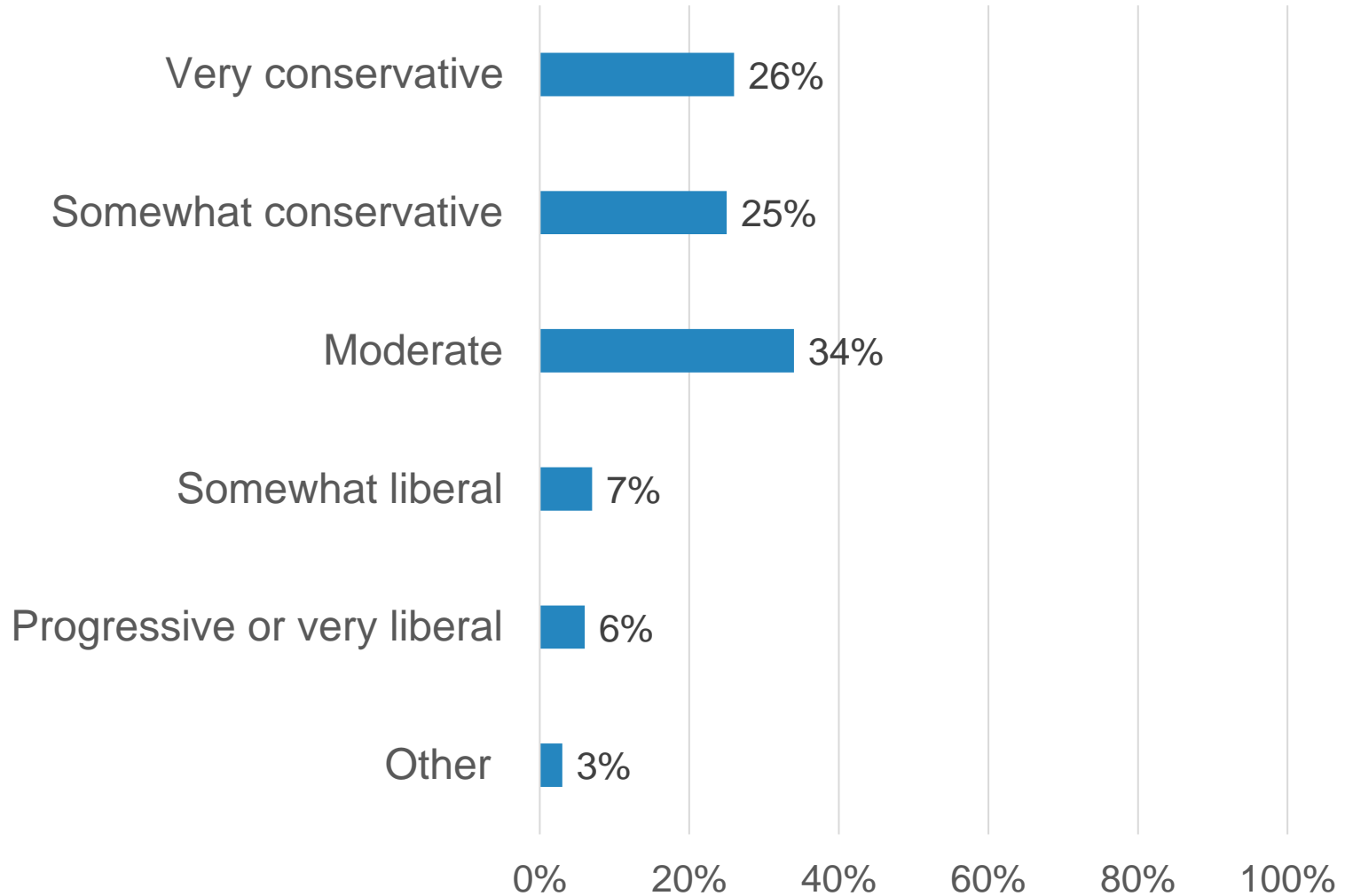
Among Evangelicals who attend church several times a year or more



Lifeway research

50% describe their political views as conservative

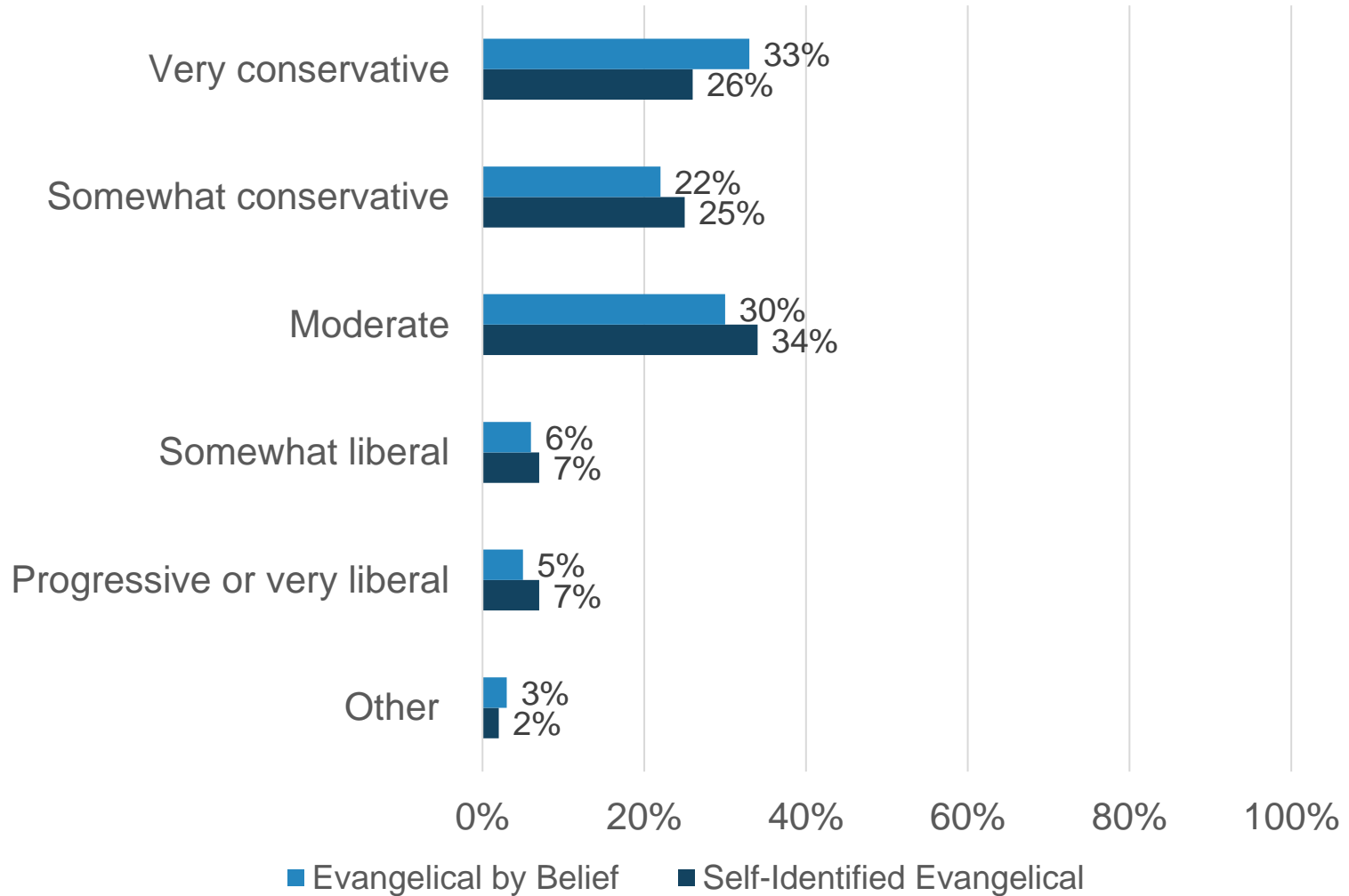
Total Evangelicals



Lifeway research

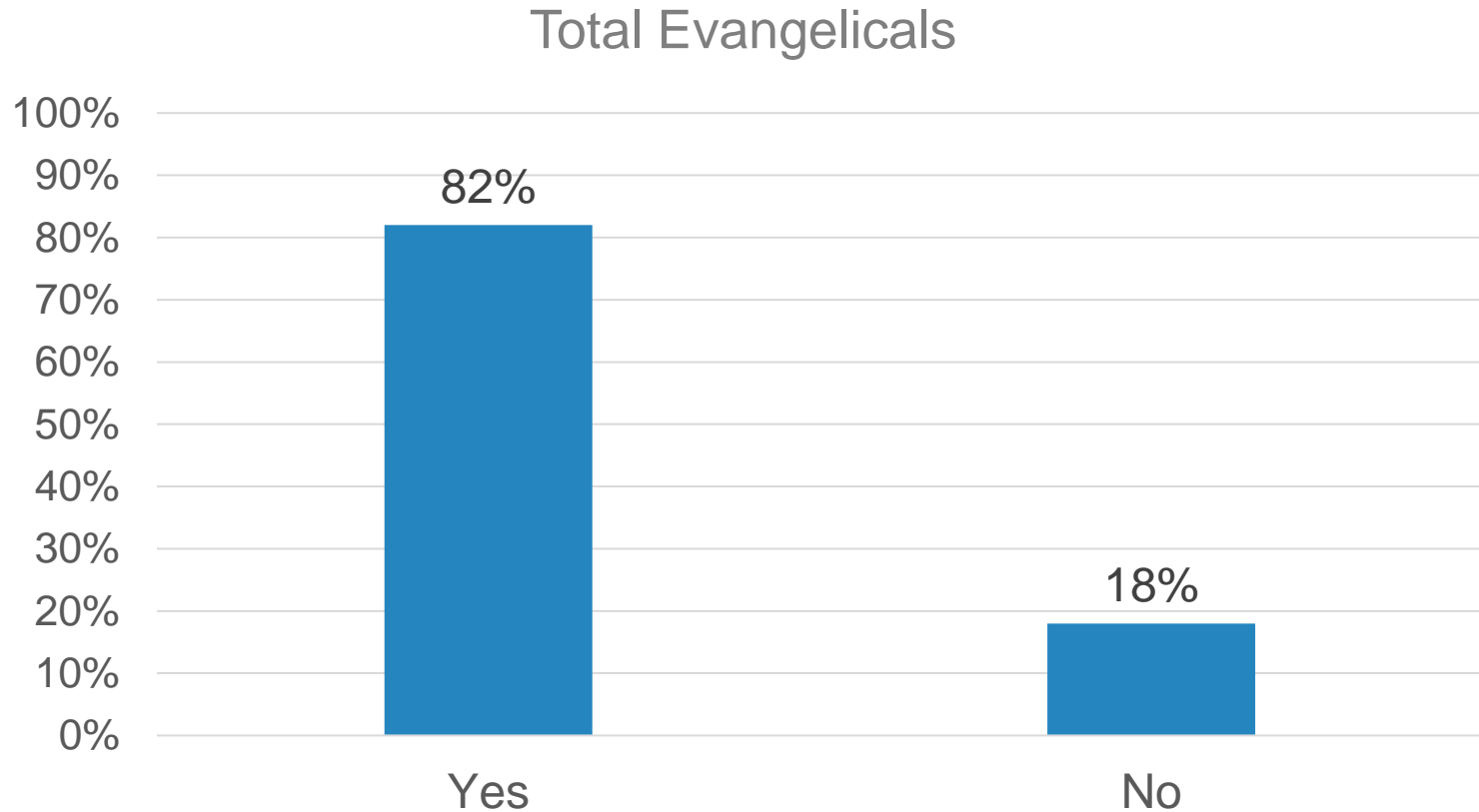
Political Views

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

82% of Evangelicals say they voted in the 2024 presidential election

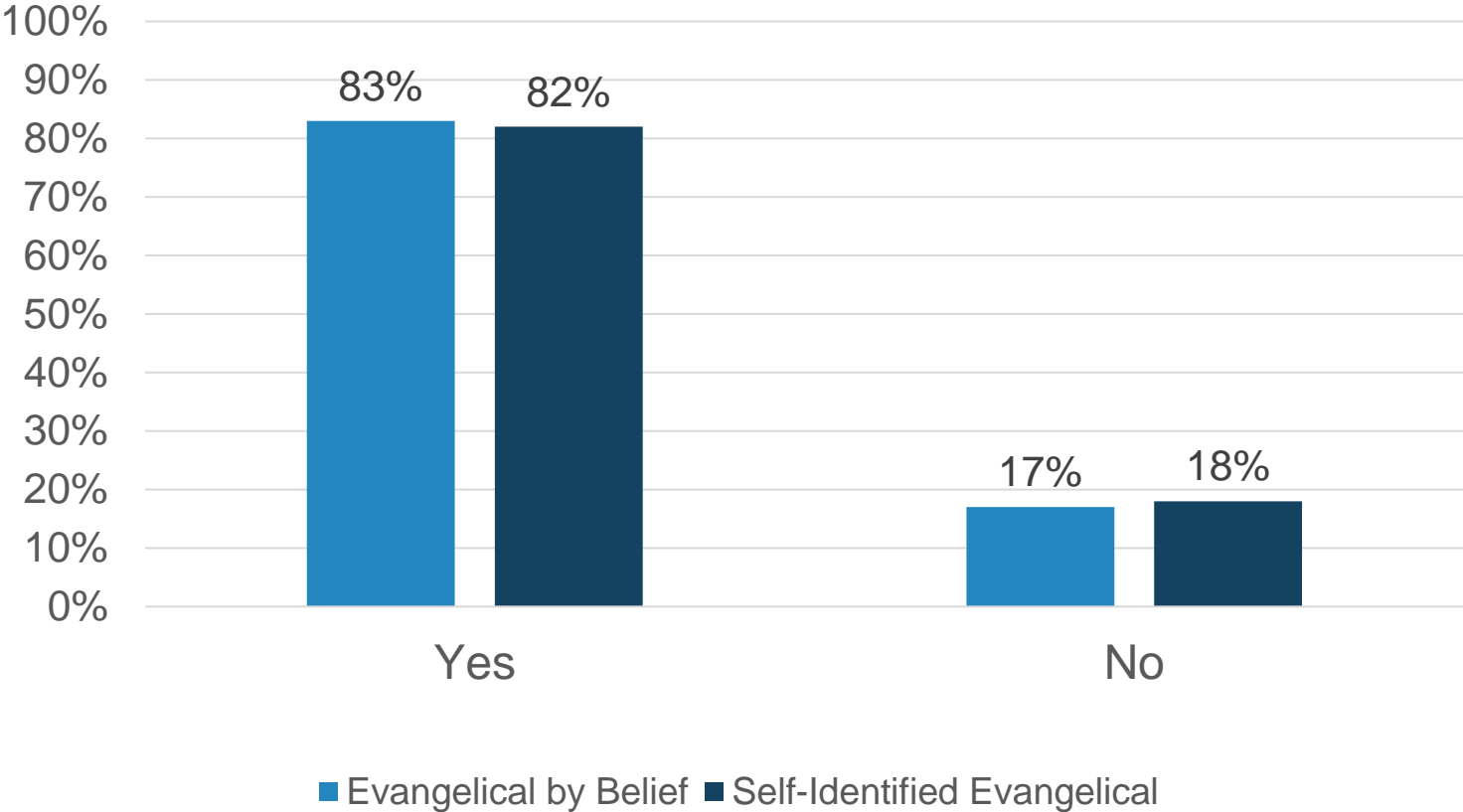


Lifeway research

Q40: "Did you vote in the 2024 presidential election?" n=1,004

Evangelicals by belief and Self-Identified Evangelicals are equally as likely to have voted in 2024

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified

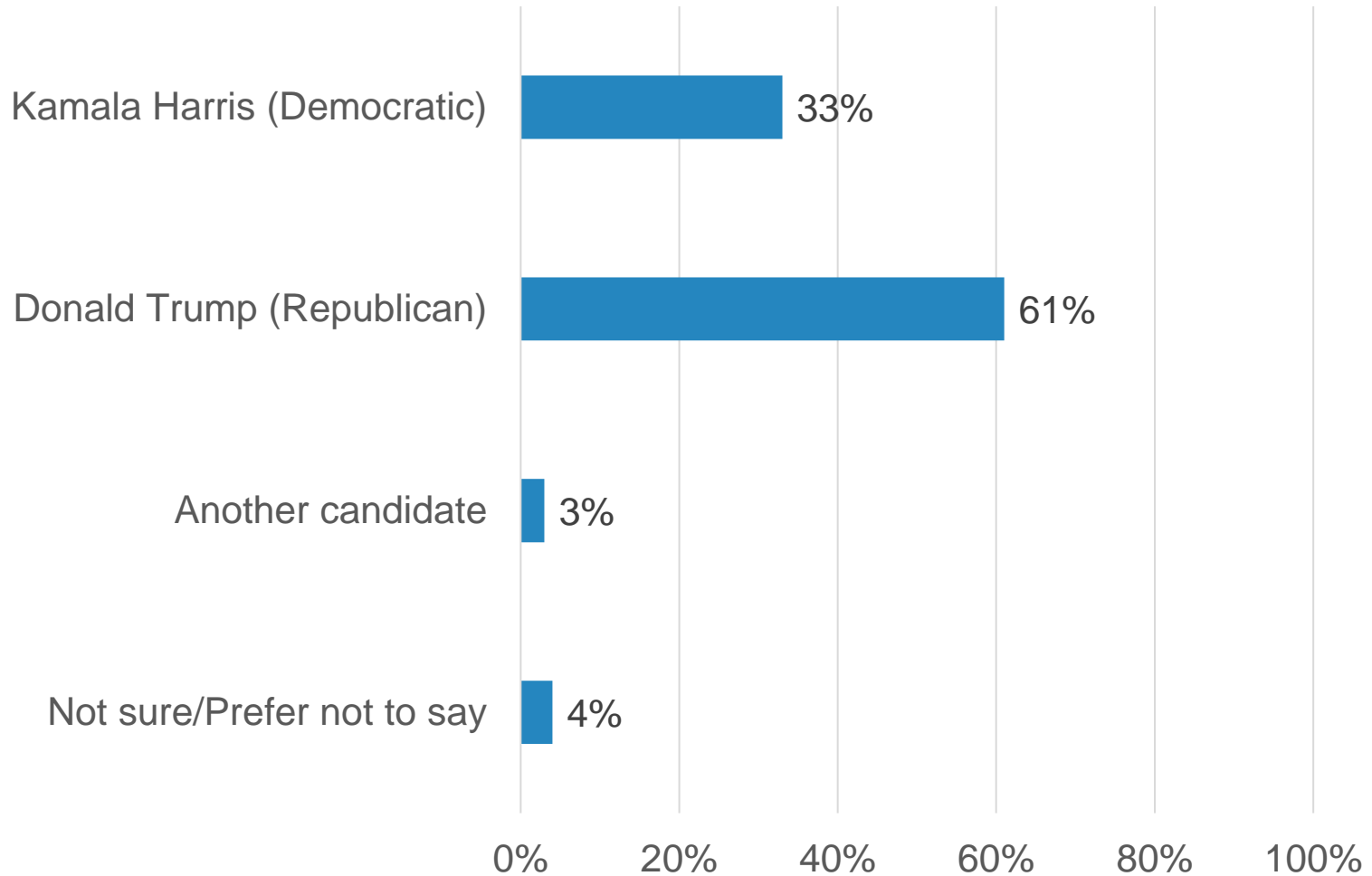


Lifeway research

Q40: "Did you vote in the 2024 presidential election?" n=525 (EVB), 920 (SIEV)

61% of Evangelicals voted for Trump in 2024

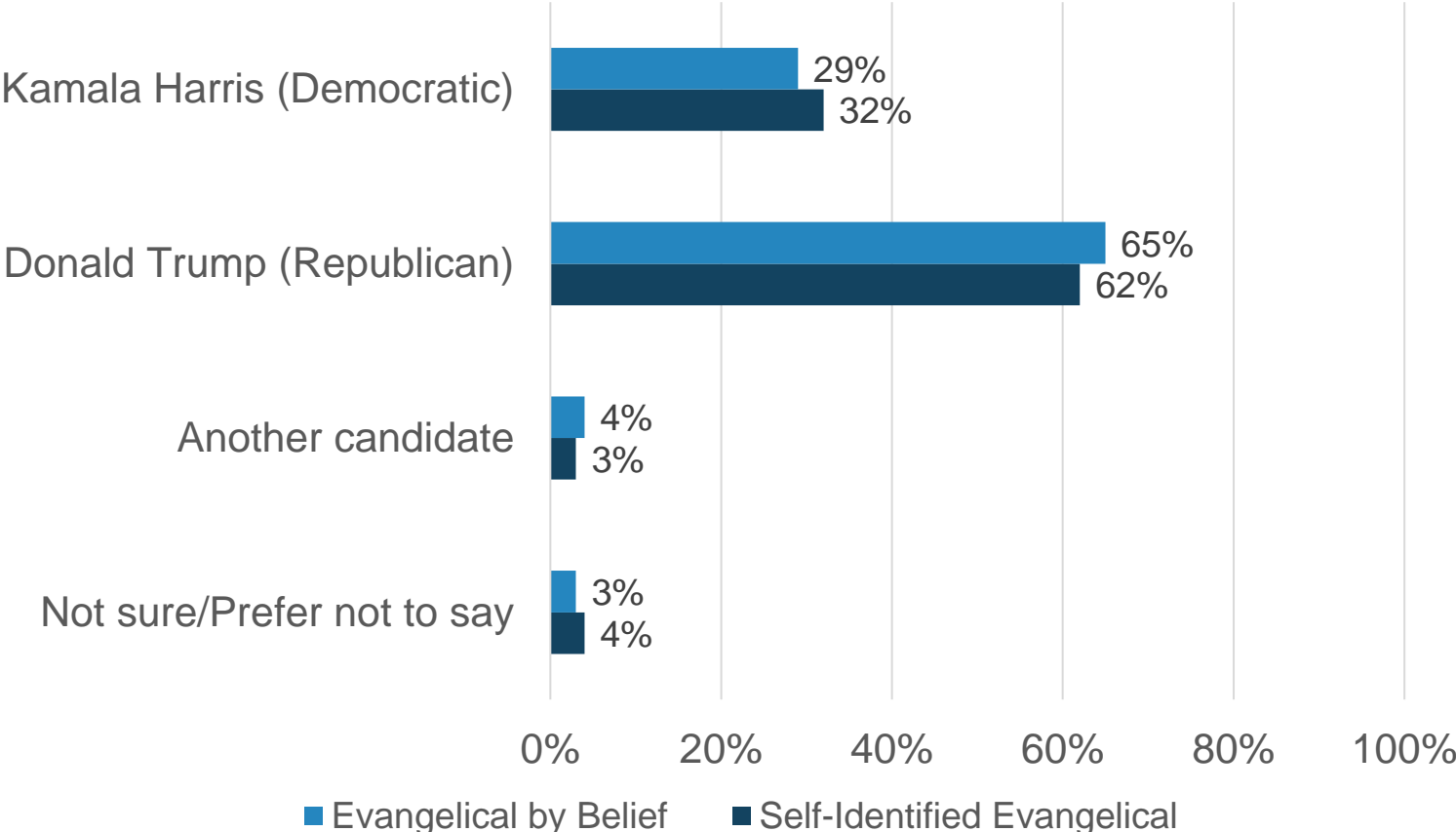
Among Evangelicals Who Voted in the 2020 Presidential Election



Lifewayresearch

The 2024 presidential votes cast by Self-Identified Evangelicals and Evangelicals by belief were not significantly different

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified
Who Voted in the 2024 Presidential Election

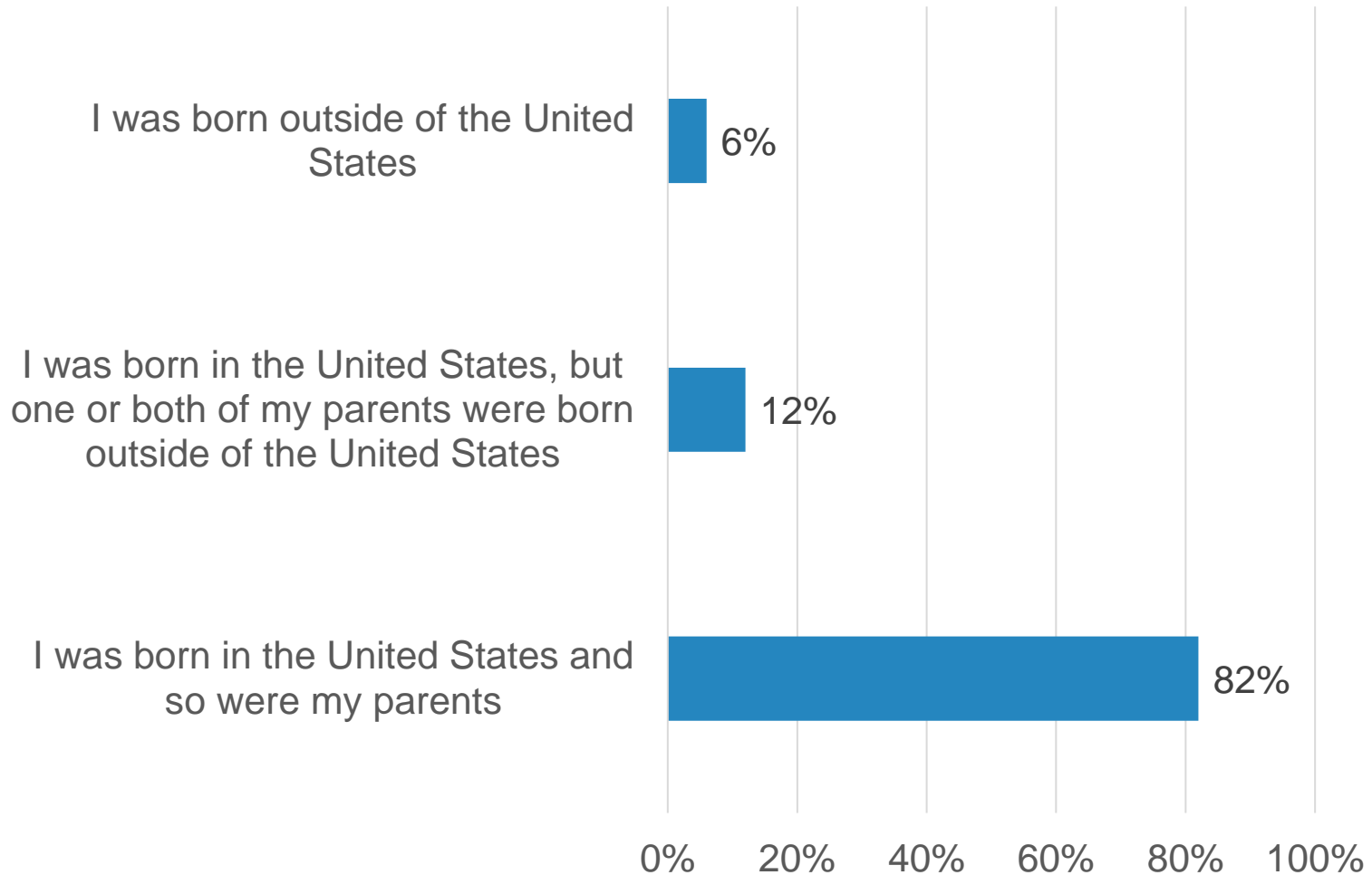


Lifeway research

Q41: "In the 2024 presidential election, for whom did you vote? (Select One)" n=434 (EVB), 759 (SIEV)

18% of Evangelicals are 1st or 2nd generation immigrants

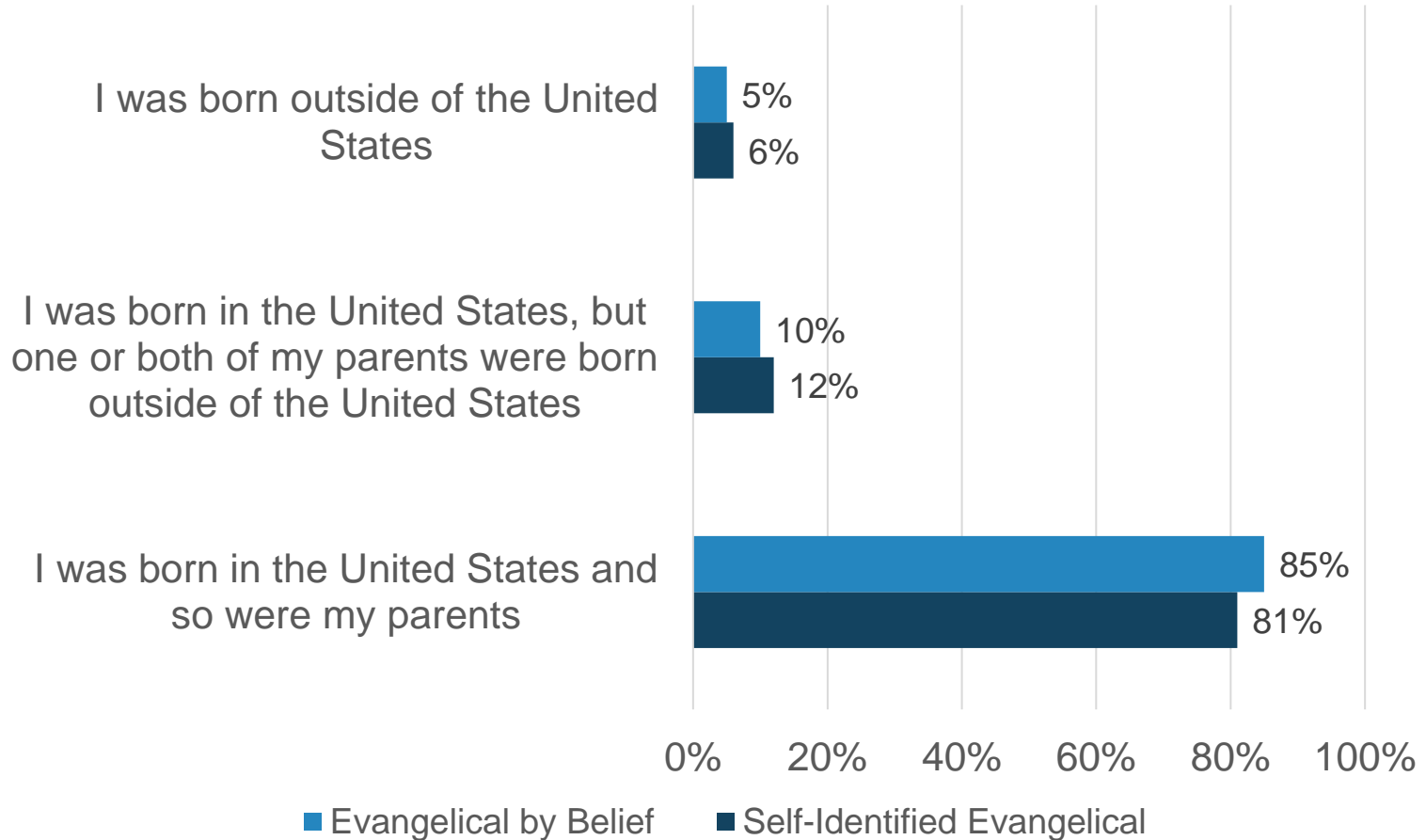
Total Evangelicals



Lifeway research

Similar portions of Self-Identified Evangelicals and Evangelicals by belief are 1st or 2nd generation immigrants

Evangelical by Belief v. Self-Identified



Lifeway research

Significant Differences Among Total Evangelicals

Age

Gender

Ethnicity

Education Level

Region

Worship Service Attendance

Political Views

2024 Presidential Vote

Significant Statistical Differences

Comparisons were made to determine if there are any significant statistical differences among age, gender, ethnicity, and education level of total evangelicals (both those who self-identified as evangelical and those with evangelical beliefs).

AGE	GENDER	ETHNICITY	EDUCATION
18-34	Male	White	High school graduate or less
35-49	Female	African American	Some college
50-64		Hispanic	Bachelor's Degree
65+		Other Ethnicities	Graduate Degree

Significant Statistical Differences

Comparisons were made to determine if there are any significant statistical differences among region, worship service attendance, political views, and 2024 presidential vote of total evangelicals.

REGION	WORSHIP ATTENDANCE	POLITICAL VIEWS	2024 Presidential Vote
Northeast	At least once a week	Conservative	Kamala Harris (Democratic)
South	Once or twice a month	Moderate	Donald Trump (Republican)
Midwest	Several times a year	Liberal	
West	Rarely or never		

Note: Region is defined by the US Census locations

“Which THREE of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

Evangelization

- Those age 50-64 (30%) and 65+ (29%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (18%) and 35-49 (21%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select (39%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to select (35%)
- Those with conservative political views are the most likely to select (33%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (32%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (18%)

“Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

Human Trafficking

- Those age 18-34 (50%) and 35-49 (49%) are more likely to select than those 65+ (38%)
- Those in the South (46%) and West (48%) are more likely to select than those in the Northeast (35%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the least likely to select (39%)
- Those with moderate political views (48%) are more likely to select than those with liberal political views (36%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (48%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (38%)

“Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

Global Health Crises

- Those age 18-34 (31%) and 35-49 (30%) are more likely to select than those 50-64 (22%) and 65+ (20%)
- African Americans (32%) and Hispanics (33%) are more likely to select than Whites (21%)
- Those in the Northeast (32%) and Midwest (31%) are more likely to select than those in the South (20%)
- Those with moderate political views (29%) and liberal political views (39%) more likely to select than those with conservative political views (18%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (33%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Donald Trump (18%)

“Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

Discipleship

- Those age 50-64 (27%) and 65+ (27%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (17%) and 35-49 (18%)
- Hispanics are the least likely to select (10%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to select (32%)
- Those with conservative political views (29%) and moderate political views (21%) are more likely to select than those with liberal political views (12%)

Forced Displacement and Migration

- Hispanics are the most likely to select (30%)

“Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

Orphans and Vulnerable Children

- Whites (39%) and Other Ethnicities (41%) are more likely to select than Hispanics (26%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the least likely to select than those with a (24%)
- Those who attend a worship service several times a year (49%) are more likely to select than those who attend at least once a week (31%) or rarely/never attend (38%)

Climate Change

- Those age 18-34 (31%) are more likely to select than those 50-64 (19%) and 65+ (14%)
- Those with moderate political views (30%) and liberal political views (35%) are more likely to select than those with conservative political views (10%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (31%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Donald Trump (12%)

“Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

War and Violent Conflict

- Hispanics are the most likely to select (61%)
- Those with some college (49%) are more likely to select than those with a Bachelor’s Degree (40%) or a Graduate Degree (37%)
- Those in the Midwest (51%) are more likely to select than those in the Northeast (37%)
- Those who attend a worship service several times a year are the most likely to select (64%)

“Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

Changing Attitudes Toward Gender and Sexuality

- Those who attend a worship once or twice a month (24%) are more likely to select than those who attend at several times a year (14%)

“Which three of the following do you believe are the most urgent global issues that need the attention of the American church?”

Religious Persecution

- Those age 65+ (43%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (24%) and 35-49 (30%)
- Whites (36%) are more likely to select than Hispanics (25%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree (46%) are more likely to select than those who are high school graduates or less (31%) or with some college (33%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to select (43%)
- Those with conservative political views (42%) are more likely to select than those with moderate political views (27%) and liberal political views (27%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (41%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (30%)

“In the last decade, the number of people globally who have been forced by persecution or conflict to flee their homes has nearly doubled, from about 60 million to more than 120 million currently living displaced. Which of the following best describes your views on how the American Church should respond to this situation”

- Those age 35-49 (53%) are more likely to select “The American Church should be on the forefront of responding to the increase in global displacement” than those 18-34 (41%) and 65+ (44%)
- Those age 18-34 are the most likely to select “The American Church should be concerned with the increase in global displacement, but it is not a top priority” (37%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select “The American Church should be on the forefront of responding to the increase in global displacement” (61%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a month are the most likely to select “The American Church should be on the forefront of responding to the increase in global displacement” (56%)

“In the last decade, the number of people globally who have been forced by persecution or conflict to flee their homes has nearly doubled, from about 60 million to more than 120 million currently living displaced. Which of the following best describes your views on how the American Church should respond to this situation”

Continued

- Those with conservative political views (48%) and liberal political views (57%) are more likely to select “The American Church should be on the forefront of responding to the increase in global displacement” than those with moderate political views (40%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (57%) are more likely to select “The American Church should be on the forefront of responding to the increase in global displacement” than those who voted for Donald Trump (46%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

A threat to traditional American customs and culture

- Those age 65+ (32%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (22%)
- Males are more likely to select than females (35% v. 24%)
- Whites (32%) are more likely to select than African Americans (21%)
- Those with conservative political views are the most likely to select (37%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (38%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (13%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

A threat to the safety of citizens

- Those age 50-64 (48%) and 65+ (46%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (36%) and 35-49 (35%)
- Males are more likely to select than females (48% v. 38%)
- Whites (48%) are more likely to select than African Americans (33%) and Hispanics (31%)
- Those in the Midwest (46%) and South (45%) are more likely to select than those in the West (34%)
- Those with conservative political views (55%) are more likely to select than those with moderate political views (33%) and liberal political views (21%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (60%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (23%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

A threat to law and order

- Those age 50-64 (41%) and 65+ (45%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (27%) and 35-49 (30%)
- Whites (42%) are more likely to select than African Americans (28%) and Hispanics (25%)
- Those in the South (40%) are more likely to select than those in the West (30%)
- Those who rarely/never attend a worship service (46%) are more likely to select than those who attend at least once a week (34%) or once or twice a month (29%)
- Those with conservative political views (49%) are more likely to select than those with moderate political views (30%) and liberal political views (13%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (52%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (20%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

An opportunity to introduce them to Jesus Christ

- Those with a Graduate Degree (54%) are more likely to select than those who are high school graduates or less (38%) or with some college (40%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (50%) are more likely to select than those who attend several times a year (37%) or rarely/never attend (28%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

An opportunity to show them love

- Those age 35-49 (46%) are more likely to select than those 50-64 (34%) and 65+ (31%)
- African Americans (45%) are more likely to select than Whites (34%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select (53%)
- Those in the Northeast are the most likely to select (47%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (45%) are more likely to select than those who attend several times a year (25%) or rarely/never attend (26%)
- Those with liberal political views (48%) are more likely to select than those with conservative political views (32%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (49%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Donald Trump (29%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

An improvement to America’s cultural diversity

- Those age 18-34 (30%) and 35-49 (34%) are more likely to select than those 50-64 (21%) and 65+ (18%)
- African Americans (36%) and Hispanics (34%) are more likely to select than Whites (20%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree (34%) are more likely to select than those who are high school graduates or less (22%)
- Those in the Northeast (33%) and Midwest (28%) are more likely to select than those in the South (21%)
- Those with liberal political views (43%) are more likely to select than those with conservative political views (16%) and moderate political views (30%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (42%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Donald Trump (13%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

A boost to entrepreneurial activity

- Those age 18-34 are the most likely to select (31%)
- African Americans (26%) and Hispanics (20%) are more likely to select than Whites (13%)
- Those with a Bachelor’s Degree (20%) or a Graduate Degree (23%) are more likely to select than those with some college (12%)
- Those with liberal political views (30%) are more likely to select than those with conservative political views (12%) and moderate political views (17%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (30%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Donald Trump (9%)

“The number of recent immigrants to the United States is...”

A drain on economic resources

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to select (58%)
- Whites (49%) are more likely to select than African Americans (28%) and Hispanics (39%)
- Those in the Midwest (49%) and South (45%) are more likely to select than those in the Northeast (32%)
- Those who rarely/never attend a worship service (52%) are more likely to select than those who attend at least once a week (40%) or once or twice a month (39%)
- Those with conservative political views (52%) are more likely to select than those with moderate political views (41%) and liberal political views (25%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (58%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (25%)

“Which of the following best describes your opinions about legal immigration?”

Legal immigration is...

- Those age 35-49 (33%) are more likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **increase** the number of legal immigrants approved in a year” than those 50-64 (23%) and 65+ (22%)
- Hispanics (36%) are more likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **increase** the number of legal immigrants approved in a year” than Whites (23%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **increase** the number of legal immigrants approved in a year” (50%)
- Those with a Bachelor’s Degree (47%) are more likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **maintain** the current number of legal immigrants approved in a year” than those who are high school graduates or less (37%)
- Those in the Northeast (34%) are more likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **increase** the number of legal immigrants approved in a year” than those in the Midwest (24%) and South (22%)

“Which of the following best describes your opinions about legal immigration?” *Continued*

Legal immigration is...

- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (33%) are more likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **increase** the number of legal immigrants approved in a year” than those who attend once or twice a month (19%) or rarely/never attend (15%)
- Those with liberal political views (37%) are more likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **increase** the number of legal immigrants approved in a year” than those with conservative political views (23%) and moderate political views (25%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (36%) are more likely to select “**helpful** to the U.S., and we should **increase** the number of legal immigrants approved in a year” than those who voted for Donald Trump (20%)

“How important is it to you that the Congress pass significant new immigration legislation this year (2025)?”

- Those age 50-64 (82%) and 65+ (85%) are more likely to select “Very important/Important” than those 18-34 (71%)
- Whites are the most likely to select “Very important/Important” (83%)
- Those with conservative political views (87%) are more likely to select “Very important/Important” than those with moderate political views (71%) and liberal political views (75%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (86%) are more likely to select “Very important/Important” than those who voted for Kamala Harris (75%)

“In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation?”

Respect the God-given dignity of every person

- No meaningful significant differences

Protect the unity of the immediate family

- No meaningful significant differences

Respect the rule of law

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to Support (97%)

“In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation?”

Guarantee secure national borders

- Those age 50-64 (94%) and 65+ (95%) are more likely to Support than those 18-34 (79%) and 35-49 (86%)
- Whites are the most likely to Support (93%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (95%) are more likely to Support than those who voted for Kamala Harris (85%)

Ensure fairness to taxpayers

- Those age 50-64 (96%) and 65+ (96%) are more likely to Support than those 18-34 (86%) and 35-49 (91%)
- Hispanics are the most likely to Oppose (19%)

“In regards to potential legislation addressing illegal immigration, how supportive are you of each of these principles for immigration reform legislation?”

Establish a path toward citizenship for those who are here illegally, are interested, and meet certain qualifications for citizenship

- Those age 18-34 (80%) and 35-49 (79%) are more likely to Support than those 65+ (68%)
- African Americans (82%) and Hispanics (85%) are more likely to Support than Whites (70%)
- Those in the Northeast (84%) are more likely to Support than those in the Midwest (72%) and South (71%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (76%) and several times a year (80%) are more likely to Support than those who rarely/never attend (67%)
- Those with moderate political views (79%) and liberal political views (87%) are more likely to Support than those with conservative political views (66%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (90%) are more likely to Support than those who voted for Donald Trump (64%)

“Please indicate if you would or would not support changes to U.S. immigration laws that would both increase border security measures and establish a process so that those immigrants in the U.S. unlawfully could earn permanent legal status and eventually apply for citizenship if they pay a fine, pass a criminal background check, and complete other requirements during a probationary period.”

- Those age 18-34 (83%) and 35-49 (89%) are more likely to Support than those 50-64 (69%) and 65+ (70%)
- Whites (22%) are more likely to Oppose than African Americans (11%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (80%) are more likely to Support than those who attend once or twice a month (72%) or rarely/never attend (68%)
- Those with liberal political views (85%) are more likely to Support than those with conservative political views (72%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (87%) are more likely to Support than those who voted for Donald Trump (68%)

“In future elections, if a candidate supported the changes described above (Q19), would you be:”

- Those age 18-34 (70%) and 35-49 (79%) are more likely to select “More likely to vote for that candidate” than those 50-64 (57%) and 65+ (58%)
- African Americans (72%) are more likely to select “More likely to vote for that candidate” than Whites (62%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree (78%) are more likely to select “More likely to vote for that candidate” than those who are high school graduates or less (62%) or with some college (61%)
- Those in the Northeast (75%) are more likely to select “More likely to vote for that candidate” than those in the South (60%)
- Those who rarely/never attend a worship service (31%) are more likely to select “Neither more nor less likely to vote for that candidate” than those who attend at least once a week (19%) or several times a year (20%)
- Those with liberal political views (77%) are more likely to select “More likely to vote for that candidate” than those with conservative political views (63%) and moderate political views (62%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (72%) are more likely to “More likely to vote for that candidate” than those who voted for Donald Trump (61%)

“Please indicate if you would or would not support Republicans and Democrats working together on a combination of immigration reforms that strengthens border security, creates a pathway to citizenship for undocumented immigrants who came to the United States as children, and provides a reliable number of screened, legal farmworkers?”

- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (84%) are more likely to select “I would support these combined reforms” than those who rarely/never attend (74%)
- Those with liberal political views (89%) are more likely to select “I would support these combined reforms” than those with conservative political views (78%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (90%) are more likely to select “I would support these combined reforms” than those who voted for Donald Trump (77%)

“A bill currently cosponsored by 9 Republicans and 7 Democrats in the U.S. Senate and supported by many U.S. military veterans would require Afghan allies evacuated by the U.S. military in 2021 to undergo additional vetting and then allow them to apply for permanent legal status.

Please indicate if you would or would not support Republicans and Democrats working together to pass this bill.”

- Those age 65+ (79%) are more likely to select “I would support these efforts” than those 18-34 (71%) and 50-64 (69%)
- Whites (75%) and African Americans (76%) are more likely to select “I would support these efforts” than Hispanics (63%)
- Those with a Bachelor’s Degree (83%) or a Graduate Degree (83%) are more likely to select “I would support these efforts” than those who are high school graduates or less (68%) or with some college (73%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (84%) are more likely to select “I would support these efforts” than those who voted for Donald Trump (74%)

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Individuals who have been convicted of violent crimes

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to select (81%) followed by those 50-64 (72%), 35-49 (58%), and 18-34 (47%)
- African Americans are the least likely to select (47%)
- Those with a Bachelor’s Degree (75%) are more likely to select than those who are high school graduates or less (61%) or with a Graduate Degree (63%)
- Those in the Northeast are the least likely to select (50%)
- Those with liberal political views are the least likely to select (55%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (74%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (58%)

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Individuals reasonably suspected to present a threat to national security

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to select (77%)
- Those age 18-34 are the least likely to select (44%)
- Whites (68%) and Other Ethnicities (72%) are more likely to select than African Americans (49%) and Hispanics (50%)
- Those with some college (69%) or a Bachelor’s Degree (72%) are more likely to select than those who are high school graduates or less (54%)
- Those in the Northeast are the least likely to select (46%)
- Those with liberal political views are the least likely to select (46%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (71%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (54%)

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Individuals who are unwilling or unable to pay a monetary fine as restitution for their violation of law

- Those age 35-49 (36%) and 65+ (31%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (22%)
- Whites (34%) are more likely to select than African Americans (22%) and Hispanics (20%)
- Those with liberal political views are the least likely to select (18%)

Individuals who *would* be willing to pay a monetary fine as restitution for their violation of law

- Those age 18-34 (23%) and 35-49 (22%) are more likely to select than those 50-64 (16%) and 65+ (12%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select (30%)
- Those in the Northeast (26%) are more likely to select than those in the Midwest (15%) and South (16%)

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Individuals who entered the country in the last five years

- Those age 50-64 (28%) and 65+ (31%) are more likely to select than those 18-34 (16%) and 35-49 (19%)
- Whites (28%) and Other Ethnicities (28%) are more likely to select than African Americans (16%)
- Those with conservative political views are the most likely to select (30%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (37%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (14%)

Individuals who entered the country more than five but less than ten years ago

- Those with conservative political views are the most likely to select (21%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (23%) are more likely to select than those who voted for Kamala Harris (8%)

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Individuals who entered the country more than ten years ago

- Those with a Graduate Degree (22%) are more likely to select “No” than those who are high school graduates or less (13%) or with Bachelor’s Degree (12%)

Individuals who were brought to the country unlawfully when they were children

- Those with a Graduate Degree (29%) are more likely to select “No” than those who are high school graduates or less (16%) or with a Bachelor’s Degree (15%)

“In regards to proposals to deport immigrants, which of the following groups of immigrants who are in the country unlawfully or overstayed a temporary visa do you believe should be prioritized for deportation?”

Individuals who are the parents of at least one U.S. citizen child

- Those age 35-49 (21%) are more likely to select than those 50-64 (12%) and 65+ (10%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select (28%)
- Those who attend a worship service once or twice a month are the least likely to select (7%)

Individuals who are married to a lawful resident or a U.S. citizen

- Those age 65+ are the least likely to select (7%)
- African Americans (23%) are more likely to select than Whites (11%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree (21%) are more likely to select “No” than those with some college (11%)

“Several years ago, the U.S. government implemented a “zero tolerance” policy along the U.S.-Mexico border that led to several thousand children being separated from a parent. This policy was terminated by the Trump administration in June 2018. Please indicate if you would or would not support this policy being reintroduced.”

- Those age 18-34 (59%) and 35-49 (52%) are more likely to select “I would support this policy” than those 50-64 (39%) and 65+ (40%)
- Males are more likely to select “I would support this policy” than females (54% v. 38%)
- Those who with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select “I would support this policy” (70%)
- Those in the Northeast (55%) are more likely to select “I would support this policy” than those in the South (44%)
- Those who attend at least once a week (50%) are more likely to select “I would support this policy” than those who rarely/never attend (37%)
- Those with conservative political views (53%) are more likely to select “I would support this policy” than those with moderate political views (39%) and liberal political views (39%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (57%) are more likely to select “I would support this policy” than those who voted for Kamala Harris (34%)

“Which three of the following have influenced your thinking the most on immigration?”

Top choice

- Those age 18-34 are the most likely to select “The media” (22%)
- Those age 50-64 (20%) and 65+ (16%) are more likely to select “Immigrants you have observed” than those age 18-34 (9%)
- Whites (23%) and Other Ethnicities (32%) are more likely to select “The Bible” than Hispanics (14%)
- Those in the Northeast are the most likely to select “The media” (22%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to select “The Bible” (28%)
- Those with conservative political views (20%) are more likely to select “Immigrants you have observed” than those with moderate political views (14%) and liberal political views (9%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (22%) are more likely to select “Immigrants you have observed” than those who voted for Kamala Harris (12%)

“Have you ever heard immigration discussed at your local church in a way that encouraged you to reach out to the immigrants in your community?”

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to select “No” (76%)
- Males are more likely to select “Yes” than females (33% v. 23%)
- African Americans (36%) are more likely to select “Yes” than Whites (25%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select “Yes” (57%)
- Those in the Northeast (36%) are more likely to select “Yes” than those in the Midwest (25%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to select “Yes” (40%)
- Those who rarely/never attend a worship service are the most likely to select “No” (82%)
- Those with liberal political views (41%) are more likely to select “Yes” than those with conservative political views (26%) and moderate political views (26%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (38%) are more likely to select “Yes” than those who voted for Donald Trump (27%)

“Have you ever been involved in a ministry that has served refugees or other immigrants?”

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to select “No” (87%)
- Whites (73%) are more likely to select “No” than African Americans (60%) and Hispanics (58%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to select “Yes, currently” (31%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to select “Yes, currently” (22%)
- Those who attend a worship service several times a year (78%) or rarely/never attend (86%) are more likely to select “No” than those who attend at least once a week (60%) or once or twice a month (65%)
- Those with liberal political views (21%) are more likely to select “Yes, currently” than those with conservative political views (14%) and moderate political views (11%)

“I am very familiar with what the Bible has to say about how immigrants should be treated.”

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to Disagree (26%)
- Males are more likely to Agree than females (71% v. 58%)
- African Americans (75%) are more likely to Agree than Whites (61%) and Hispanics (62%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to Agree (83%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to Agree (76%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (73%) are more likely to Agree than those who voted for Donald Trump (62%)

“I would value hearing a sermon that taught how biblical principles and examples can be applied to immigration in the United States.”

- African Americans (87%) are more likely to Agree than Whites (78%) and Hispanics (73%)
- Those who rarely/never attend a worship service (20%) are more likely to Disagree than those who attend at least once a week (8%) or once or twice a month (12%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (89%) are more likely to Agree than those who voted for Donald Trump (75%)

“The U.S. has a moral responsibility to accept refugees, which U.S. law defines as someone fleeing persecution due to specific factors such as their race, religion, or political opinion.”

- Those age 35-49 (78%) are more likely to Agree than those 50-64 (66%) and 65+ (67%)
- African Americans (79%) are more likely to Agree than Whites (68%) and Hispanics (66%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree (84%) are more likely to Agree than those who are high school graduates or less (65%) or with some college (71%)
- Those in the Midwest (26%) and South (24%) are more likely to Disagree than those in the Northeast (14%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (75%) or once or twice a month (73%) are more likely to Agree than those who rarely/never attend (61%)
- Those with liberal political views (82%) are more likely to Agree than those with conservative political views (66%) and moderate political views (73%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (85%) are more likely to Agree than those who voted for Donald Trump (64%)

“Christians have a responsibility to care sacrificially for refugees and other foreigners.”

- Those age 18-34 (73%) and 35-49 (74%) are more likely to Agree than those 50-64 (60%) and 65+ (54%)
- African Americans are the most likely to Agree (77%)
- Those with a Graduate Degree are the most likely to Agree (76%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week are the most likely to Agree (73%)
- Those with liberal political views (79%) are more likely to Agree than those with conservative political views (58%) and moderate political views (66%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (81%) are more likely to Agree than those who voted for Donald Trump (56%)

“Christians have a responsibility to assist immigrants even if they are here illegally.”

- Those age 65+ are the most likely to Disagree (53%)
- African Americans (71%) and Hispanics (76%) are more likely to Agree than Whites (47%) and Other Ethnicities (52%)
- Those with a Graduates Degree are the most likely to Agree (72%)
- Those in the Northeast (68%) are more likely to Agree than those in the Midwest (51%) and South (52%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (61%) are more likely to Agree than those who attend several times a year (51%) or rarely/never attend (41%)
- Those with conservative political views (47%) are more likely to Disagree than those with moderate political views (30%) and liberal political views (20%)
- Those who voted for Donald Trump (51%) are more likely to Disagree than those who voted for Kamala Harris (17%)

“Christians have a responsibility to care for refugees and others who are forcibly displaced in other countries around the world.”

- Those age 35-49 (82%) are more likely to Agree than those 50-64 (71%) and 65+ (69%)
- African Americans (79%) are more likely to Agree than Hispanics (68%)
- Those with a Graduates Degree are the most likely to Agree (90%)
- Those who attend a worship service at least once a week (79%) or once or twice a month (76%) are more likely to Agree than those who rarely/never attend (63%)
- Those with moderate political views (77%) and liberal political views (84%) are more likely to Agree than those with conservative political views (68%)
- Those who voted for Kamala Harris (86%) are more likely to Agree than those who voted for Donald Trump (67%)

“About what portion of your church is made up of immigrants born outside the U.S.?”

- Those age 50-64 (30%) and 65+ (31%) are more likely to select “None that I know of” than those 35-49 (17%)
- Hispanics (47%) are more likely to select “Just some” than African Americans (33%)
- Those who are high school graduates or less (31%) are more likely to select “None that I know of” than those with a Bachelor’s Degree (21%) or a Graduate Degree (18%)
- Those in the West (45%) are more likely to select “Just some” than those in the Northeast (32%) and South (34%)
- Those in the Midwest (30%) and South (30%) are more likely to select “None that I know of” than those in the West (14%)